GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

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HOUSE BILL 972

Committee Substitute Favorable 6/8/16 Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 6/23/16 Fourth Edition Engrossed 6/27/16 PROPOSED SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H972-PCS40689-SA-121

Sponsors:

Referred to:

1

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April 27, 2016

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1		A DILL IO DE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO	PROVIDE THAT RECORDINGS MADE BY LAW ENFORCEMENT
3	AGENCIES	ARE NOT PUBLIC RECORDS, TO ESTABLISH WHETHER, TO WHOM,
4	AND WHAT	T PORTIONS OF A RECORDING MAY BE DISCLOSED OR A COPY
5	RELEASED,	TO ESTABLISH THE PROCEDURE FOR CONTESTING A REFUSAL TO
6	DISCLOSE A	A RECORDING OR TO OBTAIN A COPY OF A RECORDING, TO DIRECT
7	STATE OR I	LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES TO PROVIDE, UPON REQUEST,
8	ACCESS TO	A METHOD TO VIEW AND ANALYZE RECORDINGS TO THE STATE
9	BUREAU C	OF INVESTIGATION AND THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE CRIME
10	LABORATO	RY, TO AUTHORIZE GOVERNMENTAL AND NONGOVERNMENTAL
11	ORGANIZA	TIONS TO ESTABLISH AND OPERATE HYPODERMIC SYRINGE AND
12	NEEDLE E	XCHANGE PROGRAMS, AND TO OFFER LIMITED IMMUNITY TO
13	EMPLOYEE	S, VOLUNTEERS, AND PARTICIPANTS OF AUTHORIZED HYPODERMIC
14	SYRINGE A	ND NEEDLE EXCHANGE PROGRAMS.
15	The General Ass	embly of North Carolina enacts:
16	SECT	FION 1. Chapter 132 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section
17	to read:	
18	to read: " <u>§ 132-1.4A. La</u>	w enforcement agency recordings.
18 19	to read: " <u>§ 132-1.4A. La</u>	w enforcement agency recordings. itions. – The following definitions apply in this section:
18 19 20	to read: " <u>§ 132-1.4A. La</u>	w enforcement agency recordings. itions. – The following definitions apply in this section: Body-worn camera. – An operational video or digital camera or other electronic
18 19 20 21	to read: " <u>§ 132-1.4A. La</u> (a) Defin	w enforcement agency recordings. itions. – The following definitions apply in this section: Body-worn camera. – An operational video or digital camera or other electronic device, including a microphone or other mechanism for allowing audio capture,
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18 19 20 21 22 23 24	to read: " <u>§ 132-1.4A. La</u> (a) Defin	w enforcement agency recordings. itions. – The following definitions apply in this section: Body-worn camera. – An operational video or digital camera or other electronic device, including a microphone or other mechanism for allowing audio capture, affixed to the uniform or person of law enforcement agency personnel and positioned in a way that allows the camera or device to capture interactions the law enforcement agency personnel has with others.
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18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	to read: " <u>§ 132-1.4A. La</u> <u>(a) Defin</u> <u>(1)</u>	 w enforcement agency recordings. itions. – The following definitions apply in this section: Body-worn camera. – An operational video or digital camera or other electronic device, including a microphone or other mechanism for allowing audio capture, affixed to the uniform or person of law enforcement agency personnel and positioned in a way that allows the camera or device to capture interactions the law enforcement agency personnel has with others. Custodial law enforcement agency. – The law enforcement agency that owns or leases or whose personnel operates the equipment that created the recording at
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	to read: " <u>§ 132-1.4A. La</u> <u>(a) Defin</u> <u>(1)</u>	 w enforcement agency recordings. itions. – The following definitions apply in this section: Body-worn camera. – An operational video or digital camera or other electronic device, including a microphone or other mechanism for allowing audio capture, affixed to the uniform or person of law enforcement agency personnel and positioned in a way that allows the camera or device to capture interactions the law enforcement agency personnel has with others. Custodial law enforcement agency. – The law enforcement agency that owns or leases or whose personnel operates the equipment that created the recording at the time the recording was made.
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 	to read: " <u>§ 132-1.4A. La</u> <u>(a) Defin</u> <u>(1)</u>	 w enforcement agency recordings. itions. – The following definitions apply in this section: Body-worn camera. – An operational video or digital camera or other electronic device, including a microphone or other mechanism for allowing audio capture, affixed to the uniform or person of law enforcement agency personnel and positioned in a way that allows the camera or device to capture interactions the law enforcement agency personnel has with others. Custodial law enforcement agency. – The law enforcement agency that owns or leases or whose personnel operates the equipment that created the recording at the time the recording was made. Dashboard camera. – A device or system installed or used in a law enforcement
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 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 	to read: " <u>§ 132-1.4A. La</u> <u>(a) Defin</u> <u>(1)</u>	 w enforcement agency recordings. itions. – The following definitions apply in this section: Body-worn camera. – An operational video or digital camera or other electronic device, including a microphone or other mechanism for allowing audio capture, affixed to the uniform or person of law enforcement agency personnel and positioned in a way that allows the camera or device to capture interactions the law enforcement agency personnel has with others. Custodial law enforcement agency. – The law enforcement agency that owns or leases or whose personnel operates the equipment that created the recording at the time the recording was made. Dashboard camera. – A device or system installed or used in a law enforcement agency vehicle that electronically records images or audio depicting interaction with others by law enforcement agency personnel. This term does not include
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 	to read: " <u>§ 132-1.4A. La</u> <u>(a) Defin</u> <u>(1)</u>	 w enforcement agency recordings. itions. – The following definitions apply in this section: Body-worn camera. – An operational video or digital camera or other electronic device, including a microphone or other mechanism for allowing audio capture, affixed to the uniform or person of law enforcement agency personnel and positioned in a way that allows the camera or device to capture interactions the law enforcement agency personnel has with others. Custodial law enforcement agency. – The law enforcement agency that owns or leases or whose personnel operates the equipment that created the recording at the time the recording was made. Dashboard camera. – A device or system installed or used in a law enforcement agency vehicle that electronically records images or audio depicting interaction



to by the person requesting disclosure, at a time and location chosen by the

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	custodial law enforcement agency. This term	does not include the release of a
	recording.	
<u>(5)</u>	Personal representative. – A parent, court	t-appointed guardian, spouse, or
	attorney of a person whose image or voice is	
	image or voice is in the recording is deceased	
	representative of the estate of the decease	
	surviving spouse, parent, or adult child; the	÷ ÷
	parent or guardian of a surviving minor child	± •
<u>(6)</u>	Recording. – A visual, audio, or visual an	
	body-worn camera, a dashboard camera, or a	
	device operated by or on behalf of a la	-
	enforcement agency personnel when c	
	responsibilities. This term does not include	
	interviews regarding agency internal in	•
	interrogations of suspects or witnesses.	<u>.</u>
(7)	Release. – To provide a copy of a recording.	
(b) Public	Record and Personnel Record Classification	on. – Recordings are not public
	d by G.S. 132-1. Recordings are not personnel	
	e General Statutes, G.S. 160A-168, or G.S. 153	
-	sure; General. – Recordings in the custody of	
	provided by this section. A person requestir	
	quest to the head of the custodial law enforcem	• •
	of the activity captured in the recording or otl	• •
* *	larity sufficient to identify the recording to wh	•
· ·	the custodial law enforcement agency may	÷
following:		
<u>(1)</u>	A person whose image or voice is in the record	<u>.</u>
<u>(2)</u>	A personal representative of an adult person	n whose image or voice is in the
	recording, if the adult person has consented to	the disclosure.
<u>(3)</u>	A personal representative of a minor or o	of an adult person under lawful
	guardianship whose image or voice is in the re-	ecording.
<u>(4)</u>	A personal representative of a deceased personal	on whose image or voice is in the
	recording.	
<u>(5)</u>	A personal representative of an adult person v	who is incapacitated and unable to
	provide consent to disclosure.	
When disclosing	the recording, the law enforcement agency sh	all disclose only those portions of
the recording that	t are relevant to the person's request. A person	who receives disclosure pursuant
to this subsection	shall not record or copy the recording.	
(d) Disclo	sure; Factors for Consideration. – Upon re	eceipt of the written request for
disclosure, as pro	mptly as possible, the custodial law enforceme	ent agency must either disclose the
portion of the rec	ording relevant to the person's request or notify	the requestor of the custodial law
enforcement ager	cy's decision not to disclose the recording to th	<u>e requestor.</u>
The custodia	l law enforcement agency may consider a	any of the following factors in
determining if a r	ecording is disclosed:	
<u>(1)</u>	If the person requesting disclosure of the re	ecording is a person authorized to
	receive disclosure pursuant to subsection (c) of	of this section.
<u>(2)</u>	If the recording contains information that is	otherwise confidential or exempt
	from disclosure or release under State or feder	
<u>(3)</u>	If disclosure would reveal information regar	rding a person that is of a highly
	sensitive personal nature.	
<u>(4)</u>	If disclosure may harm the reputation or jeopa	ardize the safety of a person.

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1	(5) If disclosure would create a serious threat to the fair, im	partial, and orderly
2	administration of justice.	<u>.</u>
3	(6) If confidentiality is necessary to protect either an active or	inactive internal or
4	criminal investigation or potential internal or criminal investigation	
5	(e) Appeal of Disclosure Denial. – If a law enforcement agency denies	
6	to subsection (d) of this section, or has failed to provide disclosure more than	_
7	after the request for disclosure, the person seeking disclosure may apply to t	
8	any county where any portion of the recording was made for a review of the	-
9	The court may conduct an in-camera review of the recording. The court may	
10	of the recording only if the court finds that the law enforcement agency abu	
11	denying the request for disclosure. The court may only order disclosure of the	hose portions of the
12	recording that are relevant to the person's request. A person who receives dis	sclosure pursuant to
13	this subsection shall not record or copy the recording. An order issued pursua	•
14	may not order the release of the recording.	
15	In any proceeding pursuant to this subsection, the following persons shall b	be notified and those
16	persons, or their designated representative, shall be given an opportunity	
17	proceeding: (i) the head of the custodial law enforcement agency, (ii) any law	enforcement agency
18	personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of the recording and the r	son's employing law
19	enforcement agency, and (iii) the District Attorney. Actions brought pursuan	nt to this subsection
20	shall be set down for hearing as soon as practicable, and subsequent proceed	ings in such actions
21	shall be accorded priority by the trial and appellate courts.	
22	(f) <u>Release of Recordings; General; Court Order Required. – Recordin</u>	igs in the custody of
23	a law enforcement agency shall only be released pursuant to court order.	Any custodial law
24	enforcement agency or any person requesting release of a recording may f	ile an action in the
25	superior court in any county where any portion of the recording was made for	or an order releasing
26	the recording. The request for release must state the date and approximate	time of the activity
27	captured in the recording, or otherwise identify the activity with reasonable pa	
28	to identify the recording to which the action refers. The court may conduct an	in-camera review of
29	the recording. In determining whether to order the release of all or a portion	
30	addition to any other standards the court deems relevant, the court shall consi	der the applicability
31	of all of the following standards:	
32	(1) Release is necessary to advance a compelling public interest	
33	(2) The recording contains information that is otherwise con	fidential or exempt
34	from disclosure or release under State or federal law.	
35	(3) The person requesting release is seeking to obtain evidence	e to determine legal
36	issues in a current or potential court proceeding.	
37	(4) Release would reveal information regarding a person t	<u>hat is of a highly</u>
38	sensitive personal nature.	
39	(5) <u>Release may harm the reputation or jeopardize the safety of</u>	
40	(6) <u>Release would create a serious threat to the fair, imp</u>	partial, and orderly
41	administration of justice.	
42	(7) Confidentiality is necessary to protect either an active or	
43	criminal investigation or potential internal or criminal investigation	-
44	(8) There is good cause shown to release all portions of a record	-
45	The court shall release only those portions of the recording that are relev	
46	request, and may place any conditions or restrictions on the release of the reco	ording that the court,
47	in its discretion, deems appropriate.	······································
48	In any proceeding pursuant to this subsection, the following persons shall be	
49 50	persons, or their designated representative, shall be given an opportunity	
50	proceeding: (i) the head of the custodial law enforcement agency, (ii) any law	
51	personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of that personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of the personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of the personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of the personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of the personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of the personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of the personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of the personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of the personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of the personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of the personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of the personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of the personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the head of the personnel whose image or voice is in the recording and the personnel whose image or voice image o	son's employing law

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2015 1 enforcement agency, and (iii) the District Attorney. Actions brought pursuant to this subsection 2 shall be set down for hearing as soon as practicable, and subsequent proceedings in such actions 3 shall be accorded priority by the trial and appellate courts. 4 Release of Recordings; Law Enforcement Purposes. - Notwithstanding the (g) 5 requirements of subsections (c) and (f) of this section, a custodial law enforcement agency shall 6 disclose or release a recording to a district attorney (i) for review of potential criminal charges, (ii) 7 in order to comply with discovery requirements in a criminal prosecution, (iii) for use in criminal 8 proceedings in district court, or (iv) any other law enforcement purpose, and may disclose or 9 release a recording for any of the following purposes: 10 For law enforcement training purposes. (1)11 (2)Within the custodial law enforcement agency for any administrative, training, 12 or law enforcement purpose. 13 To another law enforcement agency for law enforcement purposes. (3)14 Retention of Recordings. - Any recording subject to the provisions of this section shall (h) be retained for at least the period of time required by the applicable records retention and 15 16 disposition schedule developed by the Department of Natural and Cultural Resources, Division of 17 Archives and Records. 18 (i) Agency Policy Required. – Each law enforcement agency that uses body-worn cameras 19 or dashboard cameras shall adopt a policy applicable to the use of those cameras. 20 (i) No civil liability shall arise from compliance with the provisions of this section, 21 provided that the acts or omissions are made in good faith and do not constitute gross negligence, 22 willful or wanton misconduct, or intentional wrongdoing. 23 Fee for Copies. - A law enforcement agency may charge a fee to offset the cost (k) 24 incurred by it to make a copy of a recording for release. The fee shall not exceed the actual cost of 25 making the copy. 26 Attorneys' Fees. – The court may not award attorneys' fees to any party in any action (1)27 brought pursuant to this section." 28 **SECTION 2.(a)** Article 23 of Chapter 153A of the General Statutes is amended by 29 adding a new section to read: 30 "§ 153A-458. SBI and State Crime Laboratory access to view and analyze recordings. 31 The local law enforcement agency of any county that uses the services of the State Bureau of 32 Investigation or the North Carolina State Crime Laboratory to analyze a recording covered by 33 G.S. 132-1.4A shall, at no cost, provide access to a method to view and analyze the recording 34 upon request of the State Bureau of Investigation or the North Carolina State Crime Laboratory." 35 **SECTION 2.(b)** Article 21 of Chapter 160 of the General Statutes is amended by 36 adding a new section to read: 37 "§ 160A-490.1. SBI and State Crime Laboratory access to view and analyze recordings. 38 The local law enforcement agency of any city that uses the services of the State Bureau of 39 Investigation or the North Carolina State Crime Laboratory to analyze a recording covered by 40 G.S. 132-1.4A shall, at no cost, provide access to a method to view and analyze the recording upon request of the State Bureau of Investigation or the North Carolina State Crime Laboratory." 41 42 **SECTION 2.(c)** Article 9 of Chapter 114 of the General Statutes is amended by 43 adding a new section to read: "§ 114-64. SBI and State Crime Laboratory access to view and analyze recordings. 44 45 Any State or local law enforcement agency that uses the services of the State Bureau of Investigation or the North Carolina State Crime Laboratory to analyze a recording covered by 46 47 G.S. 132-1.4A shall, at no cost, provide access to a method to view and analyze the recording 48 upon request of the State Bureau of Investigation or the North Carolina State Crime Laboratory." 49 **SECTION 2.(d)** Chapter 15A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new 50 Article to read: 51 "Article 8A.

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1	"SBI and State Crime Laboratory Access to View and Analyze Recordings.					
2	"§ 15A-2	"§ 15A-220. SBI and State Crime Laboratory access to view and analyze recordings.				
3		Any State or local law enforcement agency that uses the services of the State Bureau of				
4			the North Carolina State Crime Laboratory to analyze a record	-		
5			hall, at no cost, provide access to a method to view and analy			
6			he State Bureau of Investigation or the North Carolina State Crin			
7			FION 3. G.S. 143-318.11(a) reads as rewritten:			
8	"(a)		itted Purposes It is the policy of this State that closed sessi-	ons shall be held		
9	only whe	n requii	red to permit a public body to act in the public interest as permitt	ed in this section.		
10	A public	body n	nay hold a closed session and exclude the public only when a	closed session is		
11	required:					
12						
13		<u>(10)</u>	To view a recording released pursuant to G.S. 132-1.4A."			
14		SEC	FION 4. Article 5C of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is ame	ended by adding a		
15	new secti					
16	" <u>§</u> 90-11	3.27.	Needle and hypodermic syringe exchange programs aut	horized; limited		
17		<u>immı</u>				
18	<u>(a)</u>		governmental or nongovernmental organization, including a local			
19			n organization that promotes scientifically proven ways of mitig	-		
20			drug use and other high-risk behaviors, may establish and open			
21	• •	-	nge exchange program. The objectives of the program shall be	e to do all of the		
22	<u>following</u>		Deduce the spread of UW AIDS wind here title and other hi	a dhaanaa dhaaaaaa		
23 24		<u>(1)</u>	Reduce the spread of HIV, AIDS, viral hepatitis, and other blo	boddorne diseases		
24 25		(2)	in this State. Reduce needle stick injuries to law enforcement officers and	other emergency		
23 26		<u>(2)</u>	personnel.	<u>other entergency</u>		
20 27		(3)	Encourage individuals who inject drugs to enroll in evidence-b	ased treatment		
28	<u>(b)</u>		ams established pursuant to this section shall offer all of the follo	-		
20 29	<u>(0)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	Disposal of used needles and hypodermic syringes.	<u>/wing.</u>		
30		$\frac{(1)}{(2)}$	Needles, hypodermic syringes, and other injection supplies a	at no cost and in		
31		<u> </u>	quantities sufficient to ensure that needles, hypodermic syn			
32			injection supplies are not shared or reused. No public funds			
33			purchase needles, hypodermic syringes, or other injection supp	•		
34		<u>(3)</u>	Reasonable and adequate security of program sites, equipmer	nt, and personnel.		
35			Written plans for security shall be provided to the police and			
36			with jurisdiction in the program location and shall be updated a	annually.		
37		<u>(4)</u>	Educational materials on all of the following:			
38			<u>a.</u> <u>Overdose prevention.</u>			
39			b. <u>The prevention of HIV, AIDS, and viral hepatitis transport</u>	<u>mission.</u>		
40			b.The prevention of HIV, AIDS, and viral hepatitis transicc.Drug abuse prevention.d.Treatment for mental illness, including treatment referr			
41						
42			e. <u>Treatment for substance abuse, including referrals</u>	for medication		
43		(-	assisted treatment.			
44		<u>(5)</u>	Access to naloxone kits that contain naloxone hydrochloride th	**		
45			the federal Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of			
46 47			or referrals to programs that provide access to naloxone hyd			
47 48			approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for the drug overdose.	ne ucalinent of a		
48 49		(6)	For each individual requesting services, personal consultation	s from a program		
49 50		<u>(6)</u>	employee or volunteer concerning mental health or addict			
50 51			appropriate.	aon treatment as		
51						

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(c) Notw	vithstanding any provision of the Controlled Substances Act	in Article 5 of
	ne General Statutes or any other law, no employee, volunteer, o	
· · ·	shed pursuant to this section shall be charged with or prosecuted	· ·
any of the follow		<u>1</u>
(1)	Needles, hypodermic syringes, or other injection supplies	obtained from or
	returned to a program established pursuant to this section.	
<u>(2)</u>	Residual amounts of a controlled substance contained in a	used needle, used
	hypodermic syringe, or used injection supplies obtained from	n or returned to a
	program established pursuant to this section.	
The limited	immunity provided in this subsection shall apply only if the	person claiming
<u>immunity</u> provi	des written verification that a needle, syringe, or other injecti	on supplies were
obtained from a	needle and hypodermic syringe exchange program established	d pursuant to this
section. In add	ition to any other applicable immunity or limitation on civi	<u>l liability, a law</u>
enforcement of	ficer who, acting on good faith, arrests or charges a person	who is thereafter
determined to b	e entitled to immunity from prosecution under this section shall	not be subject to
<u>civil liability for</u>	the arrest or filing of charges.	
(d) Prior	to commencing operations of a program established pursuant t	o this section, the
governmental or	nongovernmental organization shall report to the North Caroli	na Department of
Health and Hum	an Services, Division of Public Health, all of the following inform	mation:
<u>(1)</u>	The legal name of the organization or agency operating the pro-	ogram.
<u>(2)</u>	The areas and populations to be served by the program.	
<u>(3)</u>	The methods by which the program will meet the requirement	ents of subsection
	(b) of this section.	
	ater than one year after commencing operations of a program est	•
	and every 12 months thereafter, each organization operating suc	
-	ving information to the North Carolina Department of Health and	Human Services,
Division of Pub		
<u>(1)</u>	The number of individuals served by the program.	
<u>(2)</u>	The number of needles, hypodermic syringes, and needle	injection supplies
	dispensed by the program and returned to the program.	
<u>(3)</u>	The number of naloxone kits distributed by the program.	
<u>(4)</u>	The number and type of treatment referrals provided to indi	
	the program, including a separate report of the number of indiv	
	programs that provide access to naloxone hydrochloride that i	**
	federal Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of a d	
	TION 5. Sections 1, 2, and 3 of this act become effective Oct	
	lests made on or after that date for the disclosure or release of	a recording. The
remainder of thi	s act is effective when it becomes law.	