GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

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HOUSE BILL DRH30243-MLf-72A (02/07)

Short Title:	Revisions to Outdoor Advertising Laws.	(Public)
Sponsors:	ponsors: Representatives Lewis, Saine, Goodman, and Hanes (Primary Sponsors)	
Referred to:		

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED			
2	AN ACT TO INCREASE SELECTIVE VEGETATION REMOVAL PERMIT FEES AND TO			
3	CLARIFY STANDARDS FOR SELECTIVE VEGETATION REMOVAL.			
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:			
5	SECTION 1. G.S. 136-18.7 reads as rewritten:			
6	"§ 136-18.7. Fees.			
7	The fee for a selective vegetation removal permit issued pursuant to G.S. 136-18(5), (7),			
8	and (9) is two hundred dollars (\$200.00). Article 11 of this Chapter for an outdoor advertising			
9	location is (i) six hundred dollars (\$600.00) for the initial three-year period listed in			
10	G.S. 136-133.4 and (ii) two hundred dollars (\$200.00) for any subsequent three-year renewal			
11	period."			
12	SECTION 2. G.S. 136-93.2 reads as rewritten:			
13	"§ 136-93.2. Monetary value of trees.			
14	The monetary value for existing trees removed and eligible for reimbursement to the			
15	Department as provided in G.S. 136-93 or G.S. 136-133.1 from State rights-of-way shall be			
16	determined on an annual basis by the Department. In determining the value of existing trees			
17	removed, the average cost per caliper inch shall be based on the lower value of either the			
18	average wholesale commercial nursery prices for hardwood and conifer plants, times a 2.5			
19	multiplier for installation and warranty or the average cost per caliper inch for tree planting			
20	contracts let by the Department in the previous calendar year. The values shall be determined			
21	and published by the Department no later than December 15 of each year. The values			
22	established pursuant to this section shall be used in calculating the monetary value of trees			
23	removed from State rights of way beginning January 1 of each year. If the Department fails to			
24	publish changes in values by December 15, then the values existing on December 15 shall be			
25	applicable to existing trees removed and eligible for reimbursement for the following			
26	year.forty-five dollars (\$45.00) per caliper inch."			
27	SECTION 3. G.S. 136-128 reads as rewritten:			
28	"§ 136-128. Definitions.			
29	As used in this Article:			
30	(1) <u>Cross read face. – The left read advertising face for an off-premises outdoor</u>			
31	advertising sign that is intended for viewing and located on the opposite side			
32	of the highway to the flow of traffic on the main travel way.			
33	(2) Direct read face. – The right read advertising face for an off-premises			
34	outdoor advertising sign that is intended for viewing and located on the same			

side of the highway to the flow of traffic on the main travel way.



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1 2		"Erect" means to <u>Erect. – To</u> construct, build, raise, assem attach, create, paint, draw, or in any other way bring into bei	
2 3 4	(1a)(4)	"Illegal sign" means one <u>Illegal sign. – One</u> which was maintained in violation of State law.	-
4 5			n ana an aita
		"Information center" means an <u>Information center. – A</u>	
6 7		established and maintained at safety rest areas for the purp the public of places of interest within the State and prov	iding such other
8		information as the Department of Transportation may consid	
9		"Interstate system" means thatInterstate system. – That	
10		National System of Interstate and Defense Highways loo	
11		State, as officially designated, or as may hereafter be so de	•
12		Department of Transportation, or other appropriate authori	
13		so designated by interstate numbers. As to highways under	
14		designated as interstate highways pursuant to the above	-
15		highway shall be a part of the interstate system for the	
16		Article on the date the location of the highway has been app	proved finally by
17		the appropriate federal authorities.	
18		"Nonconforming sign" shall mean aNonconforming sign.	-
19		was lawfully erected but which does not comply with the pr	
20		law or State rules and regulations passed at a later date or w	
21		comply with State law or State rules or regulations	-
22		conditions. Illegally erected or maintained signs are not	nonconforming
23 24		signs. "Outdoor advartising" maans anvOutdoor advartising 🗛 🗛	ny outdoor sign
24 25		"Outdoor advertising" means any<u>Outdoor advertising. – A</u> display, light, device, figure, painting, drawing, message	
23 26		billboard, or any other thing which is designed, intended or	
20 27		or inform, any part of the advertising or information cont	
28		visible from any place on the main-traveled way of the inte	
29		system, whether the same be permanent or portable installati	
30		" Primary systems" means the Primary systems. – The fed	
31		system in existence on June 1, 1991, and any highway whi	
32		system but which is on the National Highway System. As to	-
33		construction so designated as primary highways pursua	
34		procedures, the highway shall be a part of the primary syst	
35		of this Article on the date the location of the highway ha	s been approved
36		finally by the appropriate federal or State authorities.	
37		"Safety rest area" means an <u>Safety rest area. – An</u> area or sit	
38		maintained within or adjacent to the highway right-of-w	
39 40		public supervision or control, for the convenience of the trav	• •
40		"State law" means a State law. $-A$ State constitutional pro	
41 42		or an ordinance, <u>a</u> rule or regulation enacted or adopted by a	
42 43		political subdivision of a State pursuant to athe State C	onstitution or <u>a</u>
43 44		statute. "Ungoned area" shall mean an Ungoned area. An area w	have there is no
44 45		"Unzoned area" shall mean an <u>Unzoned area. – An</u> area w zoning in effect.	mere mere is no
43 46		" Urban area" shall mean an<u>Urban area. – An</u> area within t	he houndaries or
40 47		limits of any incorporated municipality having a population	
48		or more as determined by the latest available federal census.	
49		Viewing edge of the sign. – For a multifaced outdoor adve	
50		has either back-to-back sign faces or v-typed sign faces, it is	
51		between the front edges of each sign face. For a single-	

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1		multifaced sign that has side-to-side sign faces, i	it is the back edge away
2		from the viewing zone of the sign face closest to the	
3	(9)<u>(15</u>	<u>i) "Visible" means capableVisible. – Capable</u> of be	
ŀ		legible) without visual aid by a person of normal vis	sual acuity."
		TION 4. G.S. 136-133.1 reads as rewritten:	
	"§ 136-133.1. O	utdoor advertising vegetation cutting or removal.	
	(a) The	6 6	permitted under G.S.
		<u>S. 136-129(4)</u> or <u>G.S. 136-129(a)(5)</u> <u>G.S. 136-129(5)</u>	
	U	val permit, and the owner's designees, may cut,	
		cordance with this section, G.S. 136-93(b), 136-13	
		removal zone for vegetation for each sign face shall b	
	(1)	The point located on the edge of the right-of-way t	-
		the centerline of the sign face viewing edge of the si	
	(2)	The point located 200 feet down the right of way l	
		sign viewing zone on the edge of the pavement of the	
		is closest to the viewing edge of the sign shall be po	
	(3)	The point on the edge of the pavement of the	
		acceleration and deceleration ramps, that is the cl	osest to the centerline of
		the sign 500 feet down the edge of the pavement of	-
		the direction of the sign viewing zone from point B	
	(4)	The farthest point 50 feet down the edge of the pay	
		the sign viewing zone from point Cof the sign face	e located from the edge of
		the right-of-way shall be point D.	
	(5)	The point 380 feet down the edge of the paveme	
		sign viewing zone from on the edge of the right-of-	
		and point D shall be point E; provided, however,	
		within the corporal limits and territorial jurisdiction	of any city, as defined in
		Chapter 160A of the General Statutes: E.	
		a. On interstates or other routes with fully co	
		340 feet down the edge of the pavement in	0
		viewing zone from point C shall be point E.	
		b. On highways other than interstates and	
		controlled access, the point 250 feet down	
		in the direction of the sign viewing zone from	om point C shall be point
		<u>E.</u>	
	<u>(5a)</u>	The point on a center median located directly oppo	-
		a cross read face viewing zone and immediately adj	
		the highway on the opposite side from the outdoor	<u>advertising sign shall be</u>
		point F.	
	<u>(5b)</u>	The point on a center median located directly oppo	
		a cross read face viewing zone and immediately adj	
		the highway on the opposite side from the outdoor	<u>advertising sign shall be</u>
		point G.	
	(6)	Lines drawn from point A to point \overline{DB} and from p	
		define the limits of the vegetation cut or removal	
		face. Lines drawn from point A to point B to point	-
		point C to point F shall define the limits of the v	regetation cut or removal
		area for a cross read face.	
	. ,	ithstanding any law to the contrary, in order t	1
	advertiser's right to be clearly viewed as set forth in G.S. 136-127, (i) the owner of an outdoor		
	advertising sign	who is a selective vegetation removal permittee sha	all be permitted to cut or

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1 remove vegetation on private property within the zones marked by points A to D to E with the 2 written permission of the landowner and (ii) the Department of Transportation, at the request of 3 a selective vegetation removal permittee, may approve plans for the cutting, thinning, pruning, 4 or removal of vegetation outside of the cut or removal zone defined in subsection (a) of this 5 section along acceleration or deceleration ramps or within gores, medians, or other areas of the 6 primary highway system so long as the view to the outdoor advertising sign will be improved 7 and the total aggregate area of cutting or removal does not exceed the maximum allowed in 8 subsection (a) of this section.safety of the traveling public is protected. 9 Vegetation permitted to be cut, thinned, pruned, or removed shall be defined as any (b)

10 tree, shrub, or underbrush within the zone created by points A, B, D, and E. Any existing tree 11 that was in existence at the time that an outdoor advertising structure was erected shall only be eligible for removal in accordance with subsections (c), (d), and (e) of this section. NativeTo 12 13 the extent possible, native dogwoods and native redbuds shall be preserved. A selective 14 vegetation removal permittee may relocate, and replace if necessary, any native dogwoods or native redbuds existing within the cut or removal zone established in subsection (a) of this 15 16 section to a location within 2,500 feet on either side of the outdoor advertising structure, as 17 measured along the edge of the pavement of the main travel way of the nearest controlled route. If a native dogwood or native redbud cannot be preserved during relocation, a selective 18 vegetation removal permittee shall replace the native dogwood or native redbud with native 19 20 dogwoods or native redbuds of the same cumulative caliper inches. For the purposes of this 21 section, an existing tree is defined as a tree that had a diameter of four inches or greater as 22 measured six inches from the ground at the time that the outdoor advertising structure was 23 erected. An outdoor advertising sign is considered erected when the sign is completely 24 constructed with a sign face.

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SECTION 5. G.S. 136-133.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-133.2. Issuance or denial of a selective vegetation removal permit.

28 Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section and G.S. 136-133.1(g), permits (a) 29 to remove vegetation may be granted for outdoor advertising locations that have been permitted 30 for at least two years prior to the date of application. The Department shall approve or deny an 31 application submitted pursuant to this section, including the fee required by G.S. 136-18.7 and 32 all required documentation, within 30 days of the receipt of an application for a selective 33 vegetation removal permit. If written notice of approval or denial is not given to the applicant 34 within the 30-day period, then the application shall be deemed approved. If the application is 35 denied, the Department shall advise the applicant, in writing, by registered or certified mail, 36 return receipt requested, addressed to the party to be noticed, and delivering to the addressee, 37 the reasons for the denial.

38 (b) Notwithstanding the two-year period required in subsection (a) of this section, 39 permits to remove vegetation may be granted for outdoor advertising locations (i) where 40 outdoor advertising has been relocated as allowed by law and (ii) that otherwise comply with 41 the requirements of this section and rules adopted by the Department in accordance with this 42 section."

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SECTION 6. G.S. 136-133.4 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-133.4. Selective vegetation removal permits.

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(b) Permits are valid for a period of one year. three years. The permittee may cut, thin,
prune, or remove vegetation more than one time per year. A 48-hour notification shall be
provided to the Department by the permittee before entering the right-of-way.

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50 (d) Any damage to vegetation designated to remain at the site, to highway fences, signs, 51 paved areas, or other facilities shall be repaired or replaced by the permittee to the condition

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1 prior to the occurrence of the damage caused by the permittee or the permittee's agent. All 2 trimmings, laps, and debrisExcept for authorized chips or when the Department and the 3 permittee or the permittee's agent agree in writing to the contrary, all cut vegetation shall be 4 removed from the right-of-way and disposed of in areas provided by the permittee.permittee 5 within 72 hours after commencement of the event that necessitated cutting the vegetation. No 6 burning or burying of trimmings, laps, or debriscut vegetation shall be permitted on the 7 highway right-of-way. When chipping is used to dispose of trimmings, cut vegetation, chips 8 may be neatly spread on a right-of-way at locations which the Department determines will not 9 be harmful to the environment or affect traffic safety. 10 " 11 **SECTION 7.** Notwithstanding any provision of Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the 12 General Statutes, no later than six months after the effective date of this act, the Department of 13 Transportation shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of this act. The Department of 14 Transportation shall use the following procedure to adopt rules to implement the provisions of 15 this act: 16 At least 15 business days prior to adopting a rule, submit the rule and a (1)17 notice of public hearing to the Codifier of Rules. The Codifier of Rules shall 18 publish the proposed rule and the notice of public hearing on the Internet 19 within five business days. 20 (2)At least 15 business days prior to adopting a rule, notify persons on the 21 mailing list maintained pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.2(d) and any other 22 interested parties of the Department of Transportation's intent to adopt a rule 23 and of the public hearing. 24 (3) Accept written comments on the proposed rule for at least 15 business days 25 prior to adoption of the rule. Hold at least one public hearing on the proposed rule no less than five days 26 (4) 27 after the rule and notice have been published. 28 A rule adopted in accordance with this section becomes effective on the first day of 29 the month following the month the Department of Transportation adopts the rule and submits 30 the rule to the Codifier of Rules for entry into the North Carolina Administrative Code. Any 31 rule adopted more than six months after the effective date of this act shall comply with the 32 requirement of Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. 33 **SECTION 8.** Any rule or policy adopted by the Department of Transportation that 34 does not comply with the provisions of this act shall be null, void, and without effect. 35 SECTION 9. If any provision of this act or its application is held invalid, the 36 invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this act that can be given effect 37 without the invalid provisions or applications, and to this end, the provisions of this act are 38 severable. 39 **SECTION 10.** Section 1 of this act and G.S. 136-133.4(b), as amended by Section 40 6 of this act, are effective when this act becomes law and apply to applications for permits 41 received on or after that date. Section 2 of this act is effective when this act becomes law and 42 applies to trees removed on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when this

43 act becomes law.