GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

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Short Title:

HOUSE BILL 382 Committee Substitute Favorable 3/31/11 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H382-PCS50395-RK-101

Juvenile Code Revisions.-AB

	Sponsors:		
	Referred to:		
		March 17, 2011	
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2	AN ACT AME	NDING THE JUVENILE CODE UNDER THE LAWS PERTAINING TO	
3	ABUSE, NE	GLECT, AND DEPENDENCY.	
4	The General Ass	embly of North Carolina enacts:	
5	SEC	TION 1. G.S. 7B-200(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:	
6		court has exclusive, original jurisdiction over any case involving a juvenile who	
7	is alleged to be	abused, neglected, or dependent. This jurisdiction does not extend to cases	
8	involving adult d	lefendants alleged to be guilty of abuse or neglect.	
9	The court als	to has exclusive original jurisdiction of the following proceedings:	
10			
11	<u>(4a)</u>	Proceedings for reinstatement of parental rights.	
12	"		
13	SEC	TION 2. G.S. 7B-503(a) reads as rewritten:	
14	"(a) When	n a request is made for nonsecure custody, the court shall first consider release	
15	of the juvenile to	o the juvenile's parent, relative, guardian, custodian, or other responsible adult.	
16	An order for nor	nsecure custody shall be made only when there is a reasonable factual basis to	
17	believe the matte	ers alleged in the petition are true, and <u>any of the following apply:</u>	
18	(1)	The juvenile has been abandoned; or <u>abandoned.</u>	
19	(2)	The juvenile has suffered physical injury or sexual abuse; or abuse.	
20	(3)	The juvenile is exposed to a substantial risk of physical injury or sexual	
21		abuse because the parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker has created the	
22		conditions likely to cause injury or abuse or has failed to provide, or is	
23		unable to provide, adequate supervision or protection; or protection.	
24	(4)	The juvenile is in need of medical treatment to cure, alleviate, or prevent	
25		suffering serious physical harm which may result in death, disfigurement, or	
26		substantial impairment of bodily functions, and the juvenile's parent,	
27		guardian, custodian, or caretaker is unwilling or unable to provide or consent	
28		to the medical treatment; or treatment.	
29	(5)	The parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker consents to the nonsecure	
30		custody order; or <u>order.</u>	
31	(6)	The juvenile is a runaway and consents to nonsecure custody.	
32	A juvenile allege	ed to be abused, neglected, or dependent shall be placed in nonsecure custody	
33		is a reasonable factual basis to believe that there are no other reasonable means	



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1	available to protect the juvenile. In no case shall a juvenile alleged to be abused, neglected, or
2	dependent be placed in secure custody."
3	SECTION 3. G.S. 7B-507 reads as rewritten:
4	"§ 7B-507. Reasonable efforts.
5	(a) An order placing or continuing the placement of a juvenile in the custody or
6	placement responsibility of a county department of social services, whether an order for
7	continued nonsecure custody, a dispositional order, or a review order:
8	
9	(4) Shall specify that the juvenile's placement and care are the responsibility of
10 11	the county department of social services and that the agency department is to
11	provide or arrange for the foster care or other placement of the juvenile; and juvenile. After considering the department's recommendations, the court
12	may order a specific placement the court finds to be in the juvenile's best
13 14	interest; and
15	
16	A finding that reasonable efforts have not been made by a county department of social services
17	shall not preclude the entry of an order authorizing the juvenile's placement when the court
18	finds that placement is necessary for the protection of the juvenile. Where efforts to prevent the
19	need for the juvenile's placement were precluded by an immediate threat of harm to the
20	juvenile, the court may find that the placement of the juvenile in the absence of such efforts
21	was reasonable.
22	
23	(c) At any hearing at which the court finds that reasonable efforts to eliminate the need
24	for the juvenile's placement are not required or shall cease, the court shall direct that a
25 26	permanency planning hearing as required by G.S. 7B-907 be held within 30 calendar days after the data of the hearing and if maticable, shall set the data and time for the normananan
26 27	the date of the hearing and, if practicable, shall set the date and time for the permanency planning hearing. At any hearing at which the court finds and orders that reasonable efforts to
27	reunify a family shall cease, the affected parent, guardian, or custodian or that parent, guardian,
29	or custodian's counsel may give notice to preserve the parent, guardian, or custodian's right to
30	appeal the finding and order in accordance with G.S. 7B-1001(a)(5). Notice may be given in
31	open court or in writing within 10 days of the hearing at which the court orders the efforts to
32	reunify the family to cease. The party giving notice shall be permitted to make a detailed offer
33	of proof as to any evidence that person sought to offer in opposition to cessation of
34	reunification that the court refused to admit as evidence or to consider. When the court
35	determines that reunification efforts are not required or shall cease, the court shall order a plan
36	for permanence as soon as possible, after providing each party with a reasonable opportunity to
37	prepare and present evidence. If the court's determination to cease reunification efforts is made
38	in a hearing that was duly and timely noticed as a permanency planning hearing, then the court
39 40	may immediately proceed to consider all of the criteria contained in G.S. 7B-907(b), make
40 41	findings of fact, and set forth the best plan of care to achieve a safe, permanent home within a reasonable period of time. If the court's decision to cease reunification efforts arises in any
42	other hearing, the court shall schedule a subsequent hearing within 30 days to address the
43	permanent plan in accordance with G.S. 7B-907. At any hearing at which the court orders that
44	reunification efforts shall cease, the affected parent, guardian, or custodian may give notice to
45	preserve the right to appeal that order in accordance with G.S. 7B-1001. The party giving
46	notice shall be permitted to make a detailed offer of proof as to any evidence that party sought
47	to offer in opposition to cessation of reunification that the court refused to admit.
48	"
49	SECTION 4. G.S. 7B-600(b) reads as rewritten:

SECTION 4. G.S. 7B-600(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) In any case where the court has determined that the appointment of a relative or 50 other suitable person as guardian of the person for a juvenile is in the best interest of the 51

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juvenile and has also made findings in accordance with G.S. 7B-907 that guardianship is the 1 2 permanent plan for the juvenile, juvenile and the guardian is a party to the proceeding, the court 3 may not terminate the guardianship or order that the juvenile be reintegrated into a parent's 4 home unless the court finds that the relationship between the guardian and the juvenile is no 5 longer in the juvenile's best interest, that the guardian is unfit, that the guardian has neglected a guardian's duties, or that the guardian is unwilling or unable to continue assuming a guardian's 6 7 duties. If a party files a motion or petition under G.S. 7B-906 or G.S. 7B-1000, the court may, 8 prior to conducting a review hearing, do one or more of the following: 9 Order the county department of social services to conduct an investigation (1)10 and file a written report of the investigation regarding the performance of the 11 guardian of the person of the juvenile and give testimony concerning its 12 investigation. 13 (2) Utilize the community resources in behavioral sciences and other professions in the investigation and study of the guardian. 14 Ensure that a guardian ad litem has been appointed for the juvenile in 15 (3)accordance with G.S. 7B-601 and has been notified of the pending motion or 16 17 petition. 18 (4) Take any other action necessary in order to make a determination in a 19 particular case." 20 **SECTION 5.** G.S. 7B-801 is amended by adding a new subsection to read: 21 Nothing in this Subchapter precludes the court in an abuse, neglect, or dependency "(b1) 22 proceeding from entering a consent adjudication order, disposition order, review order, or 23 permanency planning order when each of the following apply: 24 (1)All parties are present or represented by counsel, who is present and 25 authorized to consent. 26 The juvenile is represented by counsel. (2)The court makes sufficient findings of fact." 27 (3)SECTION 6. G.S. 7B-807(a) reads as rewritten: 28 29 "(a) If the court finds from the evidence, including stipulations by a party, that the 30 allegations in the petition have been proven by clear and convincing evidence, the court shall so state. A record of specific stipulated adjudicatory facts shall be made by either reducing the 31 32 facts to a writing, signed by each party stipulating to them and submitted to the court; or by 33 reading the facts into the record, followed by an oral statement of agreement from each party 34 stipulating to them. If the court finds that the allegations have not been proven, the court shall 35 dismiss the petition with prejudice, and if the juvenile is in nonsecure custody, the juvenile 36 shall be released to the parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker." 37 SECTION 7. G.S. 7B-901 reads as rewritten: 38 "§ 7B-901. Dispositional hearing. 39 The dispositional hearing shall take place immediately following the adjudicatory hearing 40 and shall be concluded within 30 days of the conclusion of the adjudicatory hearing. The dispositional hearing may be informal and the court may consider written reports or other 41 42 evidence concerning the needs of the juvenile. The juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, 43 or custodian shall have the right to present evidence, and they may advise the court concerning 44 the disposition they believe to be in the best interests of the juvenile. The court may consider any evidence, including hearsay evidence as defined in G.S. 8C-1, Rule 801, that the court 45 46 finds to be relevant, reliable, and necessary to determine the needs of the juvenile and the most 47 appropriate disposition. The court may exclude the public from the hearing unless the juvenile 48 moves that the hearing be open, which motion shall be granted. At the dispositional hearing, the court shall inquire as to the identity and location of any 49

49 At the dispositional hearing, the court shall inquire as to the identity and location of any 50 missing parent and whether paternity is at issue. The court shall include findings of the efforts 51 undertaken to locate the missing parent and to serve that parent and efforts undertaken to

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1	establish paternity when paternity is an issue. The order r	nay provide for specific efforts in
2	determining the identity and location of any missing parent	• •
3	paternity. The court shall also inquire about efforts made	
4	potential resources for placement or support."	
5	SECTION 8. G.S. 7B-902 is repealed.	
6	SECTION 9. G.S. 7B-905(a) reads as rewritten:	
7	"(a) The dispositional order shall be in writing, signed	d, and entered no later than 30 days
8	from the completion of the hearing, and shall contain	appropriate findings of fact and
9	conclusions of law. The court shall state with particularity,	both orally and in the written order
10	of disposition, the precise terms of the disposition including	the kind, duration, and the person
11	who is responsible for carrying out the disposition and the pe	
12	vested. If the order is not entered within 30 days following of	
13	of court for juvenile matters shall schedule a subsequent h	earing at the first session of court
14	scheduled for the hearing of juvenile matters following the	• •
15	explain the reason for the delay and to obtain any needed cl	
16	order. The order shall be entered within 10 days of the su	bsequent hearing required by this
17	subsection."	
18	SECTION 10. G.S. 7B-908 reads as rewritten:	
19	"§ 7B-908. Post termination of parental rights' placemen	t court review.
20		
21	(c) The court shall consider at least the following in	its review:review and make written
22	findings regarding the following that are relevant:	
23	(1) The adequacy of the plan developed by	· ·
24	services or a licensed child-placing ag	• • •
25	relative to the juvenile's best interests ar	id the efforts of the department or
26	agency to implement such plan;plan.	
27	(2) Whether the juvenile has been listed for	1 1
28	Carolina Adoption Resource Exchange, t	1
29	Listing Service (PALS), or any oth	er specialized adoption agency;
30	and <u>agency.</u>	1
31	(3) The efforts previously made by the	department or agency to find a
32	permanent home for the juvenile.	
33	$(4) \qquad \qquad$	
34	(d) The court, after making findings of fact, shall <u>do</u>	-
35	(1) affirm Affirm the county department's	or child-placing agency's plans
36 37	Orplans.	active adaptive perante order a
38	(2) If a juvenile is not placed with prosp placement or different plan the court finds	
39	after considering the department's recomm	
40	In either case, the court may require specific additional	
41	accomplish a permanent placement which that is in the best i	1 2
42	(e) If the juvenile is the subject of a decree of adop	0
43	the review, within 10 days of receiving notice that the ado	-
44	department of social services shall file with the court and ser	-
45	juvenile written notice of the entry. The adoption decree sha	
46	review hearing shall be cancelled with notice of said can	
47	persons previously notified.	
48	(f) The process of selection of specific adoptive pa	rents shall be the responsibility of
49	and within the discretion of the county department of socia	1 1
50	agency. The guardian ad litem may request information :	1 0
51	department or child-placing agency concerning the selection	
	1	1

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1	requests information about the selection process, the county shall provide the information	m
2	within five days. Within 10 days of receiving a copy of the adoption petition, the count	
3	department of social services shall file with the court and serve on any guardian ad litem for the	-
4	juvenile written notice that the adoption petition has been filed. The adoption petition shall not	
5	be filed in the court file. The guardian ad litem has 10 days from service of the written notic	
6	that the adoption petition has been filed to file a motion alleging any abuse of discretion by the	
7	county department of social services or child placing agency in the adoption selection process	
8	The motion shall be filed in the adoption proceeding and result in the transfer of the adoption	
9	proceeding to the district court pursuant to G.S. 48-2-601(a1). The guardian ad litem shall fil	
10	with the court and serve the department of social services written notice that the motion wa	
11	filed. The motion shall not be filed in the court file."	
12	SECTION 11. G.S. 7B-1001 reads as rewritten:	
13	"§ 7B-1001. Right to appeal.	
14	(a) In a juvenile matter under this Subchapter, appeal of a final order of the court in	a
15	juvenile matter shall be made directly to the Court of Appeals. Only the following juvenil	
16	matters may be appealed:	
17	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
18	(5) An order entered under G.S. 7B-507(c) with rights to appeal proper	ly
19	preserved as provided in that subsection, as follows:	-
20	a. The Court of Appeals shall review the order to cease reunification	n
21	together with an appeal of the termination of parental rights order	if
22	all of the following apply:	
23	1. A motion or petition to terminate the parent's rights is hear	d
24	and granted.	
25	2. The order terminating parental rights is appealed in a prope	er
26	and timely manner.	
27	3. The order to cease reunification is assigned as a	
28	erroridentified as an issue in the record on appeal of the	ıe
29	termination of parental rights.	
30		
31	(b) Except for orders covered in subdivision (a)(5) of this section, notice Notice	
32	appeal shall be given in writing by a proper party as defined in G.S. 7B-1002 and shall be mad	
33	within 30 days after entry and service of the order in accordance with G.S. 1A-1, Rule 58	
34 25	Notice of appeal for orders covered in subdivision $(a)(5)$ of this section shall be given i	n
35	writing by a proper party as defined in G.S. 7B-1002.	
36 27	"	
37 38	SECTION 12. G.S. 7B-1105(b) reads as rewritten:"(b) The court may, in its discretion, inquire of any known parent of the juvenil	ما
38 39	concerning the identity of the unknown parent and may appoint a guardian ad litem for the	
40	unknown parent toorder the petitioner to conduct a diligent search for the parent. Should the	
40 41	court ascertain the name or identity of the parent, it shall enter a finding to that effect; and the	
42	parent shall be summoned to appear in accordance with G.S. 7B-1106."	iC
43	SECTION 13. G.S. 7B-1106(b)(5) reads as rewritten:	
44	"(b) The summons shall be issued for the purpose of terminating parental rights pursual	nt
45	to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section and shall include:	
46		
47	(5) Notice that the date, time, and place of any pretrial hearing pursuant t	to
48	G.S. 7B-1108.1 and the hearing on the petition will be mailed by the cler	
49	<u>petitioner</u> upon filing of the answer or 30 days from the date of service if n	
50	answer is filed; and".	
51	SECTION 14. G.S. 7B-1108(a) reads as rewritten:	

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1	"(a) Any respondent may file a written answer to the petition or written response to the
2	motion. Only a district court judge may grant an extension of time in which to answer or
3	respond. The answer or response shall admit or deny the allegations of the petition or motion
4	and shall set forth the name and address of the answering respondent or the respondent's
5	attorney."
6	SECTION 15. G.S. 7B-1109(f) reads as rewritten:
7	"(f) The burden in such proceedings shall be upon the petitioner or movant and all
8	findings of fact shall be based on clear, cogent, and convincing evidence. The rules of evidence
9	in civil cases shall apply. No husband-wife or physician-patient privilege shall be grounds for
10	excluding any evidence regarding the existence or nonexistence of any circumstance
11	authorizing the termination of parental rights."
12	SECTION 16. G.S. 7B-1110(a) reads as rewritten:
13	"(a) After an adjudication that one or more grounds for terminating a parent's rights
14	exist, the court shall determine whether terminating the parent's rights is in the juvenile's best
15	interest. In making this determination, the court shall consider the following: The court may
16	consider any evidence, including hearsay evidence as defined in G.S. 8C-1, Rule 801, that the
17	court finds to be relevant, reliable, and necessary to determine the best interests of the juvenile.
18	In each case, the court shall consider the following criteria and make written findings regarding
19 20	the following that are relevant:
20 21	 The age of the juvenile. The likelihood of adoption of the juvenile.
21 22	 (2) The likelihood of adoption of the juvenile. (3) Whether the termination of parental rights will aid in the accomplishment of
22	(3) Whether the termination of parental rights will aid in the accomplishment of the permanent plan for the juvenile.
23 24	(4) The bond between the juvenile and the parent.
2 4 25	(5) The quality of the relationship between the juvenile and the proposed
23 26	adoptive parent, guardian, custodian, or other permanent placement.
27	(6) Any relevant consideration.
28	Any order shall be reduced to writing, signed, and entered no later than 30 days following
29	the completion of the termination of parental rights hearing. If the order is not entered within
30	30 days following completion of the hearing, the clerk of court for juvenile matters shall
31	schedule a subsequent hearing at the first session of court scheduled for the hearing of juvenile
32	matters following the 30-day period to determine and explain the reason for the delay and to
33	obtain any needed clarification as to the contents of the order. The order shall be entered within
34	10 days of the subsequent hearing required by this subsection."
35	SECTION 17. G.S. 7B-1112(1) reads as rewritten:
36	"§ 7B-1112. Effects of termination order.
37	An order terminating the parental rights completely and permanently terminates all rights
38	and obligations of the parent to the juvenile and of the juvenile to the parent arising from the
39	parental relationship, except that the juvenile's right of inheritance from the juvenile's parent
40	shall not terminate until a final order of adoption is issued. The parent is not thereafter entitled
41	to notice of proceedings to adopt the juvenile and may not object thereto or otherwise
42	participate therein:
43	(1) If the juvenile had been placed in the custody of or released for adoption by
44	one parent to a county department of social services or licensed
45 46	child-placing agency and is in the custody of the agency at the time of the filing of the patient or motion including a patient or motion filed purposed
46 47	filing of the petition or motion, including a petition or motion filed pursuant to $C S (7B + 1103)$ that agency shall upon entry of the order terminating
47 48	to G.S. 7B-1103(6), that agency shall, upon entry of the order terminating parental rights, acquire all of the rights for placement of the juvenile
48 49	juvenile, except as otherwise provided in G.S. 7B-908(d), as the agency
49 50	would have acquired had the parent whose rights are terminated released the
50 51	juvenile to that agency pursuant to the provisions of Part 7 of Article 3 of
51	juvenine to that agency pursuant to the provisions of 1 at 7 of Afficie 5 of

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1 2 3		Chapter 48 of the Genera adoption of the juvenile.	al Statutes, including the right to consent to the
4 5	SECTI	ON 18. Article 11 of Ching new sections to read:	napter 7B of the General Statutes is amended by
6	"§ 7B-1112.1. Sel	ection of adoptive parent	5.
7	The process o	f selection of specific ad-	optive parents shall be the responsibility of and
8	within the discret	on of the county departr	nent of social services or licensed child-placing
9	agency. The guar	lian ad litem may reques	t information from and consult with the county
10	department or chil	d-placing agency concerni	ng the selection process. If the guardian ad litem
11	-		ocess, the county shall provide the information
12	within five busines	s days. The county department	nent of social services shall notify the guardian ad
13	litem of the selecti	on of prospective adoptive	parents within 10 days of the selection and before
14	the filing of the a	doption petition. If the g	uardian ad litem disagrees with the selection of
15		-	file a motion within 10 days of the department's
16			ng on the next juvenile calendar. The department
17			the prospective adoptive parents unless the time
18	-		motion has been filed. In hearing the motion, the
19			f the agency and the guardian ad litem and other
20			ents. The court shall then determine whether the
21	T T T	placement is in the juvenil	
22	-	statement of parental rig	
23			have been terminated pursuant to this Article, the
24			partment of social services with custody of the
25		motion to reinstate the pa	arent's rights if all of the following conditions are
26 27	<u>satisfied:</u> (1)	The juvenile is at least 12	years of age or, if the juvenile is younger than 12.
28		-	rdinary circumstances requiring consideration of
29		the motion.	runnary encounstances requiring consideration of
30			e a legal parent, is not in an adoptive placement.
31			ted within a reasonable period of time.
32		• •	ental rights was entered at least three years before
33			nless the court has found or the juvenile's attorney
34			lepartment of social services with custody of the
35		juvenile stipulate that the j	uvenile's permanent plan is no longer adoption.
36	<u>(b)</u> If a mo	tion could be filed under s	ubsection (a) of this section and the parent whose
37	rights have been to	erminated contacts the cou	nty department of social services with custody of
38			n regarding reinstatement of the parent's rights, the
39	-		ify the juvenile that the juvenile has a right to file
40		atement of parental rights.	
41		-	rights is filed and the juvenile does not have a
42			S. 7B-601, the court shall appoint a guardian ad
43			enile. The appointment, duties, and payment of the
44	-	and the guardian ad litem	attorney shall be the same as in G.S. 7B-601 and
45	<u>G.S. 7B-603.</u>	try filing a mation to mains	toto nonantal rights shall some the metion on each
46 47			tate parental rights shall serve the motion on each
47	-	ho is not the movant: The juvenile.	
40 49			litem or the guardian ad litem attorney.
49 50		• •	social services with custody of the juvenile.
51		• •	ights the motion seeks to have reinstated.

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1	A former parent	who is served under this subsection is not a party to the proceeding and is not
2	entitled to appoin	ted counsel but may retain counsel at the former parent's own expense.
3	(e) The n	novant shall ask the clerk to calendar the case for a preliminary hearing on the
4	motion for reins	tatement of parental rights within 60 days of the filing of the motion at a
5	session of court s	cheduled for the hearing of juvenile matters. The movant shall give at least 15
6	days' notice of t	he hearing and state its purpose to the persons listed in subdivisions $(d)(1)$
7	through (d)(4) of	this section. In addition, the movant shall send a notice of the hearing to the
8		nent provider. Nothing in this section shall be construed to make the former
9		venile's placement provider a party to the proceeding based solely on being
10	1 0	notion or receiving notice and the right to be heard.
11	(f) At lea	st seven days before the preliminary hearing, the department of social services
12	and the juvenile's	s guardian ad litem shall provide to the court, the other parties, and the former
13		at address the factors specified in subsection (g) of this section.
14		e preliminary hearing and any subsequent hearing on the motion, the court
15		formation from the county department of social services with custody of the
16		enile, the juvenile's guardian ad litem, the juvenile's former parent whose
17	• •	e the subject of the motion, the juvenile's placement provider, and any other
18		that may aid the court in its review. The court may consider any evidence,
19		y evidence as defined in G.S. 8C-1, Rule 801, that the court finds to be
20		e, and necessary to determine the needs of the juvenile and whether
21		in the juvenile's best interest. The court shall consider the following criteria
22		findings regarding the following that are relevant:
23	(1)	What efforts were made to achieve adoption or a permanent guardianship.
24	(2)	Whether the parent whose rights the motion seeks to have reinstated has
25		remedied the conditions that led to the juvenile's removal and termination of
26		the parent's rights.
27	<u>(3)</u>	Whether the juvenile would receive proper care and supervision in a safe
28	<u></u>	home if placed with the parent.
29	<u>(4)</u>	The age and maturity of the child and the ability of the child to express the
30	<u>,</u>	child's preference.
31	<u>(5)</u>	The parent's willingness to resume contact with the juvenile and to have
32	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	parental rights reinstated.
33	<u>(6)</u>	The juvenile's willingness to resume contact with the parent and to have
34		parental rights reinstated.
35	<u>(7)</u>	Services that would be needed by the juvenile and the parent if the parent's
36	- <u></u> -	rights were reinstated.
37	(8)	Any other criteria the court deems necessary.
38	(h) At the	e conclusion of the preliminary hearing, the court shall either dismiss the
39		that the juvenile's permanent plan become reinstatement of parental rights. If
40	the court does no	t dismiss the motion, the court shall conduct interim hearings at least every six
41	months until the	e motion is granted or dismissed. Interim hearings may be combined with
42		of parental rights review hearings required by G.S. 7B-908. At each interim
43	-	t shall assess whether the plan of reinstatement of parental rights continues to
44	-	le's best interest and whether the department of social services has made
45	•	s to achieve the permanent plan.
46	(i) At ar	ny hearing under this section, after making proper findings of fact and
47		w, the court may do one of the following:
48	(1)	Enter an order for visitation in accordance with G.S. 7B-905(c).
49	(2)	Order that the juvenile be placed in the former parent's home and supervised
50		by the department of social services either directly or, when the former
51		parent lives in a different county, through coordination with the county

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l	department of social services in that county, or by other personnel as may be
	available to the court, subject to conditions applicable to the former parent as
	the court may specify. Any order authorizing placement with the former
	parent shall specify that the juvenile's placement and care remain the
	responsibility of the county department of social services with custody of the
	juvenile and that the department is to provide or arrange for the placement of
	the juvenile.
	(j) The court shall either dismiss or grant a motion for reinstatement of parental rights
	within 12 months from the date the motion was filed, unless the court makes written findings
	why a final determination cannot be made within that time. If the court makes such findings,
	the court shall specify the time frame in which a final order shall be entered.
	(k) An order reinstating parental rights restores all rights, powers, privileges,
	immunities, duties, and obligations of the parent as to the juvenile, including those relating to
	custody, control, and support of the juvenile. If a parent's rights are reinstated, the court shall be
	relieved of the duty to conduct periodic reviews.
	(1) An order shall be entered no later than 30 days following the completion of any
	hearing pursuant to this section. If the order is not entered within 30 days following completion
	of the hearing, the clerk of court for juvenile matters shall schedule a subsequent hearing at the
	first session of court scheduled for the hearing of juvenile matters following the 30-day period
	to determine and explain the reason for the delay and to obtain any needed clarification as to
	the contents of the order. The order shall be entered within 10 days of the subsequent hearing
	required by this subsection.
	(m) The granting of a motion for reinstatement of parental rights does not vacate or
	otherwise affect the validity of the original order terminating parental rights.
	(n) A parent whose rights are reinstated pursuant to this section is not liable for child
	support or the costs of any services provided to the juvenile for the period from the date of the
	order terminating the parent's rights to the date of the order reinstating the parent's rights."
	SECTION 19. This act becomes effective October 1, 2011, and applies to actions
	filed or pending on or after that date

29 filed or pending on or after that date.