### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

H.B. 492 Mar 27, 2017 HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

D

H

1 2

#### **HOUSE BILL DRH30181-LH-45A** (02/03)

Short Title:	Increase Penalties for Certain Assaults.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Clampitt, Saine, and Dollar (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:		

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO INCREASE THE CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR ASSAULT ON ANY OF THE FOLLOWING PERSONS WHILE THE PERSON IS DISCHARGING OR ATTEMPTING TO DISCHARGE OFFICIAL DUTIES: FIREFIGHTERS, LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS, EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECHNICIANS, MEDICAL RESPONDERS, HOSPITAL PERSONNEL, LICENSED HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, LEGISLATIVE OFFICERS, JUDICIAL OFFICERS, AND ELECTED EXECUTIVE, LEGISLATIVE, AND JUDICIAL OFFICERS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.** G.S. 14-16.6 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 14-16.6. Assault on executive, legislative, or court officer.

- (a) Any person who assaults any legislative officer, executive officer, or court officer, or assaults another person as retaliation against any legislative officer, executive officer, or court officer because of the exercise of that officer's duties, or any person who makes a violent attack upon the residence, office, temporary accommodation or means of transport of any one of those officers or persons in a manner likely to endanger the officer or person, shall be guilty of a felony and shall be punished as a <u>Class IClass H</u> felon.
- (b) Any person who commits an offense under subsection (a) and uses a deadly weapon in the commission of that offense shall be punished as a <u>Class F Class E felon</u>.
- (c) Any person who commits an offense under subsection (a) and inflicts serious bodily injury to any legislative officer, executive officer, or court officer, shall be punished as a  $\frac{\text{Class}}{\text{EClass}}$  E felon."

#### **SECTION 2.** G.S. 14-16.7 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 14-16.7. Threats against executive, legislative, or court officers.

- (a) Any person who knowingly and willfully makes any threat to inflict serious bodily injury upon or to kill any legislative officer, executive officer, or court officer, or who knowingly and willfully makes any threat to inflict serious bodily injury upon or kill any other person as retaliation against any legislative officer, executive officer, or court officer because of the exercise of that officer's duties, shall be guilty of a felony and shall be punished as a Class I Class H felon.
- (b) Any person who knowingly and willfully deposits for conveyance in the mail any letter, writing, or other document or sends an electronic communication containing a threat to commit an offense described in subsection (a) of this section shall be guilty of a felony and shall be punished as a Class I Class H felon. For purposes of this subsection, "electronic communication" includes transmissions through an electronic device, including, but not limited



to, a telephone, cellular phone, computer, or pager, which communication includes, but is not limited to, e-mail, instant message, text message, or voice mail."

**SECTION 3.** G.S. 14-33(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) Unless the conduct is covered under some other provision of law providing greater punishment, any person who commits any assault, assault and battery, or affray assault or assault and battery is guilty of a Class A1 misdemeanor if, in the course of the assault, assault and battery, or affray, assault or assault and battery, he or she:

...."

**SECTION 4.** G.S. 14-34.2 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 14-34.2. Assault with a firearm or other deadly weapon upon governmental officers or employees, firefighters, company police officers, or campus police officers.

Unless a person's conduct is covered under some other provision of law providing greater punishment, any person who commits an assault with a firearm or any other deadly weapon upon an officer or employee of the State or of any political subdivision of the State, <u>a firefighter</u>, a company police officer certified pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 74E of the General Statutes, or a campus police officer certified pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 74G, Chapter 17C or Chapter 116 of the General Statutes, in the performance of his duties shall be guilty of a Class F felony."

**SECTION 5.** G.S. 14-34.6 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 14-34.6. Assault or affray on a firefighter, an emergency medical technician, medical responder, and hospital personnel.

- (a) A person is guilty of a <u>Class I Class H</u> felony if the person commits an assault or affray causing physical injury on any of the following persons who are discharging or attempting to discharge their official duties:
  - (1) An emergency medical technician or other emergency health care provider.
  - (2) A medical responder.
  - (3) Hospital personnel and licensed healthcare providers who are providing or attempting to provide health care services to a patient in a hospital.
  - (4) Repealed by Session Laws 2011-356, s. 2, effective December 1, 2011, and applicable to offenses committed on or after that date.
  - (5) A firefighter.
- (b) Unless a person's conduct is covered under some other provision of law providing greater punishment, a person is guilty of a Class H Class F felony if the person violates subsection (a) of this section and (i) inflicts serious bodily injury or (ii) uses a deadly weapon other than a firearm.
- (c) Unless a person's conduct is covered under some other provision of law providing greater punishment, a person is guilty of a <u>Class F Class E felony</u> if the person violates subsection (a) of this section and uses a firearm."

**SECTION 6.** Article 8 of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

#### "§ 14-34.11. Simple assault on an officer or employee of the State or local government.

Unless the conduct is covered under some other provision of law providing greater punishment, a person is guilty of a Class I felony if the person assaults an officer or employee of the State or any political subdivision of the State when the officer or employee is discharging or attempting to discharge his or her official duties."

**SECTION 7.** G.S. 14-288.9 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 14-288.9. Assault on emergency personnel; punishments.

- (a) An assault upon emergency personnel is an assault upon any person coming within the definition of "emergency personnel" which is committed in an area:
  - (1) In which a declared state of emergency exists; or
  - (2) Within the immediate vicinity of which a riot is occurring or is imminent.

1

(b)

emergency.

- 7
- 8 9 10
- Any person who commits an assault causing physical injury upon emergency personnel is guilty of a Class I Class H felony. Any person who commits an assault upon emergency personnel with or through the use of any dangerous weapon or substance shall be punished as a Class F Class E felon."
- **SECTION 8.** This act becomes effective December 1, 2017, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

ambulance attendants, firefighters, emergency medical responders, utility workers, doctors,

nurses, and other persons lawfully engaged in providing essential services during the

The term "emergency personnel" includes law-enforcement officers, firemen,