### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

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### **HOUSE BILL 222**

## Committee Substitute Favorable 4/11/19 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H222-PCS30434-TU-12

Short Title: M	Iodify Crim Penalties/NAIC Fraud Act- AB.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		
	February 28, 2019	
PREVENTION LAWS AND INSURANCE INSURANCE	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED INCORPORATE PORTIONS OF THE NAIC'S INSURANCE ON MODEL ACT LANGUAGE INTO NORTH CAROLINA'S IN O TO MODIFY CRIMINAL PENALTIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE FRAUD STATUTES, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE DEPART THE. Seembly of North Carolina enacts:	ISURANCE I CERTAIN
LANGUAGE	PRPORATE NAIC INSURANCE FRAUD PREVENTION MOTION 1.(a) G.S. 58-1-5 reads as rewritten:	DEL ACT
"§ 58-1-5. Defin	· ·	
In this Chapt	ter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:	
(1)	"Alien company" means a company incorporated or organized un	der the laws
(1a)	of any jurisdiction outside of the United States.  "Commercial aircraft" means aircraft used in domestic, flag, su commuter, or on-demand operations, as defined in Feder Administration Regulations, 14 C.F.R. § 119.3, as amended.	
(2)	"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Insurance of North an authorized designee of the Commissioner.	Carolina or
(3)	"Company" or "insurance company" or "insurer" includes any association, partnership, society, order, individual or agg individuals engaging or proposing or attempting to engage as princkind of insurance business, including the exchanging of reinterinsurance contracts between individuals, partnerships and c "Company" or "insurance company" or "insurer" does not mean North Carolina or any county, city, or other political subdivision of North Carolina.	regation of cipals in any eciprocal or corporations. the State of
(4)	"Department" means the Department of Insurance of North Carol	lina.
(5)	"Domestic company" means a company incorporated or organize laws of this State.	
(6)	"Foreign company" means a company incorporated or organize laws of the United States or of any jurisdiction within the United than this State.	



"Fraudulent insurance act" means an act or omission affecting the business of 1 (6a) 2 insurance committed by a person with the intent to injure, defraud, or deceive 3 another person in violation of this Chapter. 4 "NAIC" means the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. (7) 5 (8) Repealed by Session Laws 1999-219, s. 5.5. 6 "Person" means an individual, partnership, firm, association, corporation, (9)7 joint-stock company, trust, any similar entity, or any combination of the 8 foregoing acting in concert. 9 The singular form includes the plural, and the masculine form includes the (10)10 feminine wherever appropriate." 11 **SECTION 1.(b)** G.S. 58-2-50 reads as rewritten: 12 "§ 58-2-50. Examinations, hearings, and investigations. 13 All examinations, hearings, and investigations provided for by this Chapter may be 14 conducted by the Commissioner personally or by one or more deputies, investigators, actuaries, examiners or employees designated for the purpose. If the Commissioner or any investigator 15 16 appointed to conduct the investigations is of the opinion that there is evidence to charge any 17 person or persons with a criminal violation of any provision of this Chapter, the Commissioner 18 may arrest with warrant or cause the person or persons to be arrested. 19 All hearings shall, unless otherwise specially provided, be held in accordance with 20 this Article and Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes and at a time and place 21 designated in a written notice given by the Commissioner to the person cited to appear. The 22 notice shall state the subject of inquiry and the specific charges, if any. 23 The Commissioner may investigate and assist in the prosecution of suspected 24 fraudulent insurance acts and persons engaged in the business of insurance. 25 The Commissioner shall have the authority to do all of the following: (d) 26 (1) Inspect, copy, and collect records and evidence. Issue and serve subpoenas. 27 (2) Administer oaths and affirmations. 28 (3) 29 Share records and evidence with federal, state, or local law enforcement, or (4) 30 regulatory agencies. Obtain and execute search warrants and arrest warrants for criminal violations 31 <u>(5)</u> 32 of this Chapter. 33 Arrest upon probable cause without warrant a person found in the act of (6) 34 violating or attempting to violate a provision of this Chapter. 35 Make criminal referrals to prosecuting authorities. <u>(7)</u> Conduct investigations outside of this State. If the information the 36 (8) 37 Commissioner seeks to obtain is located outside this State, the person from 38 whom the information is sought may make the information available to the 39 Commissioner to examine at the place where the information is located. The 40 Commissioner may designate representatives, including officials of the state 41 in which the matter is located, to inspect the information on behalf of the 42 Commissioner, and the Commissioner may respond to similar requests from 43 officials of other states. 44 A person shall not knowingly or intentionally interfere with the enforcement of the provisions of this Chapter or investigations of suspected or actual violations of this Chapter." 45 **SECTION 1.(c)** G.S. 58-2-160 reads as rewritten: 46 47 "§ 58-2-160. Reporting and investigation of insurance and reinsurance fraud-fraudulent insurance acts and the financial condition of licensees; immunity from liability. 48

(a) As used in this section, "Commissioner" includes an employee, agent, or designee of the Commissioner. A person, or an employee or agent of that person, acting without actual malice, is not subject to civil liability for libel, slander, or any other cause of action by virtue of

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- furnishing to the Commissioner under the requirements of law or at the direction of the Commissioner reports or other information relating to (i) any known or suspected fraudulent insurance or reinsurance claim, transaction, or act or (ii) the financial condition of any licensee. In the absence of actual malice, members of the NAIC, their duly authorized committees, subcommittees, task forces, delegates, and employees, and all other persons charged with the responsibility of collecting, reviewing, analyzing, or disseminating the information developed from filings of financial statements or examinations of licensees are not subject to civil liability for libel, slander, or any other cause of action by virtue of their collection, review, analysis, or dissemination of the data and information collected from such filings or examinations.
- (b) The Commissioner, acting without actual malice, is not subject to civil liability for libel or slander by virtue of an investigation of (i) any known or suspected fraudulent insurance or reinsurance claim, transaction, or act or (ii) the financial condition of any licensee; or by virtue of the publication or dissemination of any official report related to any such investigation, which report is published or disseminated in the absence of fraud, bad faith, or actual malice on the part of the Commissioner. The Commissioner is not subject to civil liability in relation to the collecting, reviewing, analyzing, or dissemination of information that is developed by the NAIC from the filing of financial statements with the NAIC or from the examination of insurers by the NAIC and that is communicated to the Commissioner, including any investigation or publication or dissemination of any report or other information in relation thereto, which report is published or disseminated in the absence of fraud, bad faith, negligence, or actual malice on the part of the Commissioner.
- (c) During the course of an investigation of (i) a known or suspected fraudulent insurance or reinsurance claim, transaction, or act or (ii) the financial condition of any licensee, the Commissioner may request any person to furnish copies of any information relative to the (i) known or suspected claim, transaction, or act or (ii) financial condition of the licensee. The person shall release the information requested and cooperate with the Commissioner pursuant to this section."

**SECTION 1.(d)** Article 2 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

# "§ 58-2-166. Fraudulent insurance act warning required on claim for payment or other benefit or on application for insurance.

(a) Claims for payment or other benefits or applications for issuance of an insurance policy, regardless of the form of transmission, shall contain the following statement or a substantially similar statement:

"Any person who knowingly presents or causes to be presented a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information on an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison."

- (b) The lack of a statement as required in subsection (a) of this section does not constitute a defense in any prosecution for a fraudulent insurance act as defined in G.S. 58-1-5.
- (c) Policies issued by nonadmitted insurers shall contain a statement disclosing the status of the insurer to do business in the state where the policy is delivered or issued for delivery or the state where coverage is in force. The requirement of this subsection may be satisfied by a disclosure specifically required by G.S. 58-21-45 or G.S. 58-22-20.
- (d) The requirements of this section shall not apply to reinsurance claims forms or reinsurance applications."

**SECTION 1.(e)** Article 2 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

### "§ 58-2-167. Insurer antifraud initiatives.

(a) <u>Insurers shall have in place antifraud initiatives reasonably calculated to detect, prosecute, and prevent fraudulent insurance acts as defined in G.S. 58-1-5. At the discretion of the Commissioner, the Commissioner may order, or an insurer may request and the</u>

- Commissioner may grant, such modifications of the following required initiatives as necessary to ensure an effective antifraud program. The modifications may be more or less restrictive than the required initiatives so long as the modifications may reasonably be expected to accomplish the purpose of this section.
  - (b) The antifraud initiatives shall include the following:
    - (1) Fraud investigators, who may be insurer employees or independent contractors.
    - (2) An antifraud plan, which shall be submitted to the Commissioner. The antifraud plan shall include the following:
      - <u>a.</u> <u>A description of the procedures for detecting and investigating possible fraudulent insurance acts.</u>
      - <u>b.</u> A description of the procedures for reporting possible fraudulent insurance acts to the Commissioner.
      - c. A description of the plan of antifraud education and training of underwriters and other personnel.
      - <u>d.</u> Any other information required by the Commissioner.
  - (c) Antifraud plans submitted to the Commissioner under this section are proprietary, privileged, and confidential, are not public records under G.S. 132-1 or G.S. 58-2-100, and are not subject to discovery or subpoena in a civil or criminal action."

**SECTION 1.(f)** Article 2 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

### "§ 58-2-168. Confidentiality.

- (a) <u>Information and evidence provided under G.S. 58-2-160 or G.S. 58-2-163 or obtained by the Commissioner in an investigation of suspected or actual fraudulent insurance acts shall be privileged and confidential, are not public records, and are not subject to discovery or subpoena in a civil or criminal action.</u>
- (b) <u>In order to assist in the performance of the Commissioner's duties, the Commissioner may do any of the following:</u>
  - (1) May share documents, materials, or other information, including the confidential and privileged documents, materials, or information subject to subsection (a) of this section, with other state, federal, and international regulatory agencies, with the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, provided that the recipient agrees to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the documents, materials, or other information.
  - May receive documents, materials, or other information, including otherwise confidential and privileged documents, materials, or information, from the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, and from regulatory officials of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions, and shall maintain as confidential or privileged any documents, materials, or information received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the documents, materials, or information.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the Commissioner from providing information to or receiving information from any local, state, federal, or international law enforcement authorities, including any prosecuting authority, or from complying with subpoenas or other lawful process in criminal actions, or as may otherwise be provided in this Article.
- (d) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the documents, materials, or information shall occur as a result of disclosure to the Commissioner under this section or as a result of sharing, as authorized in subsection (b) of this section."

**SECTION 1.(g)** Article 2 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 58-2-169. Other law enforcement or regulatory authority.

Session 2019 1 This Article does none of the following: (a) 2 Preempt the authority or relieve the duty of other law enforcement or (1) regulatory agencies to investigate, examine, and prosecute suspected 3 4 violations of law. 5 Prevent or prohibit a person from disclosing voluntarily information **(2)** concerning fraudulent insurance acts to a law enforcement or regulatory 6 agency other than the Commissioner. 7 Limit the powers granted elsewhere by the laws of this State to the 8 (3) 9 Commissioner to investigate and examine possible violations of law and to 10 take appropriate action against wrongdoers." 11 **SECTION 1.(h)** The catch line of G.S. 58-58-267 reads as rewritten: 12 "§ 58-58-267. Fraud-Fraudulent viatical settlement act warning required." **SECTION 1.(i)** G.S. 58-58-285 reads as rewritten: 13 14 "§ 58-58-285. Other law enforcement or regulatory authority. This Part does not: none of the following: 15 Preempt the authority or relieve the duty of other law enforcement or 16 (1) 17 regulatory agencies to investigate, examine, and prosecute suspected violations of law. 18 19 Prevent or prohibit a person from disclosing voluntarily information (2) 20 concerning viatical settlement fraud to a law enforcement or regulatory 21 agency other than the Commissioner. 22 Limit the powers granted elsewhere by the laws of this State to the (3) 23 Commissioner to investigate and examine possible violations of law and to 24 take appropriate action against wrongdoers." 25 **SECTION 1.(j)** Subsections (d) and (e) of this section become effective January 1, 26 2020. 27 28 PART II. MODIFY CERTAIN CRIMINAL PENALTIES 29 **SECTION 2.(a)** G.S. 58-2-161 reads as rewritten: 30 "§ 58-2-161. False statement to procure or deny benefit of insurance policy or certificate. 31 . . . 32 (b) Any person It shall be unlawful for any person who, with the intent to injure, defraud, 33 or deceive an insurer or insurance claimant; claimant, does any of the following: 34 Presents or causes to be presented a written or oral statement, including (1) 35 computer-generated documents as part of, in support of, or in opposition to, a 36 claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy, knowing 37 that the statement contains false or misleading information concerning any 38 fact or matter material to the claim, orclaim. 39 Assists, abets, solicits, or conspires with Assists or abets another person to (2) 40 prepare or make any written or oral statement that is intended to be presented 41 to an insurer or insurance claimant in connection with, in support of, or in 42 opposition to, a claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy, knowing that the statement contains false or misleading information 43 concerning a fact or matter material to the claim is guilty of claim. 44 Any person who violates subsection (b) of this section shall be penalized as follows: 45 (c) If the value of the claim for payment or other benefit sought is less than one 46 (1) 47 thousand dollars (\$1,000), it shall be a Class 1 misdemeanor. 48 If the value of the claim for payment or other benefit sought is one thousand **(2)** 

If the value of the claim for payment or other benefit sought is fifty thousand

dollars (\$1,000) or more, it shall be a Class H felony.

dollars (\$50,000) or more, it shall be a Class E felony.

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If the value of the claim for payment or other benefit sought is one hundred (4) thousand dollars (\$100,000) or more, it shall be a Class C felony.

In addition to any other penalties authorized by law, a violation of this section may be punishable by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each violation.

- Each claim shall may be considered a separate count. Upon conviction, if the court imposes probation, the court may order the defendant to pay restitution as a condition of probation. In determination of the amount of restitution pursuant to G.S. 15A-1343(d), the reasonable costs and attorneys' fees incurred by the victim in the investigation of, and efforts to recover damages arising from, the claim, may be considered part of the damage caused by the defendant arising out of the offense.
- In a civil cause of action for recovery based upon a claim for which a defendant has been convicted under this section, the conviction may be entered into evidence against the defendant. The court may award the prevailing party compensatory damages, attorneys' fees, costs, and reasonable investigative costs. If the prevailing party can demonstrate that the defendant has engaged in a pattern of violations of this section, the court may award treble damages."

**SECTION 2.(b)** G.S. 58-2-164 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 58-2-164. Rate evasion fraud; prevention programs.

- It shall be a Class 3-Class 1 misdemeanor for any person who, with the intent to deceive an insurer, does any of the following:
  - Presents or causes to be presented a written or oral statement in support of an application for issuance of or amendment to a policy of auto insurance, knowing that the application contains false or misleading information that states the applicant is an eligible risk when the applicant is not an eligible risk.
  - (2) Assists, abets, solicits, or conspires with Assists or abets another person to prepare or make any written or oral statement that is intended to be presented to an insurer in connection with or in support of an application for issuance of or amendment to a policy of auto insurance, if the person knows that the statement contains false or misleading information that states the applicant is an eligible risk when the applicant is not an eligible risk.

In addition to any other penalties authorized by law, a violation of this subsection may be punishable by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation.

- If the violation of subsection (b) of this section is committed with respect to an application for insurance or amendment to a policy of auto insurance for more than one passenger vehicle, the person shall be guilty of a Class H felony.
- It shall be a Class H felony for any applicant who, with the intent to deceive an insurer, knowingly violates G.S. 58-2-164(b) for the purpose of obtaining auto insurance covering one or more vehicles, the operation of which requires a Commercial Drivers License pursuant to G.S. 20-4.01(3c).

In addition to any other penalties authorized by law, a violation of this subsection may be punishable by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each violation.

**SECTION 2.(c)** G.S. 58-3-150 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

- It shall be unlawful for any person who, with the intent to injure, defraud, or deceive, "(h) prepares, issues, or requests a certificate of insurance that meets the criteria of subdivision (2) or (3) of subsection (f) of this section. The person violating this subsection shall be punished as follows:
  - <u>(1)</u> If the value of the certificate of insurance is less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), it shall be a Class 1 misdemeanor.

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1	(2) If the value of the certificate of insurance is five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or
2	more, it shall be a Class I felony."
3	<b>SECTION 2.(d)</b> This section becomes effective December 1, 2019, and applies to
4	offenses committed on or after that date.
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6	PART III. EFFECTIVE DATE
7	<b>SECTION 3.</b> Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes
8	law.