

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 2015

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SENATE DRS15046-LL-48B* (01/28)

Short Title: Charlotte Firefighters' Retirement. (Local)

Sponsors: Senators Tarte and Ford (Primary Sponsors).

Referred to:

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2 AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW ESTABLISHING THE CHARLOTTE FIREFIGHTERS'
3 RETIREMENT SYSTEM.

4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

5 **SECTION 1.** Section 12 of Chapter 926 of the 1947 Session Laws, as amended by
6 Chapter 506 of the 1987 Session Laws, Chapter 1033 of the 1987 Session Laws, Chapter 248 of
7 the 1989 Session Laws, Chapter 830 of the 1991 Session Laws, S.L. 1999-100, and S.L.
8 2001-22, reads as rewritten:

9 "Sec. 12. **Failure to Return From Active Military Duty.**

10 (a) Generally. Should any Member of this Retirement System who entered the Armed
11 Forces of the United States of America pursuant to the provisions of Section 6 of this act fail to
12 return to employment with the Charlotte Fire Department within the period for which his
13 reemployment rights are guaranteed by law, said Member shall thereupon cease membership
14 and shall be entitled to a deferred benefit or reimbursement of his contributions in the same
15 manner and in all respects as provided for in Section 10 or 11 of this act, whichever is
16 applicable.

17 Such former Member shall not receive Membership Service Credit for the period of active
18 military duty or any period after discharge or release from active duty from the Armed Forces
19 for which his reemployment rights had been guaranteed by law.

20 (b) Death or disability. In the case of a death or disability occurring on or after January
21 1, 2007, if a Member dies while performing qualified military service (as defined in section
22 414(u) of the Code), the survivors of the Member are entitled to any additional benefits (other
23 than benefit accruals relating to the period of qualified military service) provided under the
24 System as if the Member had resumed and then terminated employment on account of death.

25 (c) Benefit accrual. For benefit accrual purposes, the System treats an individual who,
26 on or after January 12, 2007, dies or becomes disabled (as defined under the terms of the
27 System) while performing qualified military service with respect to the Charlotte Fire
28 Department as if the individual had resumed employment in accordance with the individual's
29 reemployment rights under USERRA, on the day preceding death or disability (as the case may
30 be) and terminated employment on the actual date of death or disability. The System will
31 determine the amount of Member contributions of an individual treated as reemployed under
32 this section for purposes of applying section 414(u)(8)(C) of the Code on the basis of the
33 individual's average actual employee contributions for the lesser of (i) the 12-month period of
34 service with the Sponsor immediately prior to qualified military service or (ii) if service with



1 the Sponsor is less than such 12-month period, the actual length of continuous service with the
2 Sponsor.

3 (d) Differential wage payments. For years beginning after December 31, 2008, (i) an
4 individual receiving a differential wage payment, as defined by section 3401(h)(2) of the Code,
5 shall be treated as a Member of the Sponsor making the payment; (ii) the differential wage
6 payment shall be treated as compensation; and (iii) the System shall not be treated as failing to
7 meet the requirements of any provision described in section 414(u)(1)(C) of the Code by reason
8 of any contribution or benefit that is based on the differential wage payment."

9 **SECTION 2.** Section 13.1 of Chapter 926 of the 1947 Session Laws, as amended
10 by Chapter 506 of the 1987 Session Laws, Chapter 1033 of the 1987 Session Laws, Chapter
11 248 of the 1989 Session Laws, Chapter 830 of the 1991 Session Laws, Chapter 171 of the 1995
12 Session Laws, Chapter 640 of the 1993 Session Laws, S.L. 1999-100, S.L. 2001-22, S.L.
13 2002-43, and S.L. 2006-117, reads as rewritten:

14 "Sec. 13.1. **Direct Rollover of Eligible Rollover Distributions.** (a) This Section applies to
15 distributions made on or after January 1, 1993. Notwithstanding any provision of the plan to the
16 contrary that would otherwise limit a distributee's election under this Section, a distributee may
17 elect, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the plan administrator, to have any portion of
18 an eligible rollover distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the
19 distributee in a direct rollover.

20 (b) Definitions.

21 (1) Eligible rollover distribution. An eligible rollover distribution is any
22 distribution of all or any portion of the balance to the credit of the
23 distributee, except that an eligible rollover distribution does not include: any
24 distribution that is one of a series of substantially equal periodic payments
25 (not less frequently than annually) made for the life (or life expectancy) of
26 the distributee or the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of the distributee
27 and the distributee's designated beneficiary, or for a specified period of 10
28 years or more; any distribution to the extent such distribution is required
29 under section 401(a)(9) of the Code; and any hardship ~~distribution described~~
30 ~~in section 401(k)(2)(B)(i)(IV)-distribution.~~ A portion of a distribution shall
31 not fail to be an eligible rollover distribution merely because a portion
32 consists of after-tax employee contributions that are not includible in gross
33 income. However, such portion may be transferred only to an individual
34 retirement account or annuity described in section 408(a) or (b) of the Code,
35 or to a qualified defined contribution plan described in section 401(a) or
36 403(a) of the Code that agrees to separately account for amounts so
37 transferred, including separately accounting for the portion of such
38 distribution which is includible in gross income and the portion of such
39 distribution which is not so includible.

40 (2) Eligible retirement plan. An eligible retirement plan is an individual
41 retirement account described in section 408(a) of the Code, an individual
42 retirement annuity described in section 408(b) of the Code, an annuity plan
43 described in section 403(a) of the Code, or a qualified trust described in
44 section 401(a) of the Code, that accepts the distributee's eligible rollover
45 distribution. With respect to distributions made after December 31, 2001, an
46 eligible retirement plan shall also mean (i) an annuity contract described in
47 section 403(b) of the Code and (ii) an eligible plan under section 457(b) of
48 the Code which is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or
49 any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state and
50 which agrees to separately account for amounts transferred into such plan
51 from this plan. The definition of eligible retirement plan shall also apply in

1 the case of a distribution to a surviving spouse, or to a spouse or former
2 spouse who is the alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order,
3 as defined in section 414(p) of the Code.

4 (3) Distributee. A distributee includes an employee or former employee. In
5 addition, the employee's or former employee's surviving spouse and the
6 employee's or former employee's spouse or former spouse who is the
7 alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as defined in
8 section 414(p) of the Code, are distributees with regard to the interest of the
9 spouse or former spouse.

10 (4) Direct rollover. A direct rollover is a payment by the plan to the eligible
11 retirement plan specified by the distributee.

12 (5) Non-spouse beneficiary rollover right. For distributions after December 31,
13 2009, a non-spouse beneficiary who is a "designated beneficiary" under
14 section 401(a)(9)(E) of the Code and the regulations thereunder, by a direct
15 trustee-to-trustee transfer (direct rollover), may roll over all or any portion of
16 his or her distribution to an Individual Retirement Account (IRA) the
17 beneficiary establishes for purposes of receiving the distribution. In order to
18 be able to roll over the distribution, the distribution otherwise must satisfy
19 the definition of an "eligible rollover distribution" under section 401(a)(31)
20 of the Code. If a non-spouse beneficiary receives a distribution from the
21 System, the distribution is not eligible for a 60-day (non-direct) rollover. If
22 the Participant's named beneficiary is a trust, the System may make a direct
23 rollover to an IRA on behalf of the trust, provided the trust satisfies the
24 requirements to be a designated beneficiary within the meaning of section
25 401(a)(9)(E) of the Code. A non-spouse beneficiary may not roll over an
26 amount that is a required minimum distribution, as determined under
27 applicable Regulations and other Internal Revenue Service guidance. If the
28 Participant dies before his or her required beginning date and the non-spouse
29 beneficiary rolls over to an IRA the maximum amount eligible for rollover,
30 the beneficiary may elect to use either the 5-year rule or the life expectancy
31 rule, pursuant to Regulations Section 1.401(a)(9)-3, A-4(c), in determining
32 the required minimum distributions from the IRA that receives the
33 non-spouse beneficiary's distribution.

34 (6) Roth IRA rollover. For distributions made after December 31, 2007, a
35 Participant or beneficiary may elect to roll over directly an "eligible rollover
36 distribution" to a Roth IRA described in section 408A(b) of the Code.

37 (c) In the event of a mandatory distribution greater than one thousand dollars (\$1,000)
38 that is made without the Member's consent and is made to the Member before the Member
39 attains the later of age 62 or Normal Retirement Age, if the Member does not elect to have such
40 distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the Member in a direct
41 rollover or to receive the distribution from the Plan, the Administrator shall pay the distribution
42 in a direct rollover to an individual retirement plan designated by the Administrator."

43 **SECTION 3.** Section 1 of Chapter 830 of the 1991 Session Laws, as amended by
44 Chapter 171 of the 1995 Session Laws, Chapter 640 of the 1993 Session Laws, S.L. 1999-100,
45 and S.L. 2001-22, is amended by adding a new section to read:

46 "Sec. 23.1 **Retiree Health Insurance Premiums.** Effective January 1, 2007, a Member
47 who is an "eligible retired public safety officer" as defined in section 402(1)(4)(B) of the Code
48 who retired pursuant to Section 15, Section 19, or Section 20 of this act may elect to receive a
49 distribution from the System in an amount not to exceed the lesser of the following:

1 (1) The amount paid by such Member for qualified health insurance premiums
2 of the Member, his spouse, or dependents (as defined in section 152 of the
3 Code) for such taxable year; or

4 (2) Three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for the taxable year.

5 Any distribution pursuant to this section shall reduce the benefit payable to the Member for
6 the taxable year from the System. Such distribution shall be paid directly to the provider of the
7 accident or health insurance. All distributions under this section shall be made in compliance
8 with section 402(l) of the Code and any guidance issued thereunder. After December 31, 2012,
9 no Member may elect to receive a distribution pursuant to this section."

10 **SECTION 4.** This act applies only to the City of Charlotte.

11 **SECTION 5.** This act becomes effective July 1, 2015.