## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

H D

## HOUSE BILL 424 Second Edition Engrossed 6/9/15 PROPOSED SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H424-PCS10567-SH-78

Short Titl	e: Pro	phibit Unlawful Custody Transfer of Child.	(Public)
Sponsors:			
Referred t	to:		
		April 1, 2015	
		A DH I MO DE ENMIM ED	
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PROHIBIT THE UNLAWFUL TRANSFER OF CUSTODY OF A MINOR CHILD			
AND TO MAKE CONFORMING STATUTORY CHANGES.			
The Gene		mbly of North Carolina enacts:	dad by adding a
new section		<b>ION 1.</b> Article 39 of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amend	ied by adding a
		hibit unlawful transfer of custody of minor child.	
<u>(a)</u>	(1)	<u>l be unlawful for:</u> A parent to effect or attempt to effect an unlawful transfer of	quetody of that
	(1)	parent's minor child.	custody of that
	<u>(2)</u>	A person to accept or attempt to accept custody pursuant to an un	nlawful transfer
	<u>(2)</u>	of custody of a minor child; except that it shall not be unlawful	
		receive custody of a child from a parent who intends to effect that it shall not be unlawful.	_
		transfer of custody of that parent's minor child if the person pr	
		law enforcement or child protective services in the county v	
		resides or is found and promptly makes the child available to la	
		or child protective services.	
	<u>(3)</u>	A person to advertise, recruit, or solicit, or to aid, abet, consp	ire, or seek the
	<del>1,-,/</del>	assistance of another to advertise, recruit, or solicit the unlaw	
		custody of a minor child.	
<u>(b)</u>	Defini	tions. – As used in this section, the following definitions apply:	
<del></del>	(1)	"Minor child" means a child under the age of 18 and includes an	adopted minor
		child, as defined in G.S. 48-1-101(14a).	-
	<u>(2)</u>	"Parent" means a biological parent, adoptive parent, legal gua	ardian, or legal
		custodian.	
	<u>(3)</u>	"Relative" means the child's other parent, stepparent, grandparer	nt, adult sibling,
		aunt, uncle, first cousin, great-aunt, great-uncle, great-grandpare	nt, or a parent's
		first cousin.	
	<u>(4)</u>	"Unlawful transfer of custody" means the permanent transf	
		custody of a minor child, in willful violation of applicable ado	
		grossly negligent omission in the care of the child, by the child's	•
		a court order or other authorization under law, to a person other	
		or another individual having a substantial relationship w	
		Compensation in the form of money, property, or other item	of value is not



required in order for an unlawful transfer of custody to occur. Unlawful transfer 1 2 of custody does not include any of the following: Placement of a minor child with a prospective adoptive parent in 3 4 accordance with Part 2 of Article 3 of Chapter 48 of the General 5 Statutes. 6 A consent to adoption of a minor child in accordance with Part 6 of <u>b.</u> Article 3 of Chapter 48 of the General Statutes. 7 8 Relinquishment of a minor child in accordance with Part 7 of Article 3 <u>c.</u> 9 of Chapter 48 of the General Statutes. Placement of a minor child in accordance with the Interstate Compact 10 <u>d.</u> 11 on the Placement of Children under Article 38 of Chapter 7B of the General Statutes or the Convention of 29 May 1993 on Protection of 12 Children and Co-operation in respect of Intercountry Adoption. 13 14 Temporary transfer of physical custody of a minor child to an individual <u>e.</u> with a prior substantial relationship with the child for a specified period 15 16 of time due to (i) the child's medical, mental health, educational, or 17 recreational needs or (ii) the parent's inability to provide proper care or supervision for the minor child, which may be due to the parent's 18 19 incarceration, military service, employment, medical treatment, 20 incapacity, or other voluntary or involuntary absence. 21 Transfer of physical custody or a minor child to a relative. <u>f.</u> 22 Temporary transfer of physical custody of a minor child to a behavioral g. 23 health facility or other health care provider, an educational institution, 24 or a recreational facility by a parent for a specified period of time due to the child's medical, mental health, educational, or recreational needs. 25 26 A voluntary foster care placement of the minor child made pursuant to <u>h.</u> an agreement between the minor child's parent and a county department 27 of social services as described in G.S. 7B-910. 28 29 Placement of a minor child with a prospective adoptive parent in <u>i.</u> 30 substantial compliance with the applicable adoption laws of this State or 31 of another state. 32 Any person who commits an offense under subsection (a) of this section is guilty of a (c) 33 Class A1 misdemeanor. 34 Any person who commits an offense under subsection (a) of this section that results in (d) serious physical injury to the child is guilty of a Class G felony." 35 36 **SECTION 2.** G.S. 48-10-101(b) reads as rewritten: No one other than a county department of social services, an adoption facilitator, or an 37 38 agency licensed by the Department in this State may advertise in any periodical or newspaper, or 39 by radio, television, or other public medium, that any person or entity will place or accept a child 40 for adoption. For purposes of this section, "other public medium" includes the use of any computerized system, including electronic mail, Internet site, Internet profile, or any similar 41 42 medium of communication provided via the Internet." 43 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 7B-101(15) reads as rewritten: 44 "§ 7B-101. Definitions. 45 As used in this Subchapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following words 46 have the listed meanings: 47 48 Neglected juvenile. – A juvenile who does not receive proper care, supervision, (15)49 or discipline from the juvenile's parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker; or

50

51

who has been abandoned; or who is not provided necessary medical care; or

who is not provided necessary remedial care; or who lives in an environment

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

1

injurious to the juvenile's welfare; or the custody of whom has been unlawfully transferred under G.S. 14-321.2; or who has been placed for care or adoption in violation of law. In determining whether a juvenile is a neglected juvenile, it is relevant whether that juvenile lives in a home where another juvenile has died as a result of suspected abuse or neglect or lives in a home where another juvenile has been subjected to abuse or neglect by an adult who regularly lives in the home."

**SECTION 4.** G.S. 7B-302(a) reads as rewritten:

When a report of abuse, neglect, or dependency is received, the director of the "(a) department of social services shall make a prompt and thorough assessment, using either a family assessment response or an investigative assessment response, in order to ascertain the facts of the case, the extent of the abuse or neglect, and the risk of harm to the juvenile, in order to determine whether protective services should be provided or the complaint filed as a petition. When the report alleges abuse, the director shall immediately, but no later than 24 hours after receipt of the report, initiate the assessment. When the report alleges neglect or dependency, the director shall initiate the assessment within 72 hours following receipt of the report. When the report alleges abandonment, abandonment of a juvenile or unlawful transfer of custody under G.S. 14-321.2, the director shall immediately initiate an assessment, assessment. When the report alleges abandonment, the director shall also take appropriate steps to assume temporary custody of the juvenile, and take appropriate steps to secure an order for nonsecure custody of the juvenile. The assessment and evaluation shall include a visit to the place where the juvenile resides, except when the report alleges abuse or neglect in a child care facility as defined in Article 7 of Chapter 110 of the General Statutes. When a report alleges abuse or neglect in a child care facility as defined in Article 7 of Chapter 110 of the General Statutes, a visit to the place where the juvenile resides is not required. When the report alleges abandonment, the assessment shall include a request from the director to law enforcement officials to investigate through the North Carolina Center for Missing Persons and other national and State resources whether the juvenile is a missing child."

**SECTION 5.** The Department of Health and Human Services shall collect data on the incidence of disrupted adoptions and unlawful transfer of custody of children in North Carolina and the outcomes for children and families associated with disrupted adoptions and shall develop a program to provide needed supports to families at risk of adoption disruptions in order to keep families together.

**SECTION 6.** Sections 1, 3, and 4 of this act become effective December 1, 2016, and apply to offenses committed on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law.