# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

S D

#### **SENATE BILL 5**

# Second Edition Engrossed 2/20/19 House Committee Substitute Favorable 7/10/19 House Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 7/15/19 PROPOSED HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE S5-PCS15394-BN-36

Short Title:	School Safety Omnibus.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

## January 31, 2019

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO ESTABLISH THAT SCHOOL SAFETY REQUIREMENTS APPLY TO ALL PUBLIC SCHOOLS, CLARIFY THE POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE CENTER FOR SAFER SCHOOLS, REQUIRE REPORTING ON THE OPERATIONAL STATUS OF ALL PUBLIC SCHOOLS DURING STATES OF EMERGENCY, DEFINE THE TERM "SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICER" AND REQUIRE TRAINING FOR SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICERS, REQUIRE ANNUAL VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENTS FOR EACH PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDING, REQUIRE THREAT ASSESSMENT TEAMS BE ESTABLISHED AT EACH PUBLIC SCHOOL AND CODIFY THE DUTIES OF THREAT ASSESSMENT TEAMS, REQUIRE LME/MCOS TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE TO STUDENTS REFERRED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, REQUIRE LOCAL BOARDS OF EDUCATION TO REQUIRE PEER-TO-PEER SUPPORT PROGRAMS AT ALL SCHOOLS WITH GRADES SIX AND HIGHER, AUTHORIZE THE TRANSFER OF

APPLICATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF A DIGITAL PANIC ALARM APPLICATION, AND PROVIDE FOR TRAUMA KITS IN SCHOOLS.

UNENCUMBERED FUNDS PROVIDED FOR THE ANONYMOUS SAFETY TIP LINE

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

1 2

# PART I. REQUIREMENTS FOR SCHOOL SAFETY FOR ALL PUBLIC SCHOOLS

**SECTION 1.(a)** G.S. 115C-105.46, 115C-105.47A, and 115C-105.48 are codified into Part 1 of Article 8C of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes, Local Plans for Alternative Schools/Alternative Learning Programs and Maintaining Safe and Orderly Schools. Part 1 shall be entitled "Local Plans for Alternative Schools/Alternative Learning Programs." The remaining sections of Article 8C of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes shall be codified into Part 2, which shall be entitled "Maintaining Safe and Orderly Schools."

**SECTION 1.(b)** G.S. 115C-105.49 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 115C-105.49. School safety exercises.

(a) At least once annually, each <u>local school administrative public school unit shall</u> require each school under its control to hold a full school-wide tabletop exercise and drill based on the procedures documented in its School Risk Management Plan (<u>SRMP</u>). (<u>SRMP</u>) and shall report the date and time the drill is conducted to the Center for Safer Schools. The drill shall include a practice school lockdown due to an intruder on school grounds. Each school is



encouraged to hold a tabletop exercise and drill for multiple hazards included in its SRMP. Schools are strongly encouraged to include local law enforcement agencies and emergency management agencies in their tabletop exercises and drills. The purpose of the tabletop exercises and drills shall be to permit participants to (i) discuss simulated emergency situations in a low-stress environment, (ii) clarify their roles and responsibilities and the overall logistics of dealing with an emergency, and (iii) identify areas in which the SRMP needs to be modified.

. . .

(d) The Department of Public Safety, Division of Emergency Management, and the Center for Safer Schools shall provide guidance and recommendations to local school administrative public school units on the types of multiple hazards to plan and respond to, including intruders on school grounds."

**SECTION 1.(c)** G.S. 115C-105.49A(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) In constructing the SRRMS, the Division of Emergency Management and the Center for Safer Schools shall leverage the existing enterprise risk management database, the School Risk Management Planning tool managed by the Division. The Division shall also leverage the local school administrative public school unit and participating nonpublic school schematic diagrams of school facilities. Where technically feasible, the SRRMS shall integrate any anonymous tip lines established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.51 and any 911-initiated panic alarm systems authorized as part of a SRMP pursuant to G.S. 115C-47(40). The Division and the Center for Safer Schools shall collaborate with the Department of Public Instruction and the North Carolina 911 Board in the design, implementation, and maintenance of the SRRMS."

**SECTION 1.(d)** G.S. 115C-105.52 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 115C-105.52. School crisis kits.

The Department of Public Instruction, in consultation with the Department of Public Safety through the North Carolina Center for Safer Schools, may develop and adopt policies on the placement of school crisis kits in schools and on the contents of those kits. The kits should include, at a minimum, basic first-aid supplies, communications devices, and other items recommended by the International Association of Chiefs of Police.

The principal of each school, in coordination with the law enforcement agencies that are part of the local board of education's public school unit's School Risk Management Plan, may place one or more crisis kits at appropriate locations in the school."

**SECTION 1.(e)** G.S. 115C-105.53 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 115C-105.53. Schematic diagrams and emergency access to school buildings for local law enforcement agencies.

- (a) Each local school administrative—public school unit shall provide the following to local law enforcement agencies: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) either keys to the main entrance of all school buildings or emergency access to key storage devices such as KNOX® boxes for all school buildings. Local school administrative—Public school units shall provide updates of the schematic diagrams to local law enforcement agencies when substantial modifications such as new facilities or modifications to doors and windows are made to school buildings. Local school administrative—Public school units shall also be responsible for providing local law enforcement agencies with updated access to school buildings when changes are made to the locks of the main entrances or to key storage devices such as KNOX® boxes.
- (b) The Department of Public Instruction, in consultation with the Department of Public Safety, shall develop standards and guidelines for the preparation and content of schematic diagrams and necessary updates. <u>Local school administrative Public school units and participating nonpublic schools may use these standards and guidelines to assist in the preparation of their schematic diagrams.</u>

50 ...."

**SECTION 1.(f)** G.S. 115C-105.54(a) reads as rewritten:

read:

"(a) Each local school administrative public school unit shall provide the following to the Division of Emergency Management (Division) at the Department of Public Safety: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) emergency response information requested by the Division for the School Risk Management Plan (SRMP). Local school administrative Public school units shall also provide updated schematic diagrams and emergency response information to the Division when such updates are made. The Division shall ensure that the diagrams and emergency response information are securely stored and distributed as provided in the SRMP to first responders, emergency personnel, and school personnel and approved by the Department of Public Instruction."

**SECTION 1.(g)** G.S. 115C-218.75(b), (d), and (e) are repealed.

**SECTION 1.(h)** G.S. 115C-218.75 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(g) Each charter school shall comply with the applicable requirements of Part 2 of Article 8C of this Chapter."

**SECTION 1.(i)** G.S. 115C-238.66(7a), (7b), (7c), and (7d) are repealed.

**SECTION 1.(j)** G.S. 115C-238.66 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(14) Each regional school shall comply with the applicable requirements of Part 2 of Article 8C of this Chapter."

**SECTION 1.(k)** G.S. 116-239.8(b)(10), (11), (12), and (13) are repealed.

**SECTION 1.(1)** G.S. 116-239.8(b) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(17) Laboratory schools shall comply with the applicable requirements of Part 2 of Article 8C of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes."

**SECTION 1.(m)** G.S. 115C-75.9 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(h1) School Safety. – Innovative schools shall comply with the applicable requirements of Part 2 of Article 8C of this Chapter."

**SECTION 1.(n)** Article 9C of Chapter 115C is amended by adding a new section to

#### "§ 115C-150.16. School safety.

A school governed by this Article shall comply with the applicable requirements of Part 2 of Article 8C of this Chapter."

**SECTION 1.(o)** Article 4 of Chapter 116 is amended by adding a new section to read:

## "§ 116-69.2. School safety.

The school shall comply with the applicable requirements of Part 2 of Article 8C of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes."

**SECTION 1.(p)** G.S. 116-235 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(j) School Safety. – The school shall comply with the applicable requirements of Part 2 of Article 8C of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes."

**SECTION 1.(q)** G.S. 115C-551 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 115C-551. Voluntary participation in the State programs.

- (a) Any such private church school or school of religious charter may, on a voluntary basis, participate in any State operated or sponsored program which would otherwise be available to such school, including but not limited to the high school competency testing and statewide testing programs.
- (b) All private church schools and all schools of religious charter are strongly encouraged to do the following:
  - (1) School Risk Management Plan. In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, the school may utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a

public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall 1 2 not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. 3 Schematic diagrams and school crisis kits. – Provide schematic diagrams and **(2)** 4 keys to the main entrance of school facilities to local law enforcement 5 agencies, in addition to implementing the provisions in G.S. 115C-105.52. 6 School safety exercises. - At least once a year, hold a full school-wide (3) lockdown exercise with local law enforcement and emergency management 7 8 agencies that are part of the private school's SRMP. 9 Safety information provided to the Department of Public Safety, Division of <u>(4)</u> Emergency Management. – Provide the following: (i) schematic diagrams, 10 11 including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) emergency response information requested by the Division for the SRMP. The schematic diagrams 12 13 and emergency response information are not considered public records as the 14 term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6." 15 16 **SECTION 1.(r)** G.S. 115C-559 reads as rewritten: 17 "§ 115C-559. Voluntary participation in the State programs. Any such qualified nonpublic school may, on a voluntary basis, participate in any 18 19 State operated or sponsored program which would otherwise be available to such school, 20 including but not limited to the high school competency testing and statewide testing programs. 21 All qualified nonpublic schools are strongly encouraged to do the following: 22 School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement (1) 23 agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents 24 of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, the school 25 may utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a 26 public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall 27 28 not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. 29 Schematic diagrams and school crisis kits. – Provide schematic diagrams and <u>(2)</u> 30 keys to the main entrance of school facilities to local law enforcement agencies, in addition to implementing the provisions in G.S. 115C-105.52. 31 32 School safety exercises. - At least once a year, hold a full school-wide (3) 33 lockdown exercise with local law enforcement and emergency management 34 agencies that are part of the private school's SRMP. 35 Safety information provided to the Department of Public Safety, Division of <u>(4)</u> 36 Emergency Management. – Provide the following: (i) schematic diagrams, 37 including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) emergency response 38 information requested by the Division for the SRMP. The schematic diagrams 39 and emergency response information are not considered public records as the 40 term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6." 41

**SECTION 1.(s)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies beginning with the 2019-2020 school year.

# PART II. CLARIFY THE POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE CENTER FOR SAFER SCHOOLS

**SECTION 2.(a)** G.S. 115C-105.57 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 115C-105.57. Center for Safer Schools.

42

43

44 45

46

47

48

49

50

51

(a) Center for Safer Schools Established. – There is established the Center for Safer Schools. The Center for Safer Schools shall be administratively located in the Department of Public Instruction. The Center for Safer Schools shall consist of an executive director Executive

Page 4 Senate Bill 5 S5-PCS15394-BN-36

2 3

<u>Director</u> appointed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction and such other professional, administrative, technical, and clerical personnel as may be necessary to assist the Center for Safer Schools in carrying out its powers and duties.

- (b) Executive Director. The Executive Director shall report to and serve at the pleasure of the Superintendent of Public Instruction at a salary established by the Superintendent within the funds appropriated for this purpose.
- (c) Powers and Duties. The Center for Safer Schools shall have <u>the following duties</u> and all <u>other powers</u> and duties provided in this <u>Article:Article:</u>
  - (1) Serve as a resource and referral center for the State by conducting research, sponsoring workshops, and providing information regarding current school safety concerns.
  - (2) Provide training and professional development for public school personnel in the development and implementation of initiatives promoting school safety, including ensuring school personnel know how to properly engage school resource officers.
  - (3) Maintain and disseminate information to public schools on effective school safety initiatives in North Carolina and across the nation, including proper engagement of school resource officers by school personnel.
  - (4) Collect, analyze, and disseminate various North Carolina school safety data.
  - (5) Provide technical and instructional assistance to facilitate the development of partnerships between the public and private sectors to promote school safety in North Carolina.
  - (6) Recommend a system of accountability to the General Assembly to document school safety exercises, including practice school lockdowns, required by G.S. 115C-105.49.
  - (7) Assist law enforcement officers assigned to schools and their agencies in active shooter response drills and other pertinent school safety-related training.
  - (8) Collaborate with the North Carolina Justice Academy, the North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Training Standards Commission, and the North Carolina Sheriffs' Education and Training Standards Commission to establish and maintain updated training curriculum for school resource officers.
  - (9) Coordinate grants for school resource officers in elementary and middle schools and ensure that training requirements for school resource officers funded by those grants are met.
  - (10) Provide technical assistance to public school units in the development and implementation of initiatives promoting school safety.
- (d) Agency Cooperation. All State agencies and departments shall cooperate with the Center for Safer Schools in carrying out its powers and duties, as necessary, in accordance with this Article. The Center of Safer Schools shall coordinate, collaborate, and seek information as necessary to carry out its duties and responsibilities from State and local government agencies, who shall provide information upon request to the Center. These agencies include the following:
  - (1) Department of Public Safety.
  - (2) Department of Health and Human Services.
  - (3) Department of Public Instruction.
    - (4) North Carolina Justice Academy.
    - (5) Governor's Crime Commission.
- 49 (6) <u>State Bureau of Investigation Fusion Center, Information Sharing, and Analysis Center.</u>
  - (7) Governing bodies of public school units.

1 (8) <u>Local law enforcement agencies.</u> 2 (e) <u>Task Force Guidance. – The Center of</u>

(e) <u>Task Force Guidance. – The Center of Safer Schools shall receive guidance and</u> advice from the Task Force for Safer Schools."

**SECTION 2.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law.

4 5 6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

3

# PART III. STATE OF EMERGENCY OPERATIONAL STATUS REPORTING

**SECTION 3.(a)** Article 8C of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

# "§ 115C-105.50. State of emergency operational reports.

- (a) For purposes of this section, the term "countywide state of emergency" means a state of emergency with a defined area covering the entirety of the jurisdiction of a county declared by any of the following:
  - (1) The President of the United States, under the Stafford Act (P.L. 93-288).
  - (2) The General Assembly, under G.S. 166A-19.20.
  - (3) The Governor, under G.S. 166A-19.20.
  - (4) The governing body of a county, under G.S. 166A-19.22.
- (b) <u>In the event of a countywide state of emergency, each public school unit in the county under the state of emergency shall report the operational status of all schools in the unit's jurisdiction to each of the following as long as the countywide state of emergency is in place:</u>
  - (1) Department of Public Safety, Division of Emergency Management.
  - (2) The local emergency management agency for that county.
  - (3) Local board of county commissioners or designee."

**SECTION 3.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies beginning with the 2019-2020 school year.

242526

27

28 29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41 42

43

44

45

46 47

48

49 50

# PART IV. SCHOOL RESOURCE OFFICER DEFINED/TRAINING STANDARDS/REPORTS

**SECTION 4.(a)** Article 8C of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

# "§ 115C-105.70. School resource officer.

- (a) A school resource officer is any law enforcement officer assigned to one or more public schools within a public school unit for at least 20 hours per week for more than 12 weeks per calendar year to assist with all of the following, consistent with any written memorandum of understanding between the public school unit and the law enforcement agency governing the school resource officer:
  - (1) School safety.
  - (2) School security.
  - (3) Emergency preparedness.
  - (4) Emergency response.
  - (5) Any additional responsibilities related to school safety or security assigned by the officer's employer while the officer is acting as a school resource officer.
- (b) All school resource officers shall comply with initial training standards, as established by subsection (c) of this section, within one year of being assigned as a school resource officer. After initial training, all school resource officers shall comply with continuing education standards, as established by subsection (c) of this section.
- (c) The North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Training Standards Commission and the North Carolina Sheriffs' Education and Training Standards Commission, in collaboration with the Center for Safer Schools and the Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Abuse, shall establish initial training and continuing education standards for school resource officers. These standards shall,

Page 6 Senate Bill 5 S5-PCS15394-BN-36

at a minimum, include training on the following topics: mental health, students with disabilities, racial equity, and crisis intervention and de-escalation."

**SECTION 4.(b)** G.S. 17C-6(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(19) Establish initial training and continuing education training standards for school resource officers, as set forth in G.S. 115C-105.70."

**SECTION 4.(c)** G.S. 17E-4(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(17) Establish initial training and continuing education training standards for school resource officers, as set forth in G.S. 115C-105.70."

**SECTION 4.(d)** The North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Training Standards Commission and the North Carolina Sheriffs' Education and Training Standards Commission, in collaboration with the Center for Safer Schools and the Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, and Substance Abuse, shall establish initial training standards for school resource officers no later than January 15, 2020.

**SECTION 4.(e)** Article 8C of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

## "§ 115C-105.71. School resource officer reports.

- (a) Each public school unit shall report by September 15, 2019, and annually thereafter, in writing to the Center for Safer Schools the number of school resource officers and the placement of each school resource officer in the public school unit. This report shall include the source of funding and method of employment for each school resource officer position.
- (b) The Center for Safer Schools shall report by November 15, 2019, and annually thereafter, to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee an executive summary and the disaggregated data for each public school unit regarding the information reported by public school units pursuant to subsection (a) of this section."

**SECTION 4.(f)** This section is effective when it becomes law. Subsection (a) of this section applies to school resource officers assigned on or after January 1, 2020. All school resource officers assigned on January 1, 2020, shall complete initial training no later than December 31, 2020.

## PART V. SCHOOL BUILDING VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT

**SECTION 5.(a)** Article 8C of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

# "§ 115C-105.52A. Facility vulnerability assessments.

- (a) At least once annually, each governing body of a public school unit shall require each school under its control to complete a facility vulnerability assessment for each school building.
- (b) The Center for Safer Schools, in collaboration with the Department of Public Instruction, Division of School Operations, and the Department of Public Safety, shall develop a facility vulnerability assessment tool. This tool shall be in the form of a checklist designed to assess the potential vulnerabilities arising from day-to-day policies and procedures in the operation of school buildings. This tool shall be used by public school units when completing a facility vulnerability assessment.
- (c) No governing body of a public school unit, nor its members, employees, designees, agents, or volunteers, shall be liable in civil damages to any party for any loss or damage caused by any act or omission relating to the participation in or implementation of a facility vulnerability assessment required by this section, unless that act or omission amounts to gross negligence, wanton conduct, or intentional wrongdoing. Nothing in this section shall be construed to impose any specific duty of care or standard of care."

**SECTION 5.(b)** G.S. 115C-105.49A(b), as amended by Section 1(c) of this act, reads as rewritten:

"(b) In constructing the SRRMS, the Division of Emergency Management and the Center for Safer Schools shall leverage the existing enterprise risk management database, the School Risk Management Planning tool managed by the Division. The Division shall also leverage the public school unit and participating nonpublic school schematic diagrams of school facilities. Where technically feasible, the SRRMS shall integrate any anonymous tip lines established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.51 and any 911-initiated panic alarm systems authorized as part of a SRMP pursuant to G.S. 115C-47(40). Where technically feasible, the SRRMS shall integrate any facility vulnerability assessments as part of an SRMP pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.52A. The Division and the Center for Safer Schools shall collaborate with the Department of Public Instruction and the North Carolina 911 Board in the design, implementation, and maintenance of the SRRMS."

**SECTION 5.(c)** This section is effective when it becomes law. The Center for Safer Schools and the Department of Public Instruction shall develop the facility vulnerability assessment tool by January 15, 2020. Each governing body of a public school unit shall require each school under its control to complete a facility vulnerability assessment for each school building before the end of the 2019-2020 school year and annually thereafter.

#### PART VI. THREAT ASSESSMENT TEAMS

**SECTION 6.(a)** Article 8C of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

## "§ 115C-105.60. Threat assessment teams.

- (a) Definitions. The following definitions apply in this section:
  - (1) Superintendent. The superintendent or, if there is no superintendent, the staff member with the highest decision-making authority.
  - Threat. A concerning communication or behavior that indicates that a student may pose a danger to the safety of school staff or students through acts of violence or other behavior that would cause harm to self or others. A threat may be expressed or communicated behaviorally, orally, visually, in writing, electronically, or through any other means, and may be considered a threat regardless of whether it is observed by or communicated directly to the target of the threat or observed by or communicated to a third party, and regardless of whether the target of the threat is aware of the threat.
  - (3) Threat assessment. A fact-based process emphasizing an appraisal of observed, or reasonably observable, behaviors to identify potentially dangerous or violent situations, to assess them, and to manage or address them.
  - Threat assessment team. A team that includes persons with expertise in counseling, instruction, school administration, and law enforcement that conducts threat assessments in a public school unit when a threat has been communicated. When practicable, at least one member of a threat assessment team shall be a school psychologist. If a school psychologist is not available, a psychologist or psychiatrist may be a member of a threat assessment team instead, if practicable. Members of a threat assessment team who are not employees of the public school unit may review student records as provided in 34 C.F.R. § 99.31(a)(1)(i)(B) pursuant to a written agreement with the public school unit of the requirements and responsibilities for use of student records under the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act.
- (b) The governing body of the public school unit shall adopt at a minimum the policies developed by the Center for Safer Schools, in accordance with G.S. 115C-105.57(c)(7), for the establishment of threat assessment teams, including the conduct of threat assessments and intervention with students whose behavior may pose a risk to the safety of school staff or

Page 8 Senate Bill 5 S5-PCS15394-BN-36

students. These policies shall not reference or reveal any information that has been excluded as a public record under G.S. 115C-47(40), Part 2 of Article 8C of this Chapter, or any other relevant statute.

- <u>a</u> <u>c</u> <u>i</u>
- (c) The superintendent or designee may establish a committee charged with coordination and monitoring of the threat assessment teams operating within the unit, which may be an existing committee established by the unit. If a committee is established, the committee shall include individuals with expertise in human resources, education, school administration, mental health, and law enforcement.
- (d) Each school in the public school unit shall have a threat assessment team established by the superintendent. In the discretion of the superintendent, an established threat assessment team may serve more than one school in the unit. Each team shall do the following:
- (1) Provide guidance to students, faculty, and staff regarding recognition of threatening or aberrant behavior that may represent a risk to the community, school, or self.

When a threat has been communicated, conduct threat assessments to determine appropriate actions and intervention based on the level of risk determined by the assessment. A threat assessment team may consult with the State Bureau of Investigation if needed in conducting the threat assessment. A threat assessment team shall determine the level of risk posed by a student or situation as follows:

a. Low risk. – The student or situation does not appear to pose a risk of violence or serious harm to self or others and any exhibited issues or concerns can be resolved easily.

b. Moderate risk. – The student or situation does not appear to pose a risk of violence or serious harm to self or others, at this time, but exhibits behaviors that indicate a continuing intent and potential for future violence or serious harm to self or others or exhibits other concerning behavior that requires intervention.

c. High risk. – The student or situation appears to pose a risk of violence or serious harm to self or others, exhibiting behaviors that indicate both a continuing intent to harm and efforts to acquire the capacity to carry out the plan, and may also exhibit other concerning behavior that requires intervention.

d. Imminent risk. – The student or situation appears to pose a clear and immediate risk of serious violence toward others that requires containment and action to protect identified or identifiable target or targets and may also exhibit other concerning behavior that requires intervention.

(3) <u>Identify members of the school community to whom threats should be reported.</u>

(4) Implement policies adopted by the governing body of the public school unit pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

(5) Utilize anonymous reporting applications for students to receive information about school safety concerns requiring investigation.

(e) Upon a determination that a student poses a high risk or imminent risk of violence or physical harm to self or others, a threat assessment team shall immediately report its determination to the superintendent or the superintendent's designee, who shall respond as follows:

(1) The superintendent or designee shall immediately attempt to notify the student's parent or legal guardian. The superintendent may delegate the

1 responsibility for notification to the principal of the school and may require 2 notice be made to the principal directly. In the case of an imminent-risk threat determined to be an emergency by the 3 **(2)** 4 superintendent or designee under the standards established by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act in 20 U.S.C. § 1232g(b)(1)(I), the 5 6 superintendent or designee shall provide notice to individuals who are the 7 subject of the threat and, if a student is the subject of a threat, the 8 superintendent or designee shall provide notice to the student's parent or legal 9 guardian. All notices shall be in accordance with the Family Educational 10 Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g. The superintendent may delegate 11 the responsibility for notification to the principal of the school and may 12 require notice be made to the principal directly. 13 In the case of an imminent-risk threat, the superintendent or designee shall (3) 14 immediately notify the appropriate local law enforcement agency and the 15 State Bureau of Investigation. In the case of a high-risk threat, the superintendent or designee shall notify the appropriate local law enforcement 16 17 agency when recommended by the threat assessment team. 18 <u>(4)</u> When the threat assessment team makes a recommendation that the student be 19 referred for mental health services, the superintendent or designee shall notify 20 the student's parent or legal guardian of all of the following information: 21 That the threat assessment team has recommended that the student be a. 22 referred for mental health services. 23 That if the student is covered by private insurance or a Medicaid <u>b.</u> 24 prepaid health plan, then the parent or guardian is encouraged to 25 contact the student's primary care provider or insurance company. 26 That if the student is uninsured or is covered by Medicaid and not <u>c.</u> 27 enrolled in a prepaid health plan, then the parent or guardian is 28 encouraged to contact the local management entity/managed care 29 organization that serves the catchment area where the student resides. 30 That with the parent or legal guardian's consent, if the student is <u>d.</u> uninsured or is covered by Medicaid and not enrolled in a prepaid 31 32 health plan, then the superintendent or designee shall make a referral 33 that includes the parent or guardian's contact information to the local 34 management entity/managed care organization that serves the 35 catchment area where the student resides. 36 The superintendent or designee shall comply with the requirements of Article (5) 37 27 of this Chapter for any student discipline actions. 38 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude public school personnel from acting immediately to 39 address an imminent-risk threat. 40 Each threat assessment team established pursuant to this section shall report quantitative data on its activities to the Center for Safer Schools according to guidance developed 41 42 by the Center. Such data shall include, at a minimum, the following: 43 Number of threat assessments conducted annually and demographic (1) 44 information on subjects of those assessments. 45 Number of threat assessments that resulted in a determination that the student <u>(2)</u> 46 being assessed was a high-risk or imminent-risk threat and demographic 47 information on those students. 48 Types of actions taken in response to a determination that the student being (3) 49 assessed was a high-risk or imminent-risk threat. 50 <u>(4)</u> Results of actions taken in response to determination that the student being

assessed was a high-risk or imminent-risk threat.

51

- (g) Upon a determination by the threat assessment team that a student poses an imminent-risk threat, a threat assessment team may obtain the following:
  - (1) Health records. Notwithstanding G.S. 8-53 or any other provision of law, a health care provider may disclose protected health information related to an imminent-risk threat to the health or safety of school staff or students to a member of a threat assessment team who is a school nurse, school psychologist, or other licensed health or licensed mental health professional. The member of the threat assessment team who receives the health records shall provide an explanation of the health records when sharing those records with the remainder of the threat assessment team.
  - Criminal records. A threat assessment team may obtain criminal history as provided in G.S. 143B-931A. For a threat assessment of a student with juvenile records, the threat assessment team shall have access to written notifications received pursuant to G.S. 7B-3101 and information gained from examination of juvenile records in accordance with G.S. 7B-3100, held pursuant to G.S. 115C-404. Records held pursuant to G.S. 115C-404 shall be returned to the principal following review by the threat assessment team.

Any information shared among members of the threat assessment team pursuant to this subsection shall remain confidential, shall not be a public record subject to Chapter 132 of the General Statutes, and shall only be released in connection with an emergency under the standards established by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act in 20 U.S.C. § 1232g(b)(1)(I).

(h) No governing body of a public school unit, nor its members, employees, designees, agents, or volunteers, shall be liable in civil damages to any party for any loss or damage caused by any act or omission relating to the participation in or implementation of any component of the threat assessment team policies required by this section, unless that act or omission amounts to gross negligence, wanton conduct, or intentional wrongdoing. Nothing in this section shall be construed to impose any specific duty of care or standard of care."

**SECTION 6.(b)** Article 13 of Chapter 143B of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

# "§ 143B-931.1. Criminal record checks for threat assessment teams.

The Department of Public Safety may provide a criminal record check to the members of a threat assessment team established by the governing body of a public school unit, as defined in G.S. 115C-5(11), pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.60 for the purpose of administering criminal justice in assessing or intervening when a determination has been made that a student poses an imminent-risk threat to school safety. No member of a threat assessment team shall redisclose any criminal history record information obtained pursuant to this section or otherwise use any record of a student beyond the purpose that such disclosure was made to the threat assessment team."

**SECTION 6.(c)** G.S. 115C-47 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(64) Peer-to-peer student support programs. – Local boards of education shall require peer-to-peer student support programs be established at all schools with grades six and higher and are encouraged to implement peer-to-peer student support programs as appropriate in other grades."

**SECTION 6.(d)** G.S. 115C-105.57, as amended by Section 2(a) of this act, is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(11) Develop policies for threat assessment teams for public school units in consultation with the Task Force for Safer Schools, Disability Rights North Carolina, the State Bureau of Investigation, and relevant State government agencies. These policies shall not reference or reveal any information that has been excluded as a public record under G.S. 115C-47(40), Part 2 of Article

8C of this Chapter, or any other relevant statute. These policies shall include
 at a minimum procedures for all of the following:
 a. Assessment of and intervention with a student whose behavior poses

- a. Assessment of and intervention with a student whose behavior poses a risk to the safety of school staff or students.
- <u>b.</u> <u>Involvement of the student's parent or legal guardian throughout the threat assessment process.</u>
- c. Referral to LME/MCOs, as provided in G.S. 122C-115.4(b)(9), for evaluation or treatment, when appropriate.
- d. Compliance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 U.S.C. § 1232g, the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), 29 U.S.C. § 1400, et seq., and Article 9 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes."

**SECTION 6.(e)** G.S. 115C-316.1 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(c) School counselors, as part of the direct services provided in subsection (a) of this section, shall coordinate and provide training for students in peer-to-peer student support programs that address areas such as conflict resolution, general health and wellness, and mentoring. The Center for Safer Schools will support school counselors in the administration and delivery of peer-to-peer student support programs."

**SECTION 6.(f)** G.S. 122C-115.4(b) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(9) Each LME/MCO shall receive referrals from school superintendents or designees in accordance with G.S. 115C-105.60(e)(4)d. related to students who are uninsured or are covered by Medicaid and not enrolled in a prepaid health plan residing in the LME/MCO's catchment area. Within 10 calendar days after receipt of a referral, the LME/MCO shall contact the student's parent or legal guardian using the information provided on the referral and shall provide assistance with identifying appropriate existing mental health resources available to the student. The assistance shall include identifying sources of funding to assist with the cost of mental health services as well as providing referrals to appropriate mental health service providers and mental health services."

**SECTION 6.(g)** This section is effective when it becomes law. Policies for threat assessment teams required by G.S. 115C-105.57(c)(11), as enacted by this section, shall be developed by the Center for Safer Schools no later than December 31, 2019. All public school units shall establish policies and threat assessment teams as required by G.S. 115C-105.60, as enacted by this section, no later than March 1, 2020. Sections 6(c) and 6(e) of this act apply beginning with the 2020-2021 school year. All local boards of education are encouraged to have peer-to-peer student support programs by the 2019-2020 school year. The remainder of this section applies beginning with the 2019-2020 school year.

#### PART VII. FUNDING FOR DIGITAL PANIC ALARM APPLICATION

**SECTION 7.** Of the funds appropriated to the Department of Public Instruction for the 2018-2019 fiscal year for the anonymous safety tip line application, the Department of Public Instruction shall transfer the unencumbered balance, up to one million five hundred thousand dollars (\$1,500,000), to the Department of Public Safety to continue implementation of a digital panic alarm application based on the May 2018 report of the Division of Emergency Management of the Department of Public Safety, entitled "Panic Alarm Solution for North Carolina K-12 Public Schools."

#### PART VIII. TRAUMA KITS IN SCHOOLS

**SECTION 8.(a)** G.S. 115C-47 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

Page 12 Senate Bill 5 S5-PCS15394-BN-36

**General Assembly Of North Carolina** Session 2019 1 To Require Trauma Kits. – In accordance with G.S. 115C-105.52B, each local "(64) 2 board of education shall require the placement of at least one trauma kit in each classroom of every school under the authority of the local school 3 4 administrative unit." 5 **SECTION 8.(b)** G.S. 115C-12 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read: 6 Duty Regarding Trauma Kits. – In accordance with G.S. 115C-105.52B, the State Board of Education shall require the placement of at least one trauma kit 7 8 in each classroom of every school located in a public school unit, operated 9 under the control of the State Board of Education." **SECTION 8.(c)** G.S. 115C-218.75 is amended by adding a new subsection to read: 10 11 "(e2) Trauma Kits. – A charter school shall require the placement of at least one trauma kit in each classroom of the school in accordance with G.S. 115C-105.52B." 12 13 **SECTION 8.(d)** G.S. 115C-238.66 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read: 14 Trauma kits. – A regional school shall require the placement of at least one trauma kit in each classroom of the school in accordance with 15 G.S. 115C-105.52B." 16 17 **SECTION 8.(e)** G.S. 116-11 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read: "(12f) In accordance with G.S. 115C-105.52B, the Board of Governors shall require 18 19 the placement of at least one trauma kit in each classroom of every school 20 located in a public school unit operated under the control of the Board of 21 Governors." 22 **SECTION 8.(f)** G.S. 115C-105.49(a), as amended by Section 1(b) of this act, reads 23 as rewritten: 24 "(a) At least once annually, each public school unit shall require each school under its 25 control to hold a full school-wide tabletop exercise and drill based on the procedures documented 26 in its School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) (SRMP), including a presentation on the location and use of any trauma kits placed in the school, and shall report the date and time the drill is 27 conducted to the Center for Safer Schools. The drill shall include a practice school lockdown due 28 29 to an intruder on school grounds. Each school is encouraged to hold a tabletop exercise and drill 30 for multiple hazards included in its SRMP. Schools are strongly encouraged to include local law enforcement agencies and emergency management agencies in their tabletop exercises and drills. 31 The purpose of the tabletop exercises and drills shall be to permit participants to (i) discuss 32 33 simulated emergency situations in a low-stress environment, (ii) clarify their roles and 34 responsibilities and the overall logistics of dealing with an emergency, and (iii) identify areas in 35 which the SRMP needs to be modified." 36 **SECTION 8.(g)** Article 8C of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is amended by 37 adding a new section to read: 38 "§ 115C-105.52B. Trauma kits. 39 Optional Contents. - A trauma kit may contain, in the discretion of the principal or 40 equivalent administrator of the school, any of the following items: 41 One bleeding control dressing. (1) 42 (2) Two compact chest seals. 43 (3) Other medical materials and equipment that meet all of the following 44 requirements: 45 Can adequately treat a traumatic injury. <u>a.</u>

Can be stored in a readily available trauma kit.

Are approved by the Federal Commission on School Safety, the

Combat Casualty Care Research Program of the United States Army Medical Research and Materiel Command, and the American College

46

47

48

49 50 b.

<u>c.</u>

of Surgeons.

- (b) Location. The governing body of each public school unit, in coordination with (i) the superintendent or equivalent administrator of that unit, (ii) the principal or equivalent administrator of each school within that unit, and (iii) local law enforcement and emergency management agencies with jurisdiction, shall place at least one trauma kit at an appropriate and easily accessible location in each classroom of every school within the unit.

  (c) Training All school personnel who are reasonably expected to use a trauma kit as
- (c) Training. All school personnel who are reasonably expected to use a trauma kit, as determined by the superintendent or equivalent administrator of the public school unit, shall complete training biannually on the appropriate use of a trauma kit. The Department of Public Instruction and the Center for Safer Schools, in consultation with the Department of Public Safety, shall provide or contract for adequate training on the use of trauma kits. At a minimum, the training shall meet all of the following requirements:
  - (1) Curriculum shall adhere to best practices for active shooter preparedness and response as provided by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Federal Commission on School Safety, and the United States Department of Homeland Security.
  - (2) Address the proper application of pressure to stop bleeding, the proper application of dressings and bandages, additional pressure techniques to control bleeding, and the proper application of tourniquets.
  - Incorporate any training modules for active shooter preparedness and response recommended by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Federal Commission on School Safety, and the United States Department of Homeland Security. Training modules for active shooter preparedness and response shall be led by persons who have completed the Active Shooter Threat Instructor Training Program provided by the United States Department of Homeland Security.
- (d) Inventory. The principal or equivalent administrator of each school within a public school unit shall inspect every trauma kit in the school each year to ensure that materials, supplies, and equipment are not expired. The principal or equivalent administrator shall replace any expired materials, supplies, or equipment, as necessary.
- (e) Online Usage Tool; Restocking. No later than January 1, 2020, the Department of Public Instruction shall create an online usage tool to permit principals or equivalent administrators within public school units to provide information on the use and contents of all trauma kits located in a school. After each use of a trauma kit, the principal or equivalent administrator shall replace any used materials, supplies, or equipment, as necessary, and inform the Department via the online usage tool of the date of the use, the reason for the use, and any components of the trauma kit that were replaced as a result. No later than August 1, 2021, and each year thereafter, the Department shall report the most up-to-date information provided via the online usage tool to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee and the Fiscal Research Division."

**SECTION 8.(h)** This section becomes effective July 1, 2019, and applies beginning with the 2019-2020 school year.

#### PART IX. EFFECTIVE DATE

**SECTION 9.** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes law.

Page 14 Senate Bill 5 S5-PCS15394-BN-36