GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

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HOUSE BILL 425 **Committee Substitute Favorable 4/3/19** PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H425-PCS40428-BQ-17

Short Title: Increase and Expand Assault on/Resist of LEO. (Public)

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Sponsors:	
Referred to:	

March 25, 2019

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO INCREASE THE PUNISHMENT FOR A CHARGE OF ASSAULTING A LAW
3	ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, PROBATION OFFICER, OR PAROLE OFFICER THAT IS
4	DISCHARGING OR ATTEMPTING TO DISCHARGE THE OFFICER'S DUTIES
5	WHERE SERIOUS BODILY INJURY IS INFLICTED AND TO CREATE A RELATED
6	CRIMINAL CHARGE FOR INSTANCES WHEN AN OFFICER'S SERIOUS BODILY
7	INJURY IS CAUSED BY AN INDIVIDUAL RESISTING, DELAYING, OR
8	OBSTRUCTING THE OFFICER.
9	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
10	SECTION 1. G.S. 14-34.7 reads as rewritten:
11	"§ 14-34.7. Certain assaults on a law enforcement, probation, or parole officer, or on a
12	member of the North Carolina National Guard, or on a person employed at a
13	State or local detention facility; penalty.penalty; behavioral health exception.
14	(a) Unless covered under some other provision of law providing greater punishment, a
15	person is guilty of a Class F-E felony if the person assaults a law enforcement officer, probation
16	officer, or parole officer while the officer is discharging or attempting to discharge his or her
17	official duties and inflicts serious bodily injury on the officer.
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19	(d) It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution under this section that the conduct giving
20	rise to the charge was the result of a mental health or behavioral health disability.
21	(e) No law enforcement officer who, acting in good faith, charges a person for an offense
22	under this section shall be subject to civil liability."
23	SECTION 2. G.S. 14-223 reads as rewritten:
24	"§ 14-223. Resisting officers: officers; behavioral health exception.
25	If any person shall willfully and unlawfully resist, delay or obstruct a public officer in
26	discharging or attempting to discharge a duty of his office, he shall be guilty of a Class 2
27	misdemeanor.
28	(a) <u>Unless the conduct is covered under some other provision of law providing greater</u>
29	punishment, a person who willfully and unlawfully resists, delays, or obstructs a public officer
30	in discharging or attempting to discharge a duty of his or her office is guilty of the following:
31	(1) <u>A Class E felony if the person inflicts serious bodily injury on the officer.</u>
32	(2) <u>A Class A1 misdemeanor if the person inflicts physical injury on the officer.</u>
33	(3) <u>A Class 2 misdemeanor for any other violation of this section.</u>
34	(b) It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution under this section that the conduct giving
35	rise to the charge was the result of a mental health or behavioral health disability.



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- (c) No law enforcement officer who, acting in good faith, charges a person for an offense under this section shall be subject to civil liability." SECTION 3. This act becomes effective December 1, 2019, and applies to offenses 2 3 4
- committed on or after that date.