#### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

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#### **HOUSE BILL 392**

# Committee Substitute Favorable 4/3/13 Third Edition Engrossed 4/9/13 PROPOSED SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H392-PCS80405-TK-48

Short Title:	Warrant Status/Drug Screen Public Assist.	(Public)

Sponsors:

 Referred to:

#### March 21, 2013

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT REQUIRING A COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES (DSS) TO VERIFY WHETHER AN APPLICANT FOR OR RECIPIENT OF TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES (TANF) BENEFITS OR FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICES (FNS) BENEFITS IS A FLEEING FELON OR A PROBATION OR PAROLE VIOLATOR, TO DIRECT INTERAGENCY COOPERATION AND INFORMATION SHARING IN ORDER TO VERIFY THE ELIGIBILITY STATUS OF AN APPLICANT OR RECIPIENT, TO DENY TANF OR FNS BENEFITS TO AN APPLICANT OR RECIPIENT WHO IS A FLEEING FELON OR A PROBATION OR PAROLE VIOLATOR, AND TO REQUIRE DRUG SCREENING AND TESTING FOR CERTAIN APPLICANTS AND RECIPIENTS OF WORK FIRST PROGRAM ASSISTANCE.

Whereas, federal law, specifically 42 U.S.C. § 601, et seq., requires that states receiving funds under certain federal grant programs shall not use any part of the grant to provide assistance to any individual who is (i) fleeing to avoid prosecution, custody, or confinement after conviction under the laws of the place from which the individual flees, for a crime or an attempt to commit a crime, which is a felony under the laws of the place from which the individual flees, or (ii) violating a condition of probation or parole imposed under federal or State law; and

Whereas, states receiving these federal grant funds are authorized under federal law to establish safeguards against the use or disclosure of information about applicants or recipients for assistance under the state program funded under federal law; and

Whereas, federal law expressly authorizes the State agency administering the program to furnish a federal, State, or local law enforcement officer, upon the request of the officer, with the current address of any recipient if the officer furnishes the agency with the name of the applicant or recipient under specified circumstances; and

Whereas, conducting a criminal background check on applicants for or recipients of public assistance benefits is necessary in order to ensure compliance with federal laws prohibiting a fleeing felon or probation or parole violator from receiving public assistance benefits; and

Whereas, the apprehension of individuals by law enforcement may be necessary to protect and safeguard the public; and

Whereas, State agencies administering the program may have or receive information that is necessary for a law enforcement agency to conduct the official duties of the agency, and



the location or apprehension of the applicant or recipient is within a law enforcement agency's official duties; Now, therefore,

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

### PART I. SHARE ARREST WARRANT STATUS OF APPLICANTS FOR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

**SECTION 1.** Part 1 of Article 2 of Chapter 108A of the General Statutes is amended by adding the following new section to read:

## "§ 108A-26.1. Information sharing of outstanding arrest warrant of applicant for or recipient of program assistance.

- (a) A county department of social services shall notify an applicant for program assistance under Part 2 or Part 5 of this Article that release of confidential information from the applicant's records may not be protected if a warrant for arrest is issued against the applicant. A county department of social services shall notify all recipients under a program of public assistance under Part 2 or Part 5 of this Article at the time of renewal of the recipient's application for such program assistance that release of confidential information from the recipient's records may not be protected if a felony or misdemeanor arrest warrant is issued against the recipient.
- (b) Notwithstanding G.S. 108A-80, and to the extent otherwise allowed by federal and State law, a county department of social services shall verify whether an applicant for or recipient of program assistance under Part 2 or Part 5 of this Article is (i) fleeing to avoid prosecution, custody, or confinement after conviction under the laws of the place from which the individual flees, for a crime or an attempt to commit a crime, which is a felony under the laws of the place from which the individual flees, or (ii) violating a condition of probation or parole imposed under federal or State law by ensuring that the criminal history of an applicant, or of a recipient at the time of benefits renewal, is checked. A county department of social services shall conduct the criminal history check necessary to verify whether an applicant is a fleeing felon or a probation or parole violator utilizing all currently accessible databases to the extent permitted by allocated county and State resources. Counties are not required to allocate funds for this program but are authorized to do so on a voluntary basis.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the disclosure of any information otherwise protected by State or federal law or regulation.
- (d) This section applies to applicants for or recipients of program assistance under Part 2 or Part 5 of this Article only.
- (e) The Social Services Commission shall adopt rules regarding (i) the sharing of information between county departments of social services and local law enforcement agencies, (ii) the accuracy of information shared pursuant to this section, and (iii) any other rules the Commission deems necessary to implement this section. The Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services shall oversee implementation of these rules.
- (f) The Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services shall promote cooperation among State and local agencies to perform the functions described in this section. The Department of Health and Human Services shall cooperate and collaborate with the Office of the State Controller, the Administrative Office of the Courts, and the Department of Public Safety to develop protocols to implement this section.
- (g) Annually on April 1, each county department of social services shall report to the Department of Health and Human Services on the number of individuals who are denied benefits under this section during the preceding calendar year.
- (h) Annually on May 1, the Department of Health and Human Services shall report to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Health and Human Services of the General Assembly on the number of individuals who are denied assistance under this section. The report shall include a breakdown by county."

**SECTION 2.** Part 1 of Article 2 of Chapter 108A of the General Statutes is amended by adding the following new section to read:

### "§ 108A-26.2. Fleeing felon or parole or probation violator; eligibility for program assistance; federal approval; review by department.

- (a) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, a department of social services shall not grant public assistance under Part 2 or Part 5 of Article 2 of Chapter 108A of the General Statutes if the department receives information described in G.S. 108A-26.1 that the applicant for or recipient of program assistance is subject to arrest under an outstanding warrant arising from a charge of violating conditions of parole or probation or from a felony charge against that applicant or recipient in any jurisdiction. This section does not affect the eligibility for assistance of other members of the applicant's or recipient's household. An applicant or recipient described in this section is eligible for program assistance if all other eligibility criteria of the law are met when the applicant or recipient is no longer subject to arrest under an outstanding warrant as described in this section.
- (b) If federal approval is required in order to prevent the loss of federal reimbursement as a result of the application of this section to an applicant for or recipient of program assistance, the Department of Health and Human Services shall promptly take any action necessary to obtain federal approval."

**SECTION 3.** Part 2 of Article 4 of Chapter 114 of the General Statutes is amended by adding the following new section to read:

### "§ 114-19.33. Criminal record checks of applicants for or recipients of program assistance.

The Department of Justice may provide to a county department of social services from the State and National Repositories of Criminal Histories the criminal history of any person who applies for program assistance under Part 2 or Part 5 of Article 2 of Chapter 108A of the General Statutes. The county department of social services shall provide to the Department of Justice, along with the request, a form signed by the applicant or recipient acknowledging receipt of the notification required by G.S. 108A-26.1(a), any identifying information required by the State and National Repositories, and any additional information required by the Department of Justice. Except as provided under G.S. 108A-26.1, the county department of social services shall keep all information obtained pursuant to this section confidential."

#### PART II. DRUG SCREENING AND TESTING FOR WORK FIRST PROGRAM ASSISTANCE

**SECTION 4.** G.S. 108A-29.1 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 108A-29.1. Substance abuse treatment required; drug <u>Drug screening and</u> testing for Work First Program <u>applicants and</u> recipients.

(a) Each applicant or current recipient of Work First Program benefits, determined by a Qualified Professional in Substance Abuse (QPSA) or by a physician certified by the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM) to be addicted to alcohol or drugs and to be in need of professional substance abuse treatment services shall be required, as part of the person's MRA and as a condition to receiving Work First Program benefits, to participate satisfactorily in an individualized plan of treatment in an appropriate treatment program. As a mandatory program component of participation in an addiction treatment program, each applicant or current recipient shall be required to submit to an approved, reliable, and professionally administered regimen of testing for presence of alcohol or drugs, without advance notice, during and after participation, in accordance with the addiction treatment program's individualized plan of treatment, follow up, and continuing care services for the applicant or current recipient. The Department shall require a drug test to screen each applicant for or recipient of Work First Program assistance whom the Department reasonably suspects is engaged in the illegal use of controlled substances. The cost of the drug testing is the responsibility of the individual tested.

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 The Department shall provide notice of drug testing to each applicant or recipient. The notice shall advise the applicant or recipient that drug screening, and testing if there is reasonable suspicion that an individual is engaged in the illegal use of controlled substances, will be conducted as a condition of receiving Work First Program assistance, and that the results of the drug tests will remain confidential and will not be released to law enforcement. The applicant or recipient shall be advised that the required drug screening and testing may be avoided if the applicant or recipient does not apply for Work First Program assistance. Dependent children under the age of 18 are exempt from the requirements of this section. The Department shall require the following:

- (1) That for two-parent households, both parents comply with the requirements of this section.
- (2) That any teen parent who is emancipated pursuant to Article 35 of Chapter 7B of the General Statutes complies with the requirements of this section.
- (3) That each applicant or recipient be advised before drug testing that he or she may inform the agent administering the test of any prescription or over-the-counter medication he or she is taking.
- (4) That each applicant or recipient being tested signs a written acknowledgement that he or she has received and understood the notice and advice provided under this subsection.
- (5) That each applicant or recipient who fails a drug test understands that he or she has the right to take one or more additional tests.
- (b) An applicant or current recipient who fails to comply with any requirement imposed pursuant to this section shall not be eligible for benefits or shall be subject to the termination of benefits, but shall be considered to be receiving benefits for purposes of determining eligibility for medical assistance. For an applicant or current recipient who is required to undergo a drug test and who tests negative for controlled substances, the Department shall increase the amount of the initial Work First Program assistance by the amount paid by the applicant or recipient for the drug testing. An applicant or recipient who tests positive for controlled substances as a result of a drug test required under this section is ineligible to receive Work First Program assistance for one year from the date of the positive drug test except as provided in subsection (b1) of this section. The individual may reapply after one year. However, if the individual has any subsequent positive drug tests, the individual shall be ineligible for benefits for three years from the date of the subsequent positive drug test unless the individual reapplies pursuant to subsection (b1) of this section.
- (b1) An applicant or recipient deemed ineligible under subsection (b) of this section may reapply for Work First Program assistance if the individual can document the successful completion of a substance abuse treatment program offered by a provider under subsection (e) of this section and licensed by the Department. The applicant or recipient who reapplies for Work First Program assistance after completion of a substance abuse program shall pass a drug test. The cost of any drug testing and substance abuse program provided under this subsection shall be the responsibility of the applicant or recipient being tested and receiving treatment. An applicant or recipient who reapplies for Work First Program assistance pursuant to this subsection may reapply one time only.
- (c) The children of any applicant or current recipient shall remain eligible for benefits, and these benefits shall be paid to a protective payee pursuant to G.S. 108A-38.
- (d) An applicant or current recipient shall not be regarded as failing to comply with the requirements of this section if an appropriate drug or alcohol treatment program is unavailable. The Social Services Commission shall adopt rules pertaining to the testing of applicants and recipients under this section.
- (e) Area mental health authorities organized pursuant to Article 4 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes shall be responsible for administering the provisions of this section.

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- The requirements of this section may be waived or modified as necessary in the case <del>(f)</del> of individual applicants or recipients to the degree necessary to comply with Medicaid eligibility provisions.
- For the purposes of this section, a criminal record check of an applicant for or recipient of Work First Program assistance conducted under G.S. 114-19.33 that discloses a conviction, arrest, or outstanding warrant within the three years prior to the date the criminal record check is conducted relating to illegal controlled substances shall constitute reasonable suspicion under this section and that applicant or recipient shall be required to undergo drug testing as a condition of receipt of Work First Program assistance benefits."
- **SECTION 5.** The Department of Health and Human Services shall report to the General Assembly no later than July 1, 2014, on the implementation of Section 4 of this act.

#### PART III. EFFECTIVE DATE AND SEVERABILITY

- **SECTION 6.** If any provision of this act or its application is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this act that can be given effect without the invalid provisions or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.
  - **SECTION 7.** This act becomes effective October 1, 2013.