GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

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HOUSE BILL 832*

Committee Substitute Favorable 5/9/13 Third Edition Engrossed 5/13/13 PROPOSED SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H832-PCS80389-RF-27

Short Title: Expand Pharmacists' Immunizing Authority.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

1

April 11, 2013

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2	AN ACT	TO F	PROTECT THE PUBLIC'S HEALTH BY INCREASING ACCESS TO				
3	IMMUNIZATIONS AND VACCINES THROUGH THE EXPANDED ROLE OF						
4	IMMUNIZING PHARMACISTS.						
5	The Gene	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:					
6		SECT	ION 1. G.S. 90-85.3 is amended by adding the following new subsection to				
7	read:						
8	" <u>(i1)</u>	"Immı	inizing pharmacist" means a licensed pharmacist who meets all of the				
9	following qualifications:						
10		(1)	Holds a current provider level cardiopulmonary resuscitation certification				
11			issued by the American Heart Association or the American Red Cross, or an				
12			equivalent certification.				
13		<u>(2)</u>	Has successfully completed a certificate program in vaccine administration				
14			accredited by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the				
15			Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education, or a similar health authority				
16			or professional body approved by the Board.				
17		<u>(3)</u>	Maintains documentation of three hours of continuing education every two				
18			years, designed to maintain competency in the disease states, drugs, and				
19			vaccine administration.				
20		<u>(4)</u>	Has successfully completed training approved by the Division of Public				
21			Health's Immunization Branch for participation in the North Carolina				
22			Immunization Registry.				
23		<u>(5)</u>	Has notified the North Carolina Board of Pharmacy and the North Carolina				
24			Medical Board of immunizing pharmacist status.				
25		<u>(6)</u>	Administers vaccines or immunizations in accordance with G.S. 90-18.15B."				
26	SECTION 2. G.S. 90-85.3(r) reads as rewritten:						
27	"(r)	"Pract	ice of pharmacy" means the responsibility for: interpreting and evaluating				
28	drug orders, including prescription orders; compounding, dispensing and labeling prescription						
29	drugs and devices; properly and safely storing drugs and devices; maintaining proper records;						
30	and controlling pharmacy goods and services. A pharmacist may advise and educate patients						
31	and health care providers concerning therapeutic values, content, uses and significant problems						
32	of drugs and devices; assess, record and report adverse drug and device reactions; take and						
33	record patient histories relating to drug and device therapy; monitor, record and report drug						
34	therapy and device usage; perform drug utilization reviews; and participate in drug and drug						



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1	source selection and device and device source selection as provided in G.S. 90-85.27 through					
2	G.S. 90-85.31. A pharmacist who has received special training may be authorized and					
3	permitted to administer drugs pursuant to a specific prescription order in accordance with rules					
4	adopted by each of the Boards of Pharmacy, the Board of Nursing, and the North Carolina					
5	Medical Board. The rules shall be designed to ensure the safety and health of the patients for					
6	whom such drugs are administered. An approved clinical pharmacist practitioner may					
7	collaborate with physicians in determining the appropriate health care for a patient, subject to					
8	the provisions of G.S. 90-18.4. is as specified in G.S. 90-85.3A."					
9	SECTION 3. Article 4A of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended by					
10	adding a new section to read:					
11	" <u>§ 90-85.3A. Practice of pharmacy.</u>					
12	(a) <u>A pharmacist is responsible for interpreting and evaluating drug orders, including</u>					
13	prescription orders; compounding, dispensing, and labeling prescription drugs and devices;					
14	properly and safely storing drugs and devices; maintaining proper records; and controlling					
15	pharmacy goods and services.					
16	(b) <u>A pharmacist may advise and educate patients and health care providers concerning</u>					
17	therapeutic values, content, uses, and significant problems of drugs and devices; assess, record,					
18	and report adverse drug and device reactions; take and record patient histories relating to drug					
19	and device therapy; monitor, record, and report drug therapy and device usage; perform drug					
20	utilization reviews; and participate in drug and drug source selection and device and device					
21	source selection as provided in G.S. 90-85.27 through G.S. 90-85.31.					
22	(c) <u>An immunizing pharmacist is authorized and permitted to administer drugs as</u>					
23	provided in G.S. 90-85.15B, and in accordance with rules adopted by each of the Board of					
24	Pharmacy, the Board of Nursing, and the North Carolina Medical Board. These rules shall be					
25	designed to ensure the safety and health of the patients for whom such drugs are administered.					
26	(d) An approved clinical pharmacist practitioner may collaborate with physicians in					
27	determining the appropriate health care for a patient subject to the provisions of G.S. 90-18.4."					
28 29	SECTION 4. Article 4A of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:					
29 30	"§ 90-85.15B. Immunizing pharmacists.					
31	(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) and (c) of this section, an immunizing					
32	pharmacist may administer vaccinations or immunizations only if the vaccinations or					
33	immunizations are recommended or required by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention					
33 34	and administered to persons at least 18 years of age pursuant to a specific prescription order.					
35	(b) An immunizing pharmacist may administer the vaccinations or immunizations listed					
36	in subdivisions (1) through (5) of this subsection to persons at least 18 years of age if the					
37	vaccinations or immunizations are administered under written protocols as defined in 21 NCAC					
38	46 .2507(b)(12) and 21 NCAC 32U .0101(b)(12) and in accordance with the supervising					
39	physician's responsibilities as defined in 21 NCAC 46 .2507(e) and 21 NCAC 32U .0101(e),					
40	and the physician is licensed in and has a practice physically located in North Carolina:					
41	(1) Pneumococcal polysaccharide or pneumococcal conjugate vaccines.					
42	(2) Herpes zoster vaccine.					
43	(3) Hepatitis B vaccine.					
44	(4) Meningococcal polysaccharide or meningococcal conjugate vaccines.					
45	(5) Tetanus-diphtheria, tetanus and diphtheria toxoids and pertussis, tetanus and					
46	diphtheria toxoids and acellular pertussis, or tetanus toxoid vaccines.					
47	However, a pharmacist shall not administer any of these vaccines if the					
48	patient discloses that the patient has an open wound, puncture, or tissue tear.					
49	(c) An immunizing pharmacist may administer the influenza vaccine to persons at least					
50	14 years of age pursuant to 21 NCAC 46 .2507 and 21 NCAC 32U .0101.					

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	(d) An immunizing pharmacist who administers a vaccine or immunization to any						
р	patient pursuant to this section shall do all of the following:						
-	<u>(1)</u>	Maintain a record of any vaccine or immunization	on administered to the				
		patient in a patient profile.					
	<u>(2)</u>	Within 72 hours after administration of the vaccine of	or immunization, notify				
		any primary care provider identified by the patient.	If the patient does not				
		identify a primary care provider, the immunizing pha	rmacist shall direct the				
		patient to information describing the benefits to a pati	ent of having a primary				
		care physician, prepared by any of the following: N	Jorth Carolina Medical				
		Board, North Carolina Academy of Family Physic	cians, North Carolina				
		Medical Society, or Community Care of North Caroli					
	<u>(3)</u>	Except for influenza vaccines administered under					
		access the North Carolina Immunization Registry pri	•				
		vaccine or immunization and record any vacc					
		administered to the patient in the registry within					
		administration. In the event the registry is not op	-				
		pharmacist shall report as soon as reasonably possible	· ''				
		FION 5. G.S. 130A-153 reads as rewritten:					
"§ 130A-153. Obtaining immunization; reporting by local health departments; access to							
		inization information in patient records; immunizati					
		equired immunization may be obtained from a physici	-				
		<u>licine</u> , from a local health department. <u>department</u>, or in	-				
	-	of age, from an immunizing pharmacist. Local he	_				
	-	red and State-supplied immunizations at no cost to unitable important (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the table incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of table incomes below two hun					
patients with family incomes below two hundred percent (200%) of the federal poverty level. A							
local health department may redistribute these vaccines only in accordance with the rules of the Commission.							
(b) Local health departments shall file monthly immunization reports with the							
Department. The report shall be filed on forms prepared by the Department and shall state, at a							
minimum, each patient's age and the number of doses of each type of vaccine administered.							
	-	inization certificates and information concerning immu					
n	. ,	r records shall, upon request, be shared with the De					
departments, an immunizing pharmacist, and the patient's attending physician. In addition, an							
iı	nsurance institu	tion, agent, or insurance support organization, as those	se terms are defined in				
C	G.S. 58-39-15, n	nay share immunization information with the Departr	nent. The Commission				
may, for the purpose of assisting the Department in enforcing this Part, provide by rule that							
other persons may have access to immunization information, in whole or in part.							
(d) A physician or local health department may immunize a minor with the consent of a							
parent, guardian, or person standing in loco parentis to the minor. A physician or local health							
department may also immunize a minor who is presented for immunization by an adult who							
signs a statement that he or she is authorized by a parent, guardian, or person standing in loco							
parentis to the minor to obtain the immunization for the minor."							
_		FION 6. Representatives of the North Carolina					
	•	North Carolina Medical Society, the North Carolina	•				
North Carolina Association of Community Pharmacists, the North Carolina Association of							
Pharmacists, and the North Carolina Retail Merchants Association are directed to cooperate							
and collaborate to recommend a minimum standard screening questionnaire and safety							
procedures for written protocols for vaccinations or immunizations administered under $G = 0.85 + 15 P(b)$. The questionnaire and recommended standards shall be submitted to the							
	G.S. 90-85.15B(b). The questionnaire and recommended standards shall be submitted to the North Carolina Board of Medicine, the North Carolina Board of Nursing, the North Carolina						
		acy, and the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee	-				
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Services no later than October 1, 2013. In the event agreement is not reached on a minimum standard screening questionnaire and safety procedures for written protocols by October 1, 2013, the Immunization Branch of the North Carolina Division of Public Health shall develop the questionnaire and standards and submit them to the North Carolina Board of Medicine, the North Carolina Board of Nursing, the North Carolina Board of Pharmacy, and the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Health and Human Services by January 1, 2014.

7 **SECTION 7.** Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 1 through 5 of this act, 8 pharmacists who were qualified to administer influenza, pneumococcal, and zoster vaccines 9 prior to the effective date of this act may continue to administer these vaccines in accordance 10 with the provisions of 21 NCAC 46 .2507 until June 30, 2014. Notwithstanding the provisions 11 of Sections 1 through 5 of this act, 21 NCAC 46 .2507(c)(5), 21 NCAC 32U .0101(c)(5), or any 12 other provision of law, pharmacists who were qualified to administer influenza, pneumococcal, 13 and zoster vaccines prior to the effective date of this act may administer the influenza vaccine 14 to persons at least 14 years old in accordance with the provisions of 21 NCAC 46 .2507 until 15 June 30, 2014.

SECTION 8. Sections 1 through 5 of this act become effective October 1, 2013.
The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law.