GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

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HOUSE BILL 332 Committee Substitute Favorable 4/1/15 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H332-PCS30324-TD-12

Short Title: Natural Gas Econ. Dev. Infrastructure.

(Public)

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	Sponsors:
	Referred to:
	March 24, 2015
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO PROVIDE RECOVERY OF CAPITAL-RELATED COSTS INCURRED BY A
3 4	NATURAL GAS UTILITY FOR CONSTRUCTING NATURAL GAS INFRASTRUCTURE FOR A LARGE MANUFACTURING EMPLOYER.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	SECTION 1. Article 7 of Chapter 62 of the General Statutes is amended by adding
7	a new section to read:
8	"§ 62-133.13. Cost recovery for natural gas economic development infrastructure.
9	(a) Purpose. – The purpose of this section is to prescribe a methodology for cost
10	recovery by a natural gas local distribution company that constructs natural gas economic
11	development infrastructure to serve a project the Department of Commerce determines is an
12	eligible project under G.S. 143B-437.021. The Commission shall adopt rules to implement this
13	section.
14	(b) Eligibility. – Cost recovery under this section is limited to natural gas economic
15	development infrastructure the Commission determines satisfies all of the following conditions:
16	(1) The project will be located in an area where adequate natural gas
17	infrastructure for the eligible project is not economically feasible.
18	(2) Either the developer, prospective customer, or the occupant of the eligible
19	project provides, prior to initiation of construction of the natural gas
20	economic development infrastructure, a binding commitment in the form of
21	a commercial contract or other form acceptable to the Commission to the
22	natural gas local distribution company regarding service needed for a period
23	of at least 10 years from the date the gas is made available.
24	(3) The projected margin revenues not recoverable under G.S. 62-133.4 from
25	the eligible project will not be sufficient to cover the cost of the natural gas
26	infrastructure associated with the project.
27	(c) <u>Economic Feasibility. – The Commission shall permit a natural gas local</u>
28	distribution company to recover reasonable and prudent natural gas economic development
29 20	infrastructure costs only to the extent necessary to make the construction of the infrastructure
30 31	economically feasible, as determined by the Commission. In determining economic feasibility, the Commission shall employ the net present value method of analysis. Only natural gas
32	economic development infrastructure with a negative net present value shall be determined to
33	be economically infeasible.
34	(d) Costs Recoverable. – Eligible economic development infrastructure development
35	costs are the reasonable and prudent costs determined by the Commission to be both directly



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1	related to the cor	nstruction of natural gas infrastructure for an eligible project a	and economically
2		osts may include any of the following:	
3	<u>(1)</u>	Planning costs.	
4	(2)	Development costs.	
5	$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$	Construction costs and an allowance for funds used during	construction and
6	<u>(0)</u>	a return on investment once the project is completed cal	
7		pretax overall rate of return approved by the Commission	-
8		most recent general rate case.	
9	(4)	A revenue retention factor.	
10	$\overline{(5)}$	Depreciation.	
11	(6)	Property taxes.	
12		Adjustment Surcharge Mechanism. – The Commission shall	permit recoverv
13		nomic development infrastructure costs in a rate adjus	
14		e mechanism shall allow for recovery on an annual or sem	•
15		the Commission, subject to audit and reconciliation proce	
16		arge mechanism adopted under this section shall terminate u	
17	•	of the costs allowed under subsection (d) of this section of	•
18		n company's next general rate case in which the eligit	
19		sts shall be included in the natural gas distribution com	
20		section precludes the natural gas local distribution company	
21		c development infrastructure costs in a general rate case.	
22		ations. – A natural gas local distribution company shall not	invest more than
23		ion dollars (\$25,000,000) of eligible infrastructure developm	
24		gate amount of eligible infrastructure development costs reco	
25		harge mechanisms for all natural gas local distribution compared	
26		eventy-five million dollars (\$75,000,000). Cumulative rate adj	
27		istment surcharge mechanism approved by the Commission u	
28	•	five percent (5%) of the total annual service margin revenue	
29		33.4 approved by the Commission in the natural gas 1	
30	company's last g	•••••••	
31	SECT	FION 2. Article 10 of Chapter 143B of the General Statute	es is amended by
32	adding a new sec	ction to read:	
33	" <u>§ 143B-437.021</u>	I. Natural gas economic development infrastructure.	
34		ose and Definitions. – The purpose of this section is to p	rovide eligibility
35	criteria for proje	cts that require natural gas service infrastructure. Costs of na	atural gas service
36	infrastructure for	r projects the Department determines are eligible projects u	nder this section
37	may be recovered	ed by natural gas local distribution companies with appro-	val of the North
38	Carolina Utilities	s Commission under G.S. 62-133.13. The definitions used in G	G.S. 143B-437.01
39	apply in this sec	ction. In addition, as used in this section, the term "Depart	ment" means the
40	Department of C	ommerce.	
41	(b) Eligit	bility An eligible project is an economic development	project that the
42	Department deter	rmines satisfies all of the following conditions:	
43	<u>(1)</u>	The eligible project will provide opportunities for natural	gas usage, jobs,
44		and other economic development benefits in addition to the	nose provided by
45		the project.	
46	<u>(2)</u>	The Department certifies that the business has invested or in	ntends to invest at
47		least two hundred million dollars (\$200,000,000) of	
48		improvements to real property and additions to tangible per	sonal property in
49		the project.	
50	<u>(3)</u>	The business employs or intends to employ at least	
51		employees or equivalent full-time contract employees at t	the project at the

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1	time the application is made and the business agrees to maintain at least
2	1,500 full-time employees or equivalent full-time contract employees at the
3	project.
4	(c) Wage Standard. – A project may be considered an eligible project under this section
	only if the project is undertaken by a business that satisfies a wage standard at the project. A
6	business satisfies the wage standard if it pays an average weekly wage that is at least equal to
7	one hundred and ten percent (110%) of the average wage for all insured private employers in
	the county. The Department of Commerce shall annually publish the wage standard for each
9	county. In making the wage calculation, the business shall include any jobs that were filled for
0	at least 1,600 hours during the calendar year, regardless of whether the jobs are full-time
1	positions or equivalent full-time contract positions. Each year that a rate adjustment surcharge
	mechanism under G.S. 62-133.13 is in effect, the business shall provide the Department a
	certification that the business continues to satisfy the wage standard.
4	(d) <u>Health Insurance. – A project may be considered an eligible project under this</u>
5	section only if the project is undertaken by a business that makes available health insurance for
6	all of the full-time employees and equivalent full-time contract employees of the project with
	respect to which the application is made. For the purposes of this subsection, a business makes
8	available health insurance if it pays at least fifty percent (50%) of the premiums for health care
	coverage.
0	Each year that a rate adjustment surcharge mechanism under G.S. 62-133.13 is in effect, the
1	business shall provide the Department a certification that the business continues to make
	available health insurance for all full-time employees of the project governed by the agreement.
3	(e) Safety and Health Programs. – A project may be considered an eligible project
	under this section only if the project is undertaken by a business that has no citations under the
5	Occupational Safety and Health Act that have become a final order within the last three years
6	for willful serious violations or for failing to abate serious violations with respect to the
7	location for which the eligible project is located. For the purposes of this subsection, "serious
28	violation" has the same meaning as in G.S. 95-127.
.9	(f) Environmental Impact. – A project may be considered an eligible project under this
0	section only if the project is undertaken by a business that certifies that, at the time of the
1	application, the business satisfies the environmental impact standard under G.S. 105-129.83."
2	SECTION 3. This act is effective when it becomes law and expires July 1, 2020.
	The expiration does not affect the validity of any rate adjustment surcharge mechanism
	imposed or authorized under the provisions of this act prior to the effective date of the
35	expiration.