## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2019

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### **SENATE BILL 315**

### Agriculture/Environment/Natural Resources Committee Substitute Adopted 6/6/19 Judiciary Committee Substitute Adopted 6/11/19 Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 6/12/19 Fifth Edition Engrossed 6/17/19 House Committee Substitute Favorable 7/1/19 House Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 7/17/19 House Committee Substitute #3 Favorable 7/25/19 House Committee Substitute #4 Favorable 8/20/19 Tenth Edition Engrossed 8/21/19 Proposed Conference Committee Substitute S315-PCCS15425-TQ-1

Short Title: North Carolina Farm Act of 2019.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 21, 2019

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO MAKE VARIOUS CHANGES TO THE AGRICULTURAL LAWS OF THE
3	STATE.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	
6	IMPLEMENT A STATE HEMP PROGRAM IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION
7	10113 OF THE FEDERAL AGRICULTURE IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 2018, TO BE
8	ADMINISTERED BY THE NORTH CAROLINA HEMP COMMISSION UNTIL JULY
9	1, 2021
10	<b>SECTION 1.</b> Article 50E of Chapter 106 of the General Statutes reads as rewritten:
11	"Article 50E.
12	"Industrial Hemp.North Carolina Hemp Commission.
13	"§ 106-568.50. Legislative findings and purpose.
14	The General Assembly finds and declares that it is in the best interest of the citizens of North
15	Carolina to promote and encourage the development of an industrial hemp industry in the State
16	in order to expand employment, promote economic activity, and provide opportunities to small
17	farmers for an environmentally sustainable and profitable use of crop lands that might otherwise
18	be lost to agricultural production. The purposes of this Article are to establish an agricultural
19	pilot program for the cultivation of industrial hemp in the State, to provide for reporting on the
20	program by growers and processors for agricultural or other research, and to pursue any federal
21	permits or waivers necessary to allow industrial hemp to be grown in the State.
22	The General Assembly finds and declares that hemp is a viable agriculture commodity in this
23	State and that it is in the best interest of the citizens of North Carolina to:
24	(1) <u>Promote the cultivation and processing of hemp and open new commercial</u>
25	markets for farmers and businesses through the sale of hemp products.



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1	<u>(2)</u>	Promote the expansion of the State's hemp industry to the	he maximum extent
2		permitted by law, allowing farmers and businesses to cu	
3		process hemp and sell hemp products for commercial pur	poses.
4	<u>(3)</u>	Encourage and empower research into hemp growth an	d hemp products at
5	<u> </u>	State institutions of higher education and in the private se	* *
6	(4)	Move the State and its citizens to the forefront of the hem	
7	"§ 106-568.51. I		- <u>r                               </u>
8	0	g definitions apply in this Article:	
9	(1)	Repealed by Session Laws 2018-113, s. 4, effective June	27, 2018.
10	<u>(1a)</u>	Cannabidiol or CBD. – The nonpsychoactive cannabinoid	
11	<u> </u>	from the hemp variety of the plant Cannabis sativa (L.) th	
12		of plant material and does not exceed the federally def	
13		hemp.	
14	<u>(1b)</u>	<u>Cannabinoid.</u> – Means any of the terpenophenolic comp	ounds found within
15	<u>(10)</u>	the plant <i>Cannabis sativa</i> (L.) that are functionally or	
16		biologically active, and are classified in subgroups suc	•
17		(CBG), Cannabichromenes (CBC), Canna	
18		tetrahydrocannabinols (THC), Cannabinol (CBN), Can	
19		and all other chemical cannabinoid constituents derived f	
20	<u>(1c)</u>	Commercial sale. – The sale of products in the stream of	-
21	<u>\/</u>	wholesale, and online.	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
22	(2)	Commercial use. The use of industrial hemp as a ra	w ingredient in the
23	(-)	production of hemp products.	
24	(3)	Commission. – The North Carolina Industrial-Hemp Cor	nmission created by
25	(0)	this Article.	
26	<u>(3a)</u>	Cultivating. – Planting, watering, growing, or harvesti	ng a plant or crop.
27	<u> </u>	"Cultivating" also includes possessing or storing hemp p	
28		of time on the premises where the hemp was cultivated an	
29		to the first point of sale by the cultivator.	<u> </u>
30	(4)	Department. – The North Carolina Department of Agricul	ture.Agriculture and
31		Consumer Services.	<u></u>
32	<u>(4a)</u>	Federally defined THC level for hemp. – A delta-9 THC	concentration of not
33	<u> </u>	more than three-tenths percent (0.3%) on a dry weight ba	
34	<del>(5)</del>	Grower. Any person licensed to grow industrial hemp	
35		pursuant to this Article.	5
36	<u>(5a)</u>	Handling. – Possessing or storing hemp plants for any	period of time on
37	<u></u>	premises owned, operated, or controlled by a person licen	-
38		"Handling" also includes possessing or storing hemp pla	
39		any period of time other than during its actual transport f	
40		a person licensed to cultivate, handle, or process hemp	-
41		another licensed person or a person who is lawfully allo	
42		that person's jurisdiction. "Handling" does not include p	
43		finished hemp products.	
44	<u>(5b)</u>	Hemp. – The plant Cannabis sativa (L.) and any part of	that plant, including
45	<u></u>	the seeds thereof and all derivatives, extracts, cannabing	
46		salts, and salts of isomers, whether growing or not, w	
47		defined THC level for hemp.	<u>_</u>
48	(6)	Hemp products. All products made from industrial hem	p, including, but not
49	X-7	limited to, cloth, cordage, fiber, food, fuel, paint, p	
50		plastics, seed, seed meal and seed oil for consumption, and	
51		for cultivation if the seeds originate from industrial hemp	
			<u>prouven</u>

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1		Any product within the federally defined THC level	for hemp derived from,
2		or made by, processing hemp plants or plant parts, that	_
3		available for commercial sale, including, but not	limited to, cosmetics,
4		personal care products, food intended for animal	
5		unless prohibited by the United States Food and Dru	-
6		United States Department of Agriculture, cloth, con	-
7		paper, particleboard, plastics, oils, tinctures, vapor pr	
8		and any product containing one or more hemp-derive	
9		cannabidiol.	
10	(7)	Industrial hemp. All parts and varieties of the pla	nt Cannabis sativa (L.).
11		cultivated or possessed by a grower licensed by the	
12		growing or not, that contain a delta 9 tetrahydrocani	
13		not more than three-tenths of one percent $(0.3\%)$ on $\epsilon$	
14	<del>(7a)</del>	Industrial hemp research program. The research	
15	(74)	pursuant to G.S. 106-568.53(1).	en program established
16	<del>(7b)</del>	State land grant university. North Carolina State	e University and North
17	(70)	Carolina A&T State University.	e oniversity and roran
18	<u>(7c)</u>	Licensee. – An individual or business entity possessin	ng a license issued by the
19	<u>(70)</u>	Commission under the authority of this Article to cul	
20	<u>(7d)</u>	Processing. – Converting an agricultural commodity	-
20	(7e)	Smokable hemp. – Harvested raw or dried hemp p	
21	<u>(70)</u>	hemp buds or hemp flowers, hemp cigars, and hemp	_
22	(8)	Tetrahydrocannabinol or THC. – The natural or synt	
23 24	(8)	substances contained in the plant, or in the resinous	
24 25		or any synthetic substances, compounds, salts, or de	
25 26		chemicals and their isomers with similar ch	
20 27		pharmacological activity. Any of the chemical anal	
28		Cannabinoid subgroup Tetrahydrocannabinol. These	
28 29		chemical equivalents contained in the plant Cannal	<b>•</b>
30		resinous extractive compounds, salts, or derivatives of	
31		and their isomers with similar chemical structure	-
32			e and pharmacological
32 33	( <b>0</b> )	<u>activity.</u>	ustrial home plant from
	<del>(9)</del>	Verified propagule. A seed or clone from an indu-	
34 25		which THC concentration samples have been tested l	• •
35		and confirmed as having a delta-9 tetrahydrocannal	
36		than that adopted by federal law in the Controlled Su	ibstances Act, 21 U.S.C.
37	"8 106 560 57 N	<del>§ 801, et seq.</del>	
38		North Carolina Industrial Hemp Commission.	1 Heren Commission is
39		on and Membership. – The North Carolina Industria	Hemp Commission is
40		hall consist of <u>nine-11</u> members as follows:	
41	(1)	The Commissioner of Agriculture or the Commission	her's designee, who shall
42		serve as vice-chair.	
43	(2)	One appointed by the General Assembly upon r	
44		President Pro Tempore of the Senate in accordance	
45		shall at the time of appointment be a municipal chief	-
46	(3)	One appointed by the General Assembly upon recomm	-
47		of the House of Representatives in accordance with	
48		at the time of appointment be an elected sheriff or the	-
49	(4)	Two-One appointed by the Governor who shall at the	
50		a full-time or Emeritus faculty member of a State lan	d grant university North

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1		Carolina State University who regularly works in the	field of agricultural
2		science or research.	
3	<u>(5)</u>	One appointed by the Governor who shall at the time	
4		full-time or Emeritus faculty member of North Carol	-
5		Technical State University who regularly works in the	field of agricultural
6		science or research.	
7	<del>(5)<u>(6)</u></del>		
8		farmer with at least 10 years of experience in agricultu	ral production in the
9		State.	
10	<del>(6)<u>(7)</u></del>		re, who shall be a
11		professional agricultural consultant.	
12	<del>(7)<u>(8)</u></del>		e, who shall be an
13		agribusiness professional.	1 11 .1
14	<u>(9)</u>	One appointed by the Commissioner of Agriculture, as	recommended by the
15	(10)	Office for the Small and Minority Farm Program.	
16	<u>(10)</u>	One appointed by the Commissioner of Agriculture, wh	
17		farmer as recommended by North Carolina Agricultural	and Technical State
18	(h) Tarras	<u>University.</u>	towns of four woons
19 20	. ,	of Members. – Members of the Commission shall serve	•
20 21	0 0	ve July 1 of the year of appointment, and may be reap be terms of members designated by subdivisions $(a)(1)$ (a)	-
21		he terms of members designated by subdivisions (a)(1), (a) all expire on June 30 of any year evenly divisible by fo	
22		ers shall expire on June 30 of any year that follows by tw	
23 24		<u>However, the terms of all members of the Commission</u>	
24 25	<u>2021.</u>	However, the terms of an members of the Commission	<u>i shan explic July 1,</u>
23 26		– The members of the Commission shall elect a chair. T	he chair shall serve a
20 27	. ,	d may be reelected.	ne chan shan serve a
28	•	cies. – Any appointment to fill a vacancy on the Comm	ission created by the
29		issal, death, or disability of a member shall be made by th	•
30	-	Il be for the balance of the unexpired term.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
31	•	val. – The appointing authority shall have the power to re-	move any member of
32		appointed by that authority from office for misfeasar	
33	nonfeasance.		, , ,
34	(f) Reimb	pursement The members of the Commission shall re-	eceive per diem and
35		and subsistence expenses in accordance with the provision	-
36	(g) Quoru	m Five members of the Commission shall constitu	te a quorum for the
37	transaction of bus		-
38	(h) Staff.	- The Commission is authorized and empowered to empl	oy no more than two
39	persons as staff to	assist the Commission in the proper discharge of its duties	s and responsibilities.
40	The chair of the	Commission shall organize and direct the work of the Co	ommission staff. The
41	salaries and com	pensation of all such personnel shall be determined	by the Commission;
42	provided, howeve	er, that the aggregate cost for salaries and benefits of the	staff may not exceed
43	two hundred thou	sand dollars (\$200,000).	
44	"§ 106-568.53. P	owers and duties of the Commission.	
45	The Commiss	sion shall have the following powers and duties:	
46	(1)	To establish an industrial hemp research program the N	-
47		Program to grow or cultivate industrial hemp in the	•
48		managed and coordinated by State land grant universiti	
49		shall pursue any permits or waivers from the United Stat	-
50		Agency or any other federal agency that are necessary	
51		of the industrial hemp research program established	oy this Article. This

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	research program shall consist primarily of demonstration plots planted an
	cultivated in North Carolina by selected growers. The growers shall b
	licensed pursuant to subdivision (2) of this section prior to planting an
	industrial hemp. <u>State.</u>
(2	To issue licenses allowing a person, firm, or corporation to cultivate industria
<b>(</b> -)	or handle hemp for research purposes to the extent allowed by federal law
	upon proper application as the Commission may specify, and in accordance
	with G.S. 106-568.53A. Each licensee shall provide a complete and accurat
	legal description of the location of the industrial hemp farming operation
	including GPS coordinates, and the license shall be issued for cultivation onl
	in those locations identified in the application and shall include on its face th
	description of those areas. The Commission may delegate approval of licens
	applications to Commission staff, but the Commission shall hear any appeal
	of denial of a license. The Department shall provide administrative support t
	the Commission for the processing of applications and issuance of licenses.
(3	1 0 11
(3	To support the Commission's activities, and to reimburse the Department for expenses associated with the issuance of cultivation licenses under
	1
	subdivision (2) of this section, the Commission may charge the following fee
	a. An initial, graduated license fee, to be paid by each cultivator, base
	upon the number of acres proposed for cultivation of industrial hemp
	not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), with incentive provision
	to encourage the participation of small acreage farmers.
	b. An annual fee that is the sum of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00
	and two dollars (\$2.00) per acre of industrial hemp cultivated.
	In setting fees under this subdivision, the Commission may create fair an
	reasonable licensing preferences for license applicants from North Carolin
	counties that have been recognized as economically depressed of
	disadvantaged. The Department shall collect and manage all fees charged b
	the Commission and shall remit all funds collected under this subdivision t
	the Commission at least monthly. The Department may retain its actual
	expenses associated with the issuance of cultivation licenses from the amount
	to be remitted to the Commission.
(4	To receive gifts, grants, federal funds, and any other funds both public an
	private needed to support the Commission's duties and programs.
(5	To establish procedures for reporting to the Commission by the growers an
	processors for agricultural or academic research and to collaborate an
	coordinate research efforts with the appropriate departments or programs (
	North Carolina State University and North Carolina A & T State University
(6	(7) Repealed by Session Laws 2016-93, s. 3, effective July 11, 2016.
(8	To adopt rules necessary to carry out the purposes of this Article, which sha
	include, but are not limited to, rules for all of the following:
	a. Testing of the industrial hemp during growth to determin
	tetrahydrocannabinol levels. Testing methods and protocols sha
	comply in all respects with any and all applicable federa
	requirements. Prescribe sampling and testing procedures to ensure the
	hemp cultivated or handled under the authority of this Article does not
	exceed the federally defined THC level for hemp.
	b. Supervision of the industrial hemp during its growth and harves
	$a_1$ $a_1$ $a_2$ $a_1$ $a_2$ $a_2$ $a_3$ $a_4$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_2$ $a_3$ $a_4$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_2$ $a_3$ $a_4$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_2$ $a_3$ $a_4$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_2$ $a_3$ $a_4$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_2$ $a_3$ $a_4$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_2$ $a_3$ $a_4$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_2$ $a_3$ $a_4$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_2$ $a_3$ $a_4$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_2$ $a_3$ $a_4$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_2$ $a_3$ $a_3$ $a_4$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_2$ $a_3$ $a_3$ $a_4$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_1$ $a_2$ $a_3$ $a_3$ $a_3$ $a_4$ $a_1$
	including rules for verification of the type of seeds and plants used an

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	c. The production and sale of industrial of the United States Department of Administration for the production, dis	Justice and Drug Enforcement
	hemp. d. Means and methods for assisting efficiently ascertain information regar production of industrial hemp.	
	e. Strategies and programs for the promo- and markets, in conjunction with the Agriculture, the North Carolina D- University of North Carolina system	North Carolina Department of epartment of Commerce, the
	f. The fees authorized by subdivision (3) schedule of nonrefundable fees for ad	
	Hemp Program. The Commission shall adopt by reference or o in effect regarding industrial hemp and any st	
	regulations. No North Carolina rule, regulation	on, or statute shall be construed
<del>(9)</del>	to authorize any person to violate any federal To undertake any additional studies relating to use of industrial hemp as requested by the Ge	the production, distribution, or
<del>(10)</del>	or the Commissioner of Agriculture. To notify the State Bureau of Investigation agencies of the duration, size, and loca	
	demonstration plots authorized pursuant to program.	-
	Responsibilities Qualification of licensees.	
A person gra	nted an industrial hemp license pursuant to this	
(1)	Maintain records that demonstrate compliance other State laws regulating the planting and cu	ultivation of industrial hemp.
$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$	Retain all industrial hemp production records Allow industrial hemp crops, throughout sowi	ing, growing, and harvesting, to
	be inspected by and at the discretion of the Constigution, or the chief law enforcement of government where the farm is located.	*
<del>(4)</del>	Maintain a current written agreement with a states that the grower is a participant in the in-	
· · · ·	managed by that institution. erson shall cultivate or handle hemp in this State	unless the person holds a hemp
•	the North Carolina Hemp Commission.	
	der to obtain a license to cultivate hemp pursuar	-
	farmer pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13E(a) or a	
	105-164.13E(b). The Commission may also gra r institution of higher learning or an employee of	
	or use in the scope of the employee's duties.	a State agency of Institution of
	opplicant for a license issued by the Commission	shall submit to and pay for an
	background check conducted by the State Burd	
	aw enforcement agency approved by the Comm	-
	son granted a license to cultivate hemp pursuan	
· · · ·	prior to issuance of the license:	

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(1)	The legal description and global positioning coordin	ates sufficient for locating
	the fields or greenhouses to be used to cultivate hen	
<u>(2)</u>	Written consent allowing representatives of the Dep	partment, the State Bureau
	of Investigation, and the chief law enforcement off	icer of the unit or units of
	local government where the farm is located to enter	
	is cultivated or stored for the purpose of conductin	
	ensuring compliance with the requirements of this	
	by the Commission.	1
(e) Any	person convicted of a felony relating to a controlled	substance under State or
	be ineligible to obtain any hemp license for the 10-	
date of the convi		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	person who materially falsifies any information conta	ined in an application for
	hall be ineligible to obtain a hemp license.	
	ense issued by the Commission shall afford to the spo	use of a licensee all rights
	granted to the licensee, provided the licensee's	
	r licensure as provided in this section.	<u></u>
	ense issued by the Commission shall be transferra	ble to a member of the
	liate family upon the death or incapacity of the license	
	ualifications for licensure as provided in this section.	-
-	mission shall modify the license to reflect the trans	
	ut requiring an application for a new license. How	
	y for an annual criminal background check as required	
	mmission does not have a current criminal history on	
	ense issued by the North Carolina Industrial Hemp C	
	he license. A person who holds a license issued by the	
	ion who wishes to modify the conditions of the license	
	e from the North Carolina Hemp Commission.	<u></u>
" <u>§ 106-568.54.</u> ]		
0	sion shall not meet or undertake any of its powers and	duties under this Article
	ned funding from sources other than State funds of at le	
	0) to support operations of the Commission. Funding f	
	's activities may be returned to the donor or funder if	
	s, upon request of the donor or funder. Non-State fund	
	fiscal year in which they are donated shall be retained	
	the following fiscal year.	und remain engière for
	Authorized research purposes.	
	he industrial hemp research program directly manage	ed by a State land grant
	nsed grower may engage in any of the following research	
(1)	Studying and investigating marketplace opportunit	
(1)	increase the job base in the State by means of er	
	production of industrial hemp.	ipioyment related to the
(2)	Studying and investigating methods of industrial	hamp cultivation that are
(2)	best suited to soil conservation and restoration.	themp current and that are
(2)		amp by licensed growers
(3)	Overseeing and analyzing the growth of industrial l	
	for agronomy research and analysis of required soils	
	harvest methods relating to the production of varie	
	hemp that may be suitable for various commercial h	
(A)	Conducting and massingly on the second	returned have a that are to the
(4)	Conducting seed research on various types of indu	
<del>(4)</del>	Conducting seed research on various types of indu- suited to be grown in North Carolina, including see North Carolina hybrid types, and in-the-ground	ed availability, creation of

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1		production. The Commission may establish a pro-	
2		industrial hemp seeds as being North Carolina varie	-
-	<del>(5)</del>	Studying the economic feasibility of developing an	
		various types of industrial hemp that can be grown	
		commercial marketing and sale of industrial hemp.	
	<del>(6)</del>	Reporting on the estimated value added benefits,	
		benefits, to North Carolina businesses of an industr	rial hemp market of North
		Carolina-grown industrial hemp varieties.	
	<del>(7)</del>	Studying the agronomy research being conducted	ed worldwide relating to
		industrial hemp varieties, production, and use.	
	<del>(8)</del>	Researching and promoting on the world market i	ndustrial hemp and hemp
		seed that can be grown in the State.	
	<del>(9)</del>	Promoting research into the development of industry	
		markets for North Carolina industrial hemp and her	
	<del>(10)</del>	Studying the feasibility of attracting federal or priv	vate funding for the North
		Carolina industrial hemp research program.	
	(11)	Studying the use of industrial hemp in new energy	
		electricity generation, biofuels, or other forms of en	<i>.</i>
		of industrial hemp on reclaimed mine sites; the us	1
		production of fuels; and the production costs, envir	
		and benefits involved with the use of industrial hen	<del>np for energy.</del>
		<b>Bonding requirement for hemp handlers.</b>	
		sion shall not issue a license to handle hemp to any p	
		nmissioner of Agriculture a bond satisfactory to the C	
		wo hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000). No be	
	-	sesses only hemp grown by the handler. The Commis	
		uire the amount of any bond to be increased if the	
	-	protection of the cultivator. The bond shall be payab	
	-	the fulfilling of all financial obligations incurred by	-
		whom the handler contracts. Any cultivator alleging	
		ury, or failure to comply with the terms of any wri	•
		on the bond against the principal and the principal	
	- · ·	ction and may recover the damages found to be cause	d by such acts complained
	<u>of.</u>		
		Corrective action plans authorized.	
		commission shall require any person who is required	
	-	nmission to comply with a corrective action plan if th	
	-	as negligently violated any provision of this Article	
		luding by negligently failing to obtain a proper	*
		m the Commission, negligently failing to provide an	• •
		the person produces hemp, or negligently producing	Cannabis sativa (L.) with
		lerally defined THC level for hemp.	
		rective action plan required by the Commission shall	
	-	shall correct the violation and a requirement that the	
	· .	mission on the person's compliance with this Articl	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		for a period of not less than the next two calendar yes	
		thstanding any other provision of law, the penalty for	
		this Article or any rule adopted by the Commission s	<b>₽</b>
		plan pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.	-
		tes this Article or any rule adopted by the Commission	-
	period shall be in	eligible to obtain a hemp license for a period of five y	ears beginning on the date

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1	of the third violat	ion and shall be subject to criminal and civil penalties for	or additional violations
2	during that period		
3	· · ·	Commission determines that a person has violated the	nis Article or any rule
4		ommission recklessly, willfully, knowingly, or intentio	•
5		report the person to the Commissioner, Attorney Gene	-
6	law enforcement	·	
7	"§ 106-568.56. C		
8		ition to any other liability or penalty provided by law, t	the Commissioner may
9		alty of not more than two thousand five hundred dollars	
10	against any perso	•	
11	(1)	Violates any provision of this Article or a rule adopted	by the Commission, or
12		conditions of any license, permit, or order issued by th	•
13	(2)	Manufactures, distributes, dispenses, delivers, pu	
14		attempts, or conspires to manufacture, distribute, disp	
15		or possesses with the intent to manufacture, distribut	· · · ·
16		purchase marijuana on property used for industrial he	, I , ,
17		manner intended to disguise the marijuana due to its	
18		hemp. This penalty may be imposed in addition t	
19		provided by law.	• •
20	(3)	Provides the Commission with false or misleading inf	formation in relation to
21		a license application or renewal, inspection, or investig	ation authorized by this
22		Article.	
23	(4)	Tampers with or adulterates an industrial <u>a hemp</u>	crop lawfully planted
24		pursuant to this Article.	
25	(b) The C	ommissioner shall remit the clear proceeds of civil pena	alties assessed pursuant
26		the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with	h G.S. 115C-457.2.
27	"§ 106-568.57. C	Criminal penalties.	
28	(a) Any p	erson that manufactures, distributes, dispenses, delivers,	, purchases, aids, abets,
29		pires to manufacture, distribute, dispense, deliver, purcl	
30	the intent to man	ufacture, distribute, dispense, deliver, or purchase mari	juana on property used
31		np production, or in a manner intended to disguise th	
32	1 V	strial hemp, shall be deemed guilty of a Class I felony	y. This penalty may be
33	1	on to any other penalties provided by law.	
34	· / / /	erson that provides the Commission with false or mis	6
35		se application or renewal, inspection, or investigation au	thorized by this Article
36		guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.	
37	• • •	erson that tampers with or adulterates an industrial <u>a</u> hem	
38	-	rticle shall be deemed guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.	,
39		Transportation of hemp products.	
40		t as provided in G.S. 106-139(g), no license shall be requ	ured to possess, handle,
41	transport, or sell l		1 . 1 . C
42		products may be legally transported to other states a	nd exported to foreign
43		t with the laws of the receiving jurisdiction.	
44		North Carolina Hemp Program Fund.	
45 46		North Carolina Hemp Program Fund is established as	-
46 47		griculture and Consumer Services. The fund shall consi	
47 48		ons and any other proceeds from gifts, grants, federal f any other funds, both public and private, made availab	
48 49		rest received and accruing from the fund shall be paid i	± ±
49 50		test received and accruing from the rund shall be paid i	into the State's General
30	<u>Fund.</u>		

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1	(b) The Fund shall be used by the Commi	ssion and the Department for the costs of		
2	personnel, program administration, testing, and an			
3	Article, including promotion, marketing, and brand			
4	hemp."	• • •		
5	SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 90-87 reads as rev	vritten:		
6	"§ 90-87. Definitions.			
7	As used in this Article:			
8				
9	(16) "Marijuana" means all parts of	the plant of the genus Cannabis, whether		
)	growing or not; the seeds thereo	f; the resin extracted from any part of such		
		nanufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or		
,	preparation of such plant, its see	ds or resin, but shall not include the mature		
3	stalks of such plant, fiber produc	ed from such stalks, oil, or cake made from		
1	the seeds of such plant, any other	er compound, manufacture, salt, derivative,		
5	mixture, or preparation of such	mature stalks (except the resin extracted		
5	therefrom), fiber, oil, or cake, or	r the sterilized seed of such plant which is		
7	incapable of germination. The te	rm does not include industrial hemp hemp,		
3	hemp products, or smokable hen	np as defined in G.S. 106-568.51, when the		
9	industrial hemp is produced and u	sed in compliance with this Article and rules		
0	issued adopted by the North Caro	lina Industrial-Hemp Commission.		
1	"			
2	<b>SECTION 2.(b)</b> G.S. 90-94 reads as rev	written:		
3	"§ 90-94. Schedule VI controlled substances.			
4	This schedule includes the controlled substance	•		
5	name, common or usual name, chemical name, or	e e		
5	such substance comes within this schedule, the Co	• •		
7	medical use in the United States, or a relatively low	· ·		
3		health and potential to produce psychic or physiological dependence liability based upon present		
)	medical knowledge, or a need for further and contin	uing study to develop scientific evidence of		
)	its pharmacological effects.			
1	The following controlled substances are include	d in this schedule:		
2	(1) Marijuana.			
3	(2) Tetrahydrocannabinols. <u>Tetrahydr</u>			
-		emp products, or smokable hemp, as defined		
5	<u>in G.S. 106-568.51.</u>			
5		-115, s. 8, effective December 1, 2017, and		
7	applicable to offenses committed			
3	1	of the General Statutes is amended by adding		
9	a new section to read:			
)	" <u>§ 90-94.5. Immunity for hemp licensees.</u>			
1		provision of this Chapter, it is not a violation		
2 3	of G.S. 90-95(a)(1) or (a)(3) for an individual who p			
	Carolina Hemp Commission or a valid written aut			
4 5	States Department of Agriculture to possess, manuf	•		
	to manufacture or sell or deliver hemp or smokable l	temp, provided any sale or derivery of hemp		
6 7	or smokable hemp is made to one of the following:	valid home licenses from the North Correline		
		valid hemp license from the North Carolina		
3 9	$\frac{\text{Hemp Commission.}}{\text{A person outside the State who is}}$	allowed to receive it under the lowe of thet		
		s allowed to receive it under the laws of that		
0	jurisdiction.			

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(b)	Negli	gent Violation. – Notwithstanding any other provision of	this Chapter, it shall
		n of G.S. 90-95(a)(1) or (a)(3) for an individual who pos	-
		North Carolina Hemp Commission to possess, manufactur	
		ent to manufacture or sell or deliver, a commodity cultiv	
-		C level that exceeds a delta-9 THC concentration of three-to	-
	-	basis, unless the licensee committed the violation will	-
		e penalty for a licensee's negligent violation shall be deter	
Carolina	a Hemp (	Commission pursuant to G.S. 106-568.55B."	
	SEC	<b>FION 2.2.</b> G.S. 106-568.57, as amended by Section 1 of the	is act, is amended by
adding a	a new suł	osection to read:	
" <u>(d)</u>	Anyr	person who sells smokable hemp or vapor products that cont	ain hemp to a person
less that	n 18 year	s old shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor."	
	SEC	<b>FION 2.3.</b> G.S. 106-568.57(d), as enacted by Section 2.2	of this act, reads as
rewritte	n:		
"(d)	Any p	person who sells smokable hemp or vapor products contain	ing hemp to a person
less that	n 18 year	s old shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor."	
	SEC.	<b>FION 3.(a)</b> G.S. 105-113.106 is amended by adding a new	subdivision to read:
	" <u>(3a)</u>	<u>Hemp. – Any of the following:</u>	
		<u>a.</u> <u>Hemp as defined in G.S. 106-568.51(5b).</u>	
		b. Hemp products as defined in G.S. 106-568.51(6).	<u>.</u>
		c. Smokable hemp as defined in G.S. 106-568.51(76	<u>e).</u> "
		<b>FION 3.(b)</b> G.S. 105-113.107A reads as rewritten:	
"§ 105-1		A. Exemptions.	
(a)		prized Possession The tax levied in this Article does not	
		of a dealer who is authorized by law to possess the substa	
	•	ng the time the dealer's possession of the substance is authorized authorized and the substance is authorized authori	-
(b)		in Marijuana Parts. – The tax levied in this Article do	es not apply to the
followir	ng mariju		
	(1)	Harvested mature marijuana stalks when separated from	and not mixed with
		any other parts of the marijuana plant.	
	(2)	Fiber or any other product of marijuana stalks described	in subdivision (1) of
		this subsection, except resin extracted from the stalks.	
	(3)	Marijuana seeds that have been sterilized and are incapat	ole of germination.
	(4)	Roots of the marijuana plant.	
<u>(c)</u>	-	b. – The tax levied in this Article shall not apply to h	
possesse		ordance with Article 50E of Chapter 106 of the General Sta	
C		<b>FION 4.(a)</b> The Commissioner of Agriculture, in co	
		ttorney General, shall submit to the Secretary of the Unite	-
of Agric		State plan for the regulation of hemp production, which sha	
	(1)	A procedure to maintain relevant information regarding	-
		is produced in the State, including a legal descriptio	
		procedure shall ensure the information is maintained for	a period of not less
		than three calendar years.	
	(2)	A procedure for testing, using post-decarboxylation or ot	-
		methods, delta-9 THC concentration levels of hemp prod	
	(3)	A procedure for the effective disposal of products the	
		violation of Article 50E of Chapter 106 of the General	Statutes or any rule
		adopted by the North Carolina Hemp Commission.	
	(4)	A procedure to comply with the enforcement pro	ocess set forth in
		G.S. 106-568.64.	

1       (5) A procedure for conducting annual inspections of, at a minimum, a random sample of hemp producers to verify that hemp is not produced in violation of this Article or rules adopted by the North Carolina Hemp Commission.         2       (6) A procedure for submitting (f) contact information for each hemp producer in the State, (ii) a legal description of the land on which hemp is produced, and (iii) the licensing status of each hemp producer in the State to the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture not more than 30 days after the date on which the date on which the discent of Agriculture not more than 30 days after the date on which the Joursent to subsection (a) of this section, the Commissioner of Agriculture, in consultation with the Governor and Attorney General, shall submit to the Secretary an amended State plan.         3       SECTION 4.(b) If the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture, in consultation with the Governor and Attorney General, shall submit to the Secretary an amended State plan.         3       SECTION 5. Section 4 of S.L. 2015-299, as amended by S.L. 2016-93, reads as rewritten:         5       "SECTION 4. Section 2 of this act baccomes effective on the first day of the month following the adoption of temporary rules pursuant to Section 3 of this act and applies to acts involving the production, possession, or use of industrial hemp occurring on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it hecoremes law. This, Section 2 of that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it hecoremes law. This, Section 3 of this act that Compare and the fiseal year in which the North Carolina Hemp Commission adopts and submits to the Governor and to the Revisor of Statutes a resolution that a State pilot program allowing farmers to lawfully grow industri		General Assembly Of North Carolina	Session 2019
<ul> <li>the State, (ii) a legal description of the land on which hemp is produced, and (iii) the licensing status of each hemp producer in the State to the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture not more than 30 days after the date on which the information is received.</li> <li>SECTION 4.(b) If the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture disapproves the State plan submitted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the Commissioner of Agriculture, in consultation with the Governor and Attorney General, shall submit to the Secretary an amended State plan.</li> <li>SECTION 5. Section 4 of S.L. 2015-299, as amended by S.L. 2016-93, reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 5. Section 2 of this act becomes effective on the first day of the month following the adoption of temporary rules pursuant to Section 3 of this act and applies to acts involving the production, possession, or use of industrial hemp occurring on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law. "This Section 2 of this act shall expire on hume 30 of the fiscal year in which the North Carolina Industrial Hemp From the Industrial Hemp is no longer necessary because (i) the United States Congress-has-enacted legislation that removes-industrial hemp from the Indear of This act shall expire on the later of December 1, 2019, or 30 days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Arriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018."</li> <li>SECTION 6. The North Carolina Hemp Commission shall adopt termorary rules to implement Section 1 of this act. The temporary rules shall remain in effect until permanent rules to later than December 1, 2019.</li> <li>SECTION 6. The North Carolina Hemp Commission shall adopt termorary rules to implement Section 7. Section 1 of this act becomes effective on the later of the following dates:</li> <li>(1) Decembe</li></ul>	2 3	sample of hemp producers to verify that hemp is not pro this Article or rules adopted by the North Carolina Hemp	oduced in violation of p Commission.
atte on which the information is received.         SECTION 4.(b) If the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture disapproves the State plan submitted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the Commissioner of Agriculture, in consultation with the Governor and Attorney General, shall submit to the Secretary an amended State plan.         SECTION 5. Section 4 of S.L. 2015-299, as amended by S.L. 2016-93, reads as rewritten:         "SECTION 4. Section 2 of this act becomes effective on the first day of the month following the adoption of temporary rules pursuant to Section 3 of this act at at polles to acts involving the production, possession, or use of industrial hemp occurring on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law. This Section 2 of this act shall expire on June 30 of the first early early mich. The Commission adopts and submits to the Governor and to the Revisor of Statutes a resolution that a State pilot program allowing farmers to lawfully grow industrial hemp is no longer necessary because (i) the United States Congress has enacted legislation that removes industrial hemp from the federal Controlled Substances Act and (ii) the legislation has taken effect. December 1, 2019. The remainder of this act shall expire on the later of December 1, 2019, or 30 days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018."         SECTION 6. The North Carolina Hemp Commission shall adopt temporary rules to implement Section 1 of this act. The temporary rules shall expire untels that replace the temporary rules become effective. The Commission shall adopt permanent rules that replace that temporary rules become effective and the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018	5	the State, (ii) a legal description of the land on which he	emp is produced, and
9       SECTION 4.(b)       If the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture disapproves the State plan submitted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the Commissioner of Agriculture, in consultation with the Governor and Attorney General, shall submit to the Secretary an amended State plan.         13       SECTION 5. Section 4 of S.L. 2015-299, as amended by S.L. 2016-93, reads as rewritten:         15       "SECTION 4. Section 2 of this act becomes effective on the first day of the month following the adoption of temporary rules pursuant to Section 3 of this act and applies to acts involving the production, possession, or use of industrial hemp occurring on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law. This Section 2 of this act shall expire on June 30 of the fised year in which the North Carolina Industrial Hemp Commission adopte and submits to the Governor and to the Revisor of Statutes. a resolution that a State pilot program allowing farmers to lawfully grow industrial hemp is no longer necessary because (i) the United States Congress has enacted legislation has taken effect.December 1, 2019. The remainder of this act shall expire on the later of December 1, 2019, or 30 days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018."         21       SECTION 6. The North Carolina Hemp Commission shall adopt permanent rules that replace the temporary rules become effective. The Commission shall adopt permanent rules that replace the temporary rules become effective. The Commission shall adopt temporary rules to no later than December 1, 2020.         23       (1)       December 1, 2019.		· · ·	han 30 days after the
10       disapproves the State plan submitted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the Commissioner of Agriculture, in consultation with the Governor and Attorney General, shall submit to the Secretary an amended State plan.         11       SECTION 5. Section 4 of S.L. 2015-299, as amended by S.L. 2016-93, reads as rewritten:         12       "SECTION 4. Section 2 of this act becomes effective on the first day of the month following the adoption of temporary rules pursuant to Section 3 of this act and applies to acts involving the production, possession, or use of industrial hemp occurring on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law. This Section 1 and 30 of the Governor and to the North Carolina Industrial Hemp Commission adopts and submits to the Governor and to the Revisor of Statutes a resolution that a State pilot program allowing farmers to lawfully grow industrial hemp is no longer necessary because (i) the United States Congress has enacted legislation that removes industrial hemp from the federal Controlled Substances Act and (ii) the legislation has taken effect.December 1, 2019. The remainder of this act shall expire on the later of December 1, 2019, or 30 days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018," SECTION 6. The North Carolina Hemp Commission shall adopt permanent rules no later than December 1, 2020.         13       SECTION 7. Section 1 of this act become effective December 1, 2019, and apply to offense committed on or after that date.         14       Section 2.3 of this act become effective Inte Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018," Section 2.3 of this act seffective for taxes imposed for taxable			tmont of Agriculture
<ul> <li>of Agriculture, in consultation with the Governor and Attorney General, shall submit to the Secretary an amended State plan.</li> <li>SECTION 5. Section 4 of S.L. 2015-299, as amended by S.L. 2016-93, reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"SECTION 4. Section 2 of this act becomes effective on the first day of the month following the adoption of temporary rules pursuant to Section 3 of this act and applies to acts involving the production, possession, or use of industrial hemp occurring on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law. This Section 2 of this, act shall expire on June 30 of the fiscal year in which the North Carolina Industrial Hemp Commission adopts and submits to the Governor and (i) the legislation that removes industrial hemp from the federal Controlled States Congress has enacted legislation that Raken effect December 1, 2019. The remainder of this act shall expire on the later of December 1, 2019, or 30 days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018."</li> <li>SECTION 6. The North Carolina Hemp Commission shall adopt temporary rules to no later than December 1, 2020.</li> <li>SECTION 7. Section 1 of this act Secone effective. The Commission shall adopt permanent rules that replace the temporary rules become effective. The Commission shall adopt permanent rules that replace the temporary from 0. The fact the following dates:</li> <li>(1) December 1, 2019.</li> <li>(2) Thirty days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018.</li> <li>(2) Thirty days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 2019, and apply to offenses</li></ul>			6
12       Secretary an amended State plan.         13       SECTION 5. Section 4 of S.L. 2015-299, as amended by S.L. 2016-93, reads as rewritten:         14       rewritten:         15       SECTION 4. Section 2 of this act becomes effective on the first day of the month following the adoption of temporary rules pursuant to Section 3 of this act and applies to acts involving the production, possession, or use of industrial hemp occurring on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law. This Section 2 of this act shall expire on June 30 of the fiscal year in which the North Carolina Industrial Hemp Commission adopts and submits to the fiscal year in which the North Carolina Industrial Hemp from the fiscal plot program allowing farmers to lawfully grow industrial hemp is no longer necessary because (i) the United States Congress has enacted legislation that removes industrial hemp from the Ideral Controlled Substances Act and (ii) the legislation has taken effect. December 1, 2019. The remainder of this act shall expire on the later of December 1, 2019, or 30 days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018."         12       SECTION 6. The North Carolina Hemp Commission shall adopt temporary rules to implement Section 1 of this act become effective. The Commission shall adopt temporary rules to instate replace the temporary trues become effective. The Commission shall adopt permanent rules that replace the temporary trues become effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018."<			
13       SECTION 5. Section 4 of S.L. 2015-299, as amended by S.L. 2016-93, reads as rewritten:         15       "SECTION 4. Section 2 of this act becomes effective on the first day of the month following the adoption of temporary rules pursuant to Section 3 of this act and applies to acts involving the production, possession, or use of industrial hemp occurring on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law. This-Section 2 of this act shall expire on June 30 of the fiscal year in which the North Carolina Industrial Hemp Commission adopts and submits to the Governor and to the Revisor of Statutes a resolution that a State pilot program allowing farmers to lawfully grow industrial hemp is no longer necessary because () the United States Congress has enacted legislation that removes industrial hemp from the federal Controlled Substances Act and (ii) the legislation has taken effect.December 1, 2019. The remainder of this act shall expire on the later of December 1, 2019, or 30 days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018."         28       SECTION 6. The North Carolina Hemp Commission shall adopt temporary rules to implement Section 1 of this act. The temporary rules shall remain in effect until permanent rules that replace the temporary rules become effective. The Commission shall adopt permanent rules that replace the temporary rules due to fregulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018."         29       (1) December 1, 2019.       (2) Thity days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United State		•	, shan sublint to the
14       rewritten:         15       "SECTION 4. Section 2 of this act becomes effective on the first day of the month following the adoption of temporary rules pursuant to Section 3 of this act and applies to acts involving the production, possession, or use of industrial hemp occurring on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law. This Section 2 of this act shall expire on June 30 of the faseal year in which the North Carolina Industrial Hemp Commission adopts and submits to the Governor and to the Revisor of Statutes a resolution that a State pilot program allowing farmers to lawfully grow industrial hemp is no longer necessary because (i) the United States Congress has enacted legislation that removes industrial hemp from the federal Controlled Substances Act and (ii) the legislation has taken effect. December 1, 2019. The remainder of this act shall expire on the later of December 1, 2019, or 30 days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018."         27       SECTION 6. The North Carolina Hemp Commission shall adopt temporary rules to implement Section 1 of this act. The temporary rules shall remain in effect until permanent rules that replace the temporary rules become effective. The Commission shall adopt permanent rules that are place the temporary rules become selfective ate of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018."         28       (1)       December 1, 2019.         29       (2)       Thirty days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the		• 1	L 2016-93 reads as
<ul> <li>"SECTION 4. Section 2 of this act becomes effective on the first day of the month following the adoption of temporary rules pursuant to Section 3 of this act and applies to acts involving the production, possession, or use of industrial hemp occurring on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law. This Section 2 of this act shall expire on June 30 of the fiseal year in which the North Carolina Industrial Hemp Commission adopts and submits to the Governor and to the Revisor of Statutes a resolution that a State pilot program allowing farmers to lawfully grow industrial hemp is no longer necessary because (i) the United States Congress has enacted legislation that removes industrial hemp from the federal Controlled Substances Act and (ii) the legislation has taken effect. December 1, 2019. The remainder of this act shall expire on the later of December 1, 2019, or 30 days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018."</li> <li>SECTION 6. The North Carolina Hemp Commission shall adopt permanent rules that replace the temporary rules become effective. The Commission shall adopt permanent rules that replace the temporary rules become effective atter of the following dates:         <ul> <li>(1) December 1, 2019.</li> <li>(2) Thirty days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018.</li> <li>Section 3. of this act becomes effective December 1, 2019, and apply to offenses committed on or after that date.</li> <li>(3) Thirty days after the effective for taxable years beginning on or after July 1, 2019. Sections 3. (4), and 70 fthis act are effective when they become law. Section 4. (5), 6, and 7 of this act are effective when they become</li></ul></li></ul>			L. 2010 95, 10445 45
<ul> <li>the adoption of temporary rules pursuant to Section 3 of this act and applies to acts involving the production, possession, or use of industrial hemp occurring on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law. This Section 2 of this act shall expire on June 30 of the fiscal year in which the North Carolina Industrial Hemp Commission adopts and submits to the Governor and to the Revisor of Statutes a resolution that a State pilot program allowing farmers to lawfully grow industrial hemp is no longer necessary because (i) the United States Congress has enacted legislation that removes industrial hemp from the federal Controlled Substances Act and (ii) the legislation has taken effect. December 1, 2019. The remainder of this act shall expire on the later of December 1, 2019, or 30 days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018."</li> <li>SECTION 6. The North Carolina Hemp Commission shall adopt temporary rules to implement Section 1 of this act. The temporary rules shall remain in effect until permanent rules that replace the temporary rules become effective. The Commission shall adopt permanent rules no later than December 1, 2019.</li> <li>SECTION 6.1. Article 50E of Chapter 106 of the General Statutes is repealed. SECTION 7. Section 1 of this act becomes effective on the later of the following dates:         <ul> <li>(1) December 1, 2019.</li> <li>(2) Thirty days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018.</li> <li>(2) Thirty days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act o</li></ul></li></ul>			f the month following
<ul> <li>production, possession, or use of industrial hemp occurring on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law. This Section 2 of this act shall expire on June 30 of the fiscal year in which the North Carolina Industrial Hemp Commission adopts and submits to the Governor and to the Revisor of Statutes a resolution that a State pilot program allowing farmers to lawfully grow industrial hemp is no longer necessary because (i) the United States Congress has enacted legislation that removes industrial hemp from the federal Controlled Substances Act and (ii) the legislation has taken effect. December 1, 2019. The remainder of this act shall expire on the later of December 1, 2019, or 30 days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018."</li> <li>SECTION 6. The North Carolina Hemp Commission shall adopt temporary rules to implement Section 1 of this act. The temporary rules shall remain in effect until permanent rules that replace the temporary rules become effective. The Commission shall adopt temporary fulles to a SECTION 6.1. Article 50E of Chapter 106 of the General Statutes is repealed. SECTION 7. Section 1 of this act becomes effective on the later of the following dates:         <ul> <li>(1) December 1, 2019.</li> <li>(2) Thirty days after the effective date of regulations adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 297D of the Agriculture Marketing Act of 1946, as amended by the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018.</li> <li>Sections 2, 2.1, and 2.2 of this act become effective on the later of the following dates:</li> <li>(1) December 1, 2019.</li> <li>(2) Thirty days after the effective June 1, 2020.</li> <li>Sections 2, 2.1, and 2.2 of this act become effective December 1, 2019, and apply t</li></ul></li></ul>		•	
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<ul> <li>offenses committed on or after that date.</li> <li>Section 2.3 of this act becomes effective June 1, 2020.</li> <li>Section 3 of this act is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years beginning on or</li> <li>after July 1, 2019. Sections 4, 5, 6, and 7 of this act are effective when they become law. Section</li> <li>6.1 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2021. Sections 2.2 and 3 of this act expire July 1, 2021.</li> <li><b>TRANSFER HEMP PROGRAM AUTHORITY TO THE DEPARTMENT OF</b></li> <li><b>AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER SERVICES ON JULY 1, 2021</b></li> <li>SECTION 8.(a) Chapter 106 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new</li> <li>Article to read:</li> <li>"Article 50F.</li> </ul>			1 2019 and apply to
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<ul> <li>43 after July 1, 2019. Sections 4, 5, 6, and 7 of this act are effective when they become law. Section</li> <li>44 6.1 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2021. Sections 2.2 and 3 of this act expire July 1, 2021.</li> <li>45</li> <li>46 TRANSFER HEMP PROGRAM AUTHORITY TO THE DEPARTMENT OF</li> <li>47 AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER SERVICES ON JULY 1, 2021</li> <li>48 SECTION 8.(a) Chapter 106 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new</li> <li>49 Article to read:</li> <li>50 "Article 50F.</li> </ul>			vears beginning on or
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<ul> <li>45</li> <li>46 TRANSFER HEMP PROGRAM AUTHORITY TO THE DEPARTMENT OF</li> <li>47 AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER SERVICES ON JULY 1, 2021</li> <li>48 SECTION 8.(a) Chapter 106 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new</li> <li>49 Article to read:</li> <li>50 "Article 50F.</li> </ul>		•	
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<ul> <li>47 AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER SERVICES ON JULY 1, 2021</li> <li>48 SECTION 8.(a) Chapter 106 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new</li> <li>49 Article to read:</li> <li>50 "Article 50F.</li> </ul>	46	TRANSFER HEMP PROGRAM AUTHORITY TO THE DI	EPARTMENT OF
<ul> <li>49 Article to read:</li> <li>50 "<u>Article 50F.</u></li> </ul>	47		
50 " <u>Article 50F.</u>	48	SECTION 8.(a) Chapter 106 of the General Statutes is amend	ded by adding a new
	49		-
51 " <u>North Carolina Hemp Program.</u>	50	" <u>Article 50F.</u>	
	51	"North Carolina Hemp Program.	

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"§ 106-568.60. ]	Legislative findings and purpose.	
	Assembly finds and declares that hemp is a viable as	priculture commodity in this
	s in the best interest of the citizens of North Carolin	
(1)	Promote the cultivation and processing of hemp,	
<u>, - /</u>	markets for farmers and businesses through the sa	-
<u>(2)</u>	Promote the expansion of the State's hemp indus	* *
<u>\</u>	permitted by law, allowing farmers and business	
	process hemp and sell hemp products for commer	
<u>(3)</u>	Encourage and empower research into industria	
<u></u>	products at State institutions of higher education a	1 2 1
(4)	Move the State and its citizens to the forefront of	-
" <u>§ 106-568.61.</u> ]		<u> </u>
	g definitions apply in this Article:	
(1)	"Cannabidiol" or "CBD" means the nonpsychoact	tive cannabinoid compound
<u>, - /</u>	derived from the hemp variety of the plant Ca	
	essentially free of plant material and does not es	
	THC level for hemp.	
<u>(2)</u>	"Cannabinoid" means any of the terpenophenolic of	compounds found within the
<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	plant <i>Cannabis sativa</i> (L.) that are functional	-
	biologically active, and are classified in subgro	
	(CBG), Cannabichromenes (CBC),	Cannabidiols (CBD),
	tetrahydrocannabinols (THC), Cannabinol (CBN	
	and all other chemical cannabinoid constituents d	
<u>(3)</u>	"Commercial sale" means the sale of products in	
	retail, wholesale, and online.	<u></u>
<u>(4)</u>	"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the	Department of Agriculture
<u> </u>	and Consumer Services.	
<u>(5)</u>	"Cultivating" means planting, watering, growing	and harvesting a plant or
- <u></u>	crop. "Cultivating" also includes possessing or s	
	period of time on the premises where the hemp was	
	hemp to the first point of sale by the cultivator.	1 5
<u>(6)</u>	"Department" means the Department of Agricultu	re and Consumer Services.
$\overline{(7)}$	"Federally defined THC level for hemp" means a	delta-9 THC concentration
	of not more than three-tenths percent $(0.3\%)$ on a	
<u>(8)</u>	"Handling" means possessing or storing hemp pl	ants for any period of time
	on premises owned, operated, or controlled by a	a person licensed to handle
	hemp. "Handling" also includes possessing or stor	ing hemp plants in a vehicle
	for any period of time other than during its actual	transport from the premises
	of a person licensed to cultivate, handle, or proce	ess hemp to the premises of
	another licensed person or a person who is lawfu	<b>-</b>
	that person's jurisdiction. "Handling" does not in	-
	finished hemp products.	
(9)	"Hemp" means the plant Cannabis sativa (L.)	and any part of that plant,
<u> </u>	including the seeds thereof and all derivative	
	isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers, whethe	
	federally defined THC level for hemp.	
<u>(10)</u>	"Hemp product" means any product within the f	ederally defined THC level
<u>,                                     </u>	for hemp derived from, or made by, processing he	
	are prepared in a form available for commercial sal	
	to, cosmetics, personal care products, food inte	
	consumption unless prohibited by the United	
	± ± •••••	

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	Administration or the United States Department of Agriculture, cloth,
	cordage, fiber, fuel, paint, paper, particleboard, plastics, oils, tinctures, vapor
	products, and any product containing one or more hemp-derived
	cannabinoids, such as cannabidiol. "Hemp product" does not include
	smokable hemp.
<u>(11)</u>	"Licensee" means an individual or business entity possessing a license issued
	by the Department under the authority of this Article to cultivate or handle
	hemp.
<u>(12)</u>	"Processing" means converting an agricultural commodity into a marketable
	form.
<u>(13)</u>	"Smokable hemp" means harvested raw or dried hemp plant material,
	including hemp buds or hemp flowers, hemp cigars, and hemp cigarettes.
<u>(14)</u>	"Tetrahydrocannabinol" or "THC" means any of the chemical analogues
	belonging to the Cannabinoid subgroup Tetrahydrocannabinol. These
	compounds include the chemical equivalents contained in the plant Cannabis
	sativa (L.) or in the resinous extractive compounds, salts, or derivatives of the
	plant or chemicals and their isomers with similar chemical structure and
	pharmacological activity.
"§ 106-568.62. H	Powers and duties of the Department.
The Departm	ent shall have the following powers and duties:
(1)	To issue licenses allowing a person, firm, or corporation to cultivate or handle
	hemp, upon proper application as the Commissioner may specify and in
	accordance with G.S. 106-568.63. The Commissioner may delegate approval
	of license applications to Department staff, but the Commissioner shall hear
	all appeals of denial of a license.
<u>(2)</u>	To receive gifts, grants, federal funds, and any other funds, both public and
	private, needed to support the North Carolina Hemp Program.
<u>(3)</u>	To adopt rules necessary to carry out the purposes of this Article, which shall
	include, but are not limited to, rules to do all of the following:
	a. Prescribe sampling and testing procedures to ensure that hemp
	cultivated or handled under the authority of this Article does not
	exceed the federally defined THC level for hemp.
	b. Set and collect a schedule of nonrefundable fees for administering the
	North Carolina Hemp Program.
" <u>§ 106-568.63. (</u>	Dualification of licensees.
<u>(a)</u> <u>No pe</u>	rson shall cultivate or handle hemp in this State unless the person holds a hemp
license issued by	the Department.
(b) In ord	er to obtain a license to cultivate hemp pursuant to this Article, a person must
<u>be a qualifying</u>	farmer pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13E(a) or a conditional qualifying farmer
pursuant to G.S.	<u>105-164.13E(b).</u>
(c) <u>A per</u>	son granted a license to cultivate hemp pursuant to this Article shall provide to
the Department p	rior to issuance of the license:
<u>(1)</u>	The legal description and global positioning coordinates sufficient for locating
	the fields or greenhouses to be used to cultivate hemp.
<u>(2)</u>	Written consent allowing representatives of the Department, the State Bureau
	of Investigation, and the chief law enforcement officer of the unit or units of
	local government where the farm is located to enter all premises where hemp
	is cultivated or stored for the purpose of conducting physical inspections or
	ensuring compliance with the requirements of this Article and rules adopted
	by the Department.

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1	(d) Any person convicted of a felony relating to a controlled substance	under State or
2	federal law shall be ineligible to obtain any hemp license for the 10-year perio	
3	date of the conviction.	<u> </u>
4	(e) Any person who materially falsifies any information contained in an	application for
5	a hemp license shall be ineligible to obtain a hemp license.	<u></u>
6	(f) A license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Department shall afford to the spouse of a license issued by the Dep	ensee all rights
7	and privileges granted to the licensee, provided the licensee's spouse m	
8	qualifications for licensure as provided in this section.	C (1 1' )
9	(g) <u>A license issued by the Department shall be transferrable to a member</u>	
10	immediate family upon the death or incapacity of the licensee, provided the trans	
11	other qualifications for licensure as provided in this section. In the event of a licen	
12	Department shall modify the license to reflect the transfer of the license to the tra	
13 14	requiring an application for a new license. However, the transferee shall submit an annual criminal background check as required by subsection (c) of this	
15	Department does not have a current criminal history on record for the transferee.	
16	(h) A license issued by the North Carolina Industrial Hemp Commission	
17	for the term of the license. A person who holds a license issued by the North Car	
18	Hemp Commission who wishes to modify the conditions of the license shall be re-	
19	for a new license from the Department.	dance to apply
20	" <u>§ 106-568.64.</u> Bonding requirement for hemp handlers.	
21	The Department shall not issue a license to handle hemp to any person until	the person has
22	furnished the Commissioner a bond satisfactory to the Commissioner in an amo	
23	than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000). No bond shall be required fo	
24	processes only hemp grown by the handler. The Commissioner may require a ne	
25	require the amount of any bond to be increased if the Commissioner finds it no	ecessary for the
26	protection of the cultivator. The bond shall be payable to the State and shall be co	nditioned upon
27	the fulfilling of all financial obligations incurred by the handler with all hemp	cultivators with
28	whom the handler contracts. Any cultivator alleging any injury by the fraud, decei	<u>t, willful injury,</u>
29	or failure to comply with the terms of any written contract by a handler may be	
30	bond against the principal and the principal's surety in any court of competent	urisdiction and
31	may recover the damages found to be caused by such acts complained of.	
32	" <u>§ 106-568.65. Corrective action plans authorized.</u>	
33	(a) <u>The Department shall require any person who is required to obtain</u>	-
34	issued by the Department to comply with a corrective action plan if the Commission	
35	that the person has negligently violated any provision of this Article or any rule	- · · ·
36	Department, including by negligently failing to obtain a proper license or	
37	authorization from the Department, negligently failing to provide an accurate le	
38	of land on which the person produces hemp, or negligently producing <i>Cannabis</i>	<u>sanva (L.) with</u>
39 40	more than the federally defined THC level for hemp.	aast the date by
40 41	(b) <u>A corrective action plan required by the Department shall include at 1</u> which the person shall correct the violation and a requirement that the person sh	
41 42	report to the Department on the person's compliance with this Article and all re	
43	the Department for a period of not less than the next two calendar years.	nes adopted by
44	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the penalty for a neglig	ent violation of
45	any provision of this Article or any rule adopted by the Department shall be cor	
46	corrective action plan pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. However,	
47	negligently violates this Article or any rule adopted by the Department three time	*
48	period shall be ineligible to obtain a hemp license for a period of five years begin	
49	of the third violation and shall be subject to criminal and civil penalties for addit	
50	during that period.	

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1	(d) If the	e Commissioner determines that a person has violated th	nis Article or any rule
2		Department recklessly, willfully, knowingly, or intention	
3		y report the person to the Attorney General and the approp	
4	authority.		
5	" <u>§ 106-568.66.</u>	Civil penalties.	
6		Commissioner may assess a civil penalty of not more the	nan two thousand five
7		(\$2,500) per violation against any person who:	
8	(1)	Violates any provision of this Article or a rule adopted l	by the Commission, or
9		conditions of any license, permit, or order issued by the	
)	<u>(2)</u>	Manufactures, distributes, dispenses, delivers, put	
		attempts, or conspires to manufacture, distribute, dispe	
		or possesses with the intent to manufacture, distribute	_
		purchase marijuana on property used for hemp produ	-
		intended to disguise the marijuana due to its proximity	
		may be imposed in addition to any other penalties prov	
	(3)	Provides the Department with false or misleading infor	
		license application or renewal, inspection, or investigat	
		Article.	
	<u>(4)</u>	Tampers with or adulterates a hemp crop lawfully pla	anted pursuant to this
	<u> </u>	Article.	<u> </u>
	(5)	Knowingly or intentionally manufactures, delivers,	, sells, or possesses
		smokable hemp, except for hemp plants or parts of a	
		handled by a licensee for processing or manufacturi	
		product or for sale or delivery to either an individual	
		hemp license from the Department or a person outs	-
		allowed to receive it under the laws of that jurisdiction.	
	<u>(b)</u> The <b>(</b>	Commissioner shall remit the clear proceeds of civil penal	lties assessed pursuant
	to this section to	the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with	G.S. 115C-457.2.
	" <u>§ 106-568.67.</u>	Criminal penalties.	
	<u>(a)</u> <u>Any</u>	person who willfully, knowingly, or intentionally man	ufactures, distributes,
	dispenses, deliv	ers, purchases, aids, abets, attempts, or conspires to ma	anufacture, distribute,
	dispense, delive	r, purchase, or possesses with the intent to manufacture	e, distribute, dispense,
	deliver, or purch	ase marijuana on property used for hemp production, or in	n a manner intended to
	-	rijuana due to its proximity to hemp, shall be guilty of a	
	penalty may be i	mposed in addition to any other penalties provided by law	<u>V.</u>
		person who willfully, knowingly, or intentionally provide	*
		ing information in relation to a license application or re	
		horized by this Article shall be guilty of a Class 1 misden	
		person who willfully, knowingly, or intentionally tamper	
		illy planted pursuant to this Article shall be guilty of a Cla	
		person who sells vapor products that contain hemp to a per	rson less than 18 years
		ty of a Class 2 misdemeanor.	
		person that knowingly or intentionally manufactures, deliv	
		except for hemp plants or parts of a hemp plant grown or	•
		r manufacturing into a legal hemp product or for sale of	•
		possesses a valid hemp license from the Department or a p	
		o receive it under the laws of that jurisdiction, shall be de	emed guilty of a Class
	<u>1 misdemeanor.</u>	Transportation of home products	
		<u><b>Transportation of hemp products.</b></u> pt as provided in G.S. 106-139(g), no license shall be requi	rad to possage handle
	(a) Exce		neu to possess, nanule,
	mansport, or sen	nemp products.	

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(b) Hemp pro	ducts may be legally transported to oth	her states and exported to foreign
	th the laws of the receiving jurisdiction.	<u> </u>
	a Carolina Hemp Program Fund.	
	Carolina Hemp Program Fund is esta	ablished as a special fund in the
	lture and Consumer Services. The fund	-
	nd any other proceeds from gifts, grant	
	other funds, both public and private, m	
	eceived and accruing from the fund sha	
Fund.	eccived and accruing from the fund she	an de pare into the State's General
	shall be used by the Department for	the costs of personnel program
	g, and any other costs incurred in adn	
	, and branding of North Carolina grown	
	<b>8.(b)</b> The Department of Agriculture a	
	e the rules adopted by the North Carolina	
•	ict until the Department amends or	1 1
G.S. 150B-21.7.	ict until the Department amends of	repeats the fulles, pursuant to
	<b>O C S</b> 00 04 <b>5</b> as anasted by Section	2(a) of this pat reads as requiritten.
"§ 90-94.5. Immunit	<b>9.</b> G.S. 90-94.5, as enacted by Section	2(c) of this act, reads as rewritten.
		of this Charton it is not a violation
•	- Notwithstanding any other provision of $(a)(2)$ for an individual who reasons as	<b>1</b>
	(a)(3) for an individual who possesses a	
	mission Department of Agriculture an	
	from another state or the United Stat	
-	sell or deliver, or possess with intent to	-
- · -	ovided any sale or delivery of hemp or	smokable nemp is made to one of
the following:	·	lissues from the North Couling
	individual who possesses a valid hemp	
	mp Commission.Department of Agricult	
· · · · · ·	person outside the State who is allowed	to receive it under the laws of that
5	sdiction.	
	violation. – Notwithstanding any other	
	G.S. 90-95(a)(1) or (a)(3) for an indivi	
	h Carolina Hemp Commission Departm	
	nanufacture, sell or deliver, or possess v	
	cultivated by the licensee containing a	
	f three-tenths percent $(0.3\%)$ on a dry	C ,
	ion willfully, knowingly, or intentiona	
	all be determined by the North Carolina	
-	<u>imer Services</u> pursuant to G.S. 106-568	
	<b>10.(a)</b> G.S. 105-113.106(3a) reads as 1	rewritten:
" <u>(3a)</u> <u>He</u>	mp. – Any of the following:	
<u>a.</u>	Hemp as defined in G.S. 106-568.6	
<u>b.</u>	Hemp products as defined in G.S. 1	
<u>C.</u>	Smokable hemp as defined in G.S.	
	<b>10.(b)</b> G.S. 105-113.107A reads as rev	written:
"§ 105-113.107A. Ex	-	
	l Possession. – The tax levied in this Ar	
-	dealer who is authorized by law to poss	-
	e time the dealer's possession of the sub-	•
	arijuana Parts. – The tax levied in th	nis Article does not apply to the
following marijuana:		

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	(1)	Harvested mature marijuana stalks when separated from and	d not mixed with
	(-)	any other parts of the marijuana plant.	
	(2)	Fiber or any other product of marijuana stalks described in s	subdivision (1) of
	(2)	this subsection, except resin extracted from the stalks.	
	(3)	Marijuana seeds that have been sterilized and are incapable of	of germination
	(3) (4)	Roots of the marijuana plant.	or germination.
<u>(c)</u>		b. – The tax levied in this Article shall not apply to hem	n when lawfully
		ordance with Article 50F of Chapter 106 of the General Statute	
p0386886		<b>FION 11.</b> Sections 8 through 11 of this act become effective J	
	SEC	<b>HOW II.</b> Sections 6 unough 11 of this act become effective <i>j</i>	uly 1, 2021.
CLARIE	TY LEG	ALITY OF EVIDENCE	
		<b>FION 11.5.(a)</b> G.S. 15A-974 reads as rewritten:	
"8 154-9		clusion or suppression of unlawfully obtained evidence.	
(a)		timely motion, evidence must be suppressed if:	
(a)	(1)	Its exclusion is required by the Constitution of the Unit	ed States or the
	(1)	Constitution of the State of North Carolina; or	
	(2)	It is obtained as a result of a substantial violation of the p	provisions of this
	(2)	Chapter. In determining whether a violation is substantial	
		consider all the circumstances, including:	, the court must
		a. The importance of the particular interest violated;	
		b. The extent of the deviation from lawful conduct;	
		c. The extent to which the violation was willful;	
		d. The extent to which exclusion will tend to deter fut	ture violations of
		this Chapter.	ure violations of
		Evidence shall not be suppressed under this subdivisio	on if the person
		committing the violation of the provision or provisions un	-
		acted under the objectively reasonable, good faith belief that	
		lawful.	
(a1)	If evi	dence was obtained as the result of a search that was suppo	rted by probable
		of the search, no evidence obtained as a result of that search sh	
		is of either of the following:	<u></u>
,	<u>(1)</u>	A subsequent determination that a substance believed to	be a controlled
	<u> </u>	substance at the time of the search was not a controlled subs	
	(2)	A subsequent determination that the presence of a controlled	
	<u> </u>	time of the search was not a violation of law.	
(b)	The c	court, in making a determination whether or not evidence sha	all be suppressed
· · ·		n, shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law which sha	
		ant to G.S. 15A-977(f)."	
	· 1	<b>FION 11.5.(b)</b> This section becomes effective December 1, 2	2019, and applies
to motioi		on or after that date.	/ II
DIRECT	<b>DEP</b>	ARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER S	SERVICES TO
		ANNABINOID-RELATED COMPOUNDS	
	SEC?	<b>FION 12.(a)</b> G.S. 106-121 reads as rewritten:	
" <b>§ 106-1</b> :	21. Def	initions and general consideration.	
		ose of this Article:	
	(1)	The term "advertisement" means all representations disse	eminated in any
		manner or by any means, other than by labeling, for the purp	-
		or which are likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the p	
		drugs, devices or cosmetics.	,
		-	

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<u>(1a)</u>	The term "cannabinoid-related compounds" means cl	hemical compounds and
<u>(1w)</u>	constituents found within the hemp plant that are bio	
	classified in subgroups such as cannabinoids, terpe	
	other related compounds derived from hemp	
	compounds" shall not include smokable he	
	G.S. 106-568.51(7e).	<u>mp, as defined m</u>
<del>(1a)</del> (1		nediate gravs
	1c) The term "color additive" means a material which	
(10)	"	1.
SEC	<b>FION 12.(b)</b> G.S. 106-139 is amended by adding three	new subsections to read:
	Board shall adopt rules to establish current good mat	
	backaging, labeling, or holding operations for cannabi	
	np, as defined in G.S. 106-568.51(5b). The Board shall	_
	ng to labeling of cannabinoid-related compounds:	
<u>(1)</u>	The label of products containing cannabinoid-rel	lated compounds must
<u>\-/</u>	indicate both the total cannabinoid content per prod	-
	cannabinoid content in the dose recommended on the	
<u>(2)</u>	All products containing cannabinoid-related compou	-
<u></u>	label a machine-readable code that, when scanned b	
	electronic device, provides access via the Internet to	
	issued by an independent accredited laboratory certif	•
	17025 that meets all of the following requirements:	
	a. The certification is lot-specific.	
	b. The certification provides a profile of tota	al cannabinoid potency
	content.	1
	c. The certification includes analysis of so	olvents, heavy metals,
	pesticides, aflatoxins, and microbials contained	-
(g) The	manufacture, sale, delivery, holding, or offering	ng for sale of any
cannabinoid-rela	ted compounds that does not comply with rules adopted	ed by the Board shall be
prohibited under	this Article and shall also be subject to G.S. 106-123 a	nd G.S. 106-125.
<u>(h)</u> <u>No p</u>	erson, including individuals, partnerships, firms, assoc	iations, or corporations,
that are subject to	o rules adopted by the Board shall engage in manufacture	ing, packaging, labeling,
	ing, or sale of cannabinoid-related compounds without	•
the Commission	er. Application for a license shall be made to the C	Commissioner on forms
provided by the I	Department. The application shall set forth the name and	address of the applicant,
	rincipal place of business, and such other information as	
-	ard shall develop a schedule of license fees, including	
	Fees collected pursuant to this subsection shall be use	
	able costs of administering the licensing program. Fail	± •
	dopted thereunder shall be cause for suspension or revo	ocation of a license."
	<b>TION 12.(c)</b> G.S. 106-121 reads as rewritten:	
	initions and general consideration.	
	ose of this Article:	
(1)	The term "advertisement" means all representation	-
	manner or by any means, other than by labeling, for the	
	or which are likely to induce, directly or indirectly	v, the purchase of food,
	drugs, devices or cosmetics.	
<u>(1a)</u>	The term "cannabinoid-related compounds" means cl	-
	constituents found within the hemp plant that are bio	• •
	classified in subgroups such as cannabinoids, terpe	
	other related compounds derived from hemp	. "Cannabinoid-related

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1	compounds" shall not include smokable hemp, as defined in
2	<u>G.S. 106-568.61(13).</u>
3	(1a)(1b) The term "color" includes black, white, and intermediate grays.
4	(1b)(1c) The term "color additive" means a material which:
5	"
6	<b>SECTION 12.(d)</b> G.S. 106-139 is amended by adding three new subsections to read:
7	"(f) The Board shall adopt rules to establish current good manufacturing practices in
8	manufacturing, packaging, labeling, or holding operations for cannabinoid-related compounds
9	derived from hemp, as defined in G.S. 106-568.61(9). The Board shall include the following in
10	its rules pertaining to labeling of cannabinoid-related compounds:
11	(1) <u>The label of products containing cannabinoid-related compounds must</u>
12	indicate both the total cannabinoid content per product unit and the active
13	cannabinoid content in the dose recommended on the product label.
14 15	(2) <u>All products containing cannabinoid-related compounds shall include on the</u>
15 16	<u>label a machine-readable code that, when scanned by a cell phone or other</u> electronic device, provides access via the Internet to a certificate of analysis
10	issued by an independent accredited laboratory certified under ISO Standard
18	17025 that meets all of the following requirements:
19	<u>a.</u> <u>The certification is lot-specific.</u>
20	b. The certification provides a profile of total cannabinoid potency
21	content.
22	c. The certification includes analysis of solvents, heavy metals,
23	pesticides, aflatoxins, and microbials contained in the product.
24	(g) The manufacture, sale, delivery, holding, or offering for sale of any
25	cannabinoid-related compounds that does not comply with rules adopted by the Board shall be
26	prohibited under this Article and shall also be subject to G.S. 106-123 and G.S. 106-125.
27	(h) No person, including individuals, partnerships, firms, associations, or corporations,
28	that are subject to rules adopted by the Board shall engage in manufacturing, packaging, labeling,
29	processing, holding, or sale of cannabinoid-related compounds without a valid license issued by
30	the Commissioner. Application for a license shall be made to the Commissioner on forms
31	provided by the Department. The application shall set forth the name and address of the applicant,
32	the applicant's principal place of business, and such other information as the Commissioner may
33 34	require. The Board shall develop a schedule of license fees, including fees for out-of-state and online retailers. Fees collected pursuant to this subsection shall be used by the Department to
34 35	cover all reasonable costs of administering the licensing program. Failure to comply with this
36	Article or rules adopted thereunder shall be cause for suspension or revocation of a license."
37	SECTION 12.(e) The Board of Agriculture shall adopt temporary rules to implement
38	this section no later than April 1, 2020. The temporary rules shall remain in effect until permanent
39	rules that replace the temporary rules become effective. The Board of Agriculture shall adopt
40	permanent rules no later than November 1, 2020.
41	<b>SECTION 12.(f)</b> Subsection (a) of this section is effective when it becomes law and
42	expires July 1, 2021. Subsection (b) of this section becomes effective January 1, 2020, and
43	expires July 1, 2021. Subsections (c) and (d) of this section become effective July 1, 2021. The
44	remainder of this section is effective when it becomes law.
45	
46	ALLOW DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER SERVICES TO
47	MARKET HEMP
48	SECTION 13.(a) G.S. 106-550 reads as rewritten:
49 50	"§ 106-550. Policy as to promotion of use of, and markets for, farm products; official
50	marketing campaign.

#### **General Assembly Of North Carolina** Session 2019 1 (a) It is declared to be in the interest of the public welfare that the North Carolina farmers 2 who are producers of livestock, poultry, seafood, field crops and other agricultural products, 3 including cattle, sheep, broilers, turkeys, commercial eggs, peanuts, cotton, hemp, potatoes, 4 sweet potatoes, sweetpotatoes, peaches, apples, berries, vegetables and other fruits of all kinds, 5 as well as bulbs and flowers and other agricultural products having a domestic or foreign market, 6 shall be permitted and encouraged to act jointly and in cooperation with growers, handlers, 7 dealers and processors of such products in promoting and stimulating, by advertising and other 8 methods, the increased production, use and sale, domestic and foreign, of any and all of such 9 agricultural commodities. The provisions of this Article, however, shall not include the 10 agricultural products of tobacco, strawberries, strawberry plants, porcine animals, or equines, 11 with respect to which separate provisions have been made. 12 The "Got to be NC" marketing campaign of the Department of Agriculture and (b)13 Consumer Services shall be the official agricultural marketing campaign for the State." 14 **SECTION 13.(b)** Article 50 of Chapter 106 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read: 15 16 "§ 106-554.1. Application to North Carolina Hemp Commission for authorization of hemp 17 referendum. 18 Notwithstanding G.S. 106-554, the North Carolina Hemp Commission shall be the entity that 19 provides certification and approval for the purpose of conducting a referendum among the 20 growers or producers of hemp. The North Carolina Hemp Commission shall perform the same 21 function as the Board of Agriculture in all other respects for cultivators of hemp for the purposes 22 of this Article." 23 SECTION 13.(c) This section is effective when it becomes law. Subsection (b) of 24 this section expires July 1, 2021. 25 26 **SMOKABLE HEMP BAN AND STUDY** 27 SECTION 14.(a) G.S. 106-568.56, as amended by Section 1 of this act, reads as 28 rewritten: 29 "§ 106-568.56. Civil penalty. 30 In addition to any other liability or penalty provided by law, the Commissioner may (a) 31 assess a civil penalty of not more than two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per violation 32 against any person who: 33 34 (5) Knowingly or intentionally manufactures, delivers, sells, or possesses 35 smokable hemp, except for hemp plants or parts of a hemp plant grown or 36 handled by a licensee for processing or manufacturing into a legal hemp 37 product or for sale or delivery to either an individual who possesses a valid 38 hemp license from the North Carolina Hemp Commission or a person outside 39 the State who is allowed to receive it under the laws of that jurisdiction. 40 The Commissioner shall remit the clear proceeds of civil penalties assessed pursuant (b) 41 to this section to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with G.S. 115C-457.2." 42 SECTION 14.(b) G.S. 106-568.57, as amended by Section 1 of this act, is amended 43 by adding a new subsection to read: 44 Any person that knowingly or intentionally manufactures, delivers, sells, or "(e) possesses smokable hemp, except for hemp plants or parts of a hemp plant 45 grown or handled by a licensee for processing or manufacturing into a legal 46 47 hemp product or for sale or delivery to either an individual who possesses a 48 valid hemp license from the North Carolina Hemp Commission or a person outside the State who is allowed to receive it under the laws of that 49

50

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SECTION 14.(c) G.S. 106-568.51(6), as amended by Section 1 of this act, reads as
rewritten:
"(6) Hemp product. – Any product within the federally defined THC level for hemp derived from, or made by, processing hemp plants or plant parts, that are prepared in a form available for commercial sale, including, but not limited to, cosmetics, personal care products, food intended for animal or human
consumption unless prohibited by the United States Food and Drug
Administration or the United States Department of Agriculture, cloth, cordage, fiber, fuel, paint, paper, particleboard, plastics, oils, tinctures, vapor
products, smokable hemp, and any product containing one or more
hemp-derived cannabinoids, such as cannabidiol. "Hemp product" does not
include smokable hemp."
<b>SECTION 14.(d)</b> At least quarterly, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the North Carolina Industrial Hemp Association, the North Carolina Hemp
Commission, the State Bureau of Investigation, and other law enforcement agencies and district
attorneys as requested by the State Bureau of Investigation shall meet to discuss best practices
for the hemp industry. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall report any
findings and legislative recommendations from these meetings to the Agriculture and Forestry
Awareness Study Commission within 30 days of each meeting. SECTION 14.(e) The State Bureau of Investigation shall notify the Agriculture and
Forestry Awareness Study Commission in writing when a field test with an analytical capability
to distinguish between hemp and marijuana has been evaluated and approved by a national
accreditation body. Upon the receipt of notification from the State Bureau of Investigation, the
Agriculture and Forestry Awareness Study Commission shall study whether the prohibition on
the sale of smokable hemp should be repealed and make legislative recommendations. SECTION 14.(f) Subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section become effective June
1, 2020, and apply to violations or offenses committed on or after that date. The remainder of
this section is effective when it becomes law.
REQUIRE UTILITY COMPANIES TO DISPOSE OF CERTAIN UNUSED
EASEMENTS UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY AWARENESS STUDY COMMISSION
<b>SECTION 15.(a)</b> Article 9 of Chapter 62 of the General Statutes is amended by
adding a new section to read:
" <u>§ 62-193. Disposition of certain unused easements.</u>
(a) The underlying fee owner of land encumbered by any easement acquired by a utility
company, whether acquired by purchase or by condemnation, on which construction has not been commenced by the utility company for the purpose for which the easement was acquired within
20 years of the date of acquisition, may file a complaint with the Commission for an order
requiring the utility company to terminate the easement in exchange for payment by the
underlying fee owner of the current fair market value of the easement.
(b) Upon receipt of the complaint, the Commission shall serve a copy of the complaint
on each utility company named in the complaint, together with an order directing that the utility company file an answer to the complaint within 90 days after service.
(c) If the utility company agrees to terminate the easement, the utility company shall
submit to the Commission, within the time allowed for answer, an original plus four copies of a
statement of the utility company's agreement to terminate the easement.
(d) If the utility company does not agree that the easement should be terminated, the
<u>utility company may request a determination from the Commission as to whether the easement</u> is necessary or advisable for the utility company's long-range needs for the provision of utilities
to serve its service area, and whether termination of the easement would be contrary to the

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1	interests of the using and consuming public. The Commission may conduct a hearing on the
2	matter, which shall be conducted in accordance with Article 4 of this Chapter. Either party may
3	appeal the Commission's decision in accordance with Article 5 of this Chapter. The burden of
4	proof shall be on the utility company to show that the easement is necessary or advisable for the
5	utility company's long-range needs for the provision of utilities to serve its service area and that
6	termination of the easement would be contrary to the interests of the using and consuming public.
7	(e) If the underlying fee owner and the utility company cannot reach a mutually agreed
8	upon fair market value of the easement, whether terminated voluntarily or by order of the
9	Commission, the Commission shall make a request to the clerk of superior court in the county
10	where the easement is located for the appointment of commissioners to determine the fair market
11	value of the easement in accordance with the process set forth in G.S. 40A-48.
12	(f) If the Commission decides that the easement should not be terminated, the underlying
13	fee owner may not file a complaint with the Commission under this section regarding the same
14	easement for a period of five years from the date of the decision.
15	(g) For purposes of this section, the term "utility company" means a public utility as
16	defined in G.S. 62-3(23), a municipality providing utility services, an authority organized under
17	the North Carolina Water and Sewer Authorities Act, a sanitary district, a metropolitan water
18	district, a metropolitan sewerage district, a metropolitan water and sewerage district, a county
19	water and sewer district, or an electric or telephone membership corporation."
20	<b>SECTION 15.(b)</b> This section becomes effective October 1, 2019, and applies to
21	easements acquired on or after that date.
22	
23	RIGHT-OF-WAY FOR LEFT-TURNING FARM EQUIPMENT
24	<b>SECTION 16.(a)</b> G.S. 20-150 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
25	"(e1) The driver of a vehicle shall not overtake and pass self-propelled farm equipment
26	proceeding in the same direction when the farm equipment is (i) making a left turn or (ii)
27 28	signaling that it intends to make a left turn."
28 29	<b>SECTION 16.(b)</b> This section becomes effective December 1, 2019, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.
29 30	onenses committed on of after that date.
31	EXPAND AGRICULTURAL OUTDOOR ADVERTISING
32	SECTION 17. G.S. 136-129 reads as rewritten:
33	"§ 136-129. Limitations of outdoor advertising devices.
34	No outdoor advertising shall be erected or maintained within 660 feet of the nearest edge of
35	the right-of-way of the interstate or primary highway systems in this State so as to be visible from
36	the main-traveled way thereof after the effective date of this Article as determined by
37	G.S. 136-140, except the following:
38	····
39	(2a) Outdoor advertising which advertises the sale of any fruit or vegetable crop
40	by the grower at a roadside stand or by having the purchaser pick the crop on
41	the property on which the crop is grown provided: (i) to promote a bona fide
42	farm that is exempt from zoning regulations pursuant to G.S. 153-340(b),
43	provided the sign is no more than two-three feet long on any side; (ii) side and
44	the sign is located on property owned or leased by the grower where the crop
45	is grown; (iii) the grower is also the seller; and (iv) the sign is kept in place by
46	the grower for no more than 30 days.any bona fide farm property owned or
47	leased by the owner or lessee of the bona fide farm.
48	
49	
50	AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY AWARENESS STUDY COMMISSION COCHAIR

51 HOLDOVER

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1	<b>SECTION 18.</b> G.S. 120-150 reads as rewritten:		
2	"§ 120-150. Creation; appointment of members.		
3	(a) There is created an Agriculture and Forestry Awareness Study Commiss	ion. Members	
4	of the Commission shall be citizens of North Carolina who are interested in the		
5	agriculture and forestry sectors of the State's economy. Members shall be as follow	•	
6	(1) Three appointed by the Governor.		
7	(2) Three appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.		
8	<ul><li>(3) Three appointed by the Speaker of the House.</li></ul>		
9	<ul><li>(4) The chairs of the House Agriculture Committee.</li></ul>		
10	(5) The chairs of the Senate Committee on Agriculture, Environmen	nt. and Natural	
11	Resources.		
12	(6) The Commissioner of Agriculture or the Commissioner's design	nee.	
13	(7) A member of the Board of Agriculture designated by the chair o		
14	Agriculture.		
15	(8) The President of the North Carolina Farm Bureau Federation	1. Inc., or the	
16	President's designee.	, ,	
17	(9) The President of the North Carolina State Grange or the Preside	ent's designee.	
18	(10) The Secretary of Environmental Quality or the Secretary's design	-	
19	(11) The President of the North Carolina Forestry Association,		
20	President's designee.		
21	(b) Members shall be appointed for two-year terms beginning Octob	er 1 of each	
22	odd-numbered year. The Chairs of the House Agriculture Committee and the Chairs	s of the Senate	
23	Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and Natural Resources shall serve as	cochairs. The	
24	President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representation	ives may each	
25	appoint an additional member of the Senate and House, respectively, to serve	as cochair. If	
26	appointed, these cochairs shall be voting members of the Commission. A qu	uorum of the	
27	Commission is nine members.		
28	(c) Cochairs' terms on the Commission are for two years and begin on the		
29	the General Assembly in each odd-numbered year. Except as otherwise pro		
30	subsection, a cochair of the Commission shall continue to serve for so long as the co		
31	a member of the General Assembly and no successor has been appointed. A c		
32	Commission who does not seek reelection or is not reelected to the General A		
33	complete a term of service on the Commission until the day on which a new Gene		
34	convenes. A member of the Commission who resigns or is removed from service i		
35	Assembly shall be deemed to have resigned or been removed from service on the	Commission."	
36			
37	ADD HUNTING, FISHING, SHOOTING SPORTS, AND EQUESTRIAN A		
38	TO THE DEFINITION OF AGRITOURISM, AND LIMIT REGUL	ATION OF	
39 40	CATERING BY BONA FIDE FARMS		
40	SECTION 20.(a) G.S. 99E-30 reads as rewritten:		
41 42	"§ 99E-30. Definitions.		
42 43	As used in this Article, the following terms mean:	ah that allows	
43 44	(1) Agritourism activity. – Any activity carried out on a farm or ran		
44 45	members of the general public, for recreational, entertainment, or purposes, to view or enjoy rural activities, including farmi		
45 46			
40 47	historic, cultural, harvest-your-own activities, <u>hunting, fish</u> sports, equestrian activities, or natural activities and attractions.		
47	an agritourism activity whether or not the participant paid to participant	•	
40 49	activity. For purposes of this section, properties used for shooting	-	
49 50	comply with guidelines for design and site evaluation as estab		
50 51	Wildlife Resources Commission. "Agritourism activity" include	•	
51	whatte Resources Commission. Agricourism activity menu	to an activity	

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1 2		involving any animal exhibition at an agricultural fair Commissioner of Agriculture pursuant to $C = 106$ 520.3	licensed by the
2 3	( <b>2</b> )	Commissioner of Agriculture pursuant to G.S. 106-520.3.	in the hyginage of
	(2)	Agritourism professional. – Any person who is engaged	
4	(2)	providing one or more agritourism activities, whether or not	1
5	(3)	Inherent risks of agritourism activity. – Those dangers or o	
6		an integral part of an agritourism activity including certain	-
7		surface and subsurface conditions, natural conditions of lan	
8		waters, the behavior of wild or domestic animals, and or	
9		structures or equipment ordinarily used in farming and ran	01
10		Inherent risks of agritourism activity also include the potent	1 1
11		to act in a negligent manner that may contribute to injury to	
12		others, including failing to follow instructions given by	
13		professional or failing to exercise reasonable caution while	le engaging in the
14		agritourism activity.	
15	(4)	Participant. – Any person, other than the agritourism	professional, who
16		engages in an agritourism activity.	
17	(5)	Person. – An individual, fiduciary, firm, association, pa	-
18		liability company, corporation, unit of government, or any	other group acting
19		as a unit."	
20		<b>ION 20.(b)</b> G.S. 153A-340(b)(2a) reads as rewritten:	
21	"(2a)	A building or structure that is used for agritourism is a bona	
22		if the building or structure is located on a property that (i) is	• •
23		who holds a qualifying farmer sales tax exemption cer	
24		Department of Revenue pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13E(a) o	. ,
25		the present-use value program pursuant to G.S. 105-277.3. I	
26		the requirements of this subsection for a period of three y	
27		the building or structure was originally classified as a b	
28		pursuant to this subdivision shall subject the building or stru	
29		zoning and development regulation ordinances adopted by	• •
30		to subsection (a) of this section in effect on the date the p	
31		meets the requirements of this subsection. For purpose	,
32		"agritourism" means any activity carried out on a farm or	
33		members of the general public, for recreational, entertainme	
34		purposes, to view or enjoy rural activities, including fa	arming, ranching,
35		historic, cultural, harvest-your-own activities, hunting, f	<b>•</b> •
36		activities, or natural activities and attractions. For purpos	
37		"agritourism" also includes shooting sports on properties th	
38		county with a population of fewer than 110,000 people acc	ording to the most
39		recent decennial census and that comply with guideline	es for design and
40		evaluation as established by the Wildlife Resources Comm	<u>ission. A majority</u>
41		vote of the board of county commissioners shall be requ	ired to determine
42		whether a property used for shooting sports is in com	
43		guidelines adopted by the Wildlife Resources Commission	
44		structure used for agritourism includes any building or	
45		public or private events, including, but not limited to, wed	
46		meetings, demonstrations of farm activities, meals, and oth	
47		taking place on the farm because of its farm or rural setting	
48		<b>TON 20.(c)</b> Article 6 of Chapter 153A of the General Statu	tes is amended by
49	adding a new sect	tion to read:	

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Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no county may require a	business located on a
property used for bona fide farm purposes, as provided in G.S. 153A-	340(b), that provides
catering services on- and off-site from the bona fide farm property, to obta	in a permit to provide
catering services within the county. This section shall not be construed to	
from any health and safety rules adopted by a local health department, the	
and Human Services, or the Commission for Public Health."	
SECTION 20.(d) Article 8 of Chapter 160A of the General S	tatutes is amended by
adding a new section to read:	
<u>\$ 160A-203.2. Limitations on regulation of catering by bona fide farm</u>	
Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no city may require a	
property used for bona fide farm purposes, as provided in G.S. 153A-	
catering services on- and off-site from the bona fide farm property, to obta	
catering services within the city. This section shall not be construed to exe	-
any health and safety rules adopted by a local health department, the Dep	artment of Health and
Human Services, or the Commission for Public Health."	
<b>SECTION 20.(e)</b> This section is effective when it becomes law	
(b) of this section shall not be construed to affect any existing agreemen	
local government, any permit or zoning decision previously issued by a loc	al government, or any
pending or ongoing litigation.	
ENACT THE NORTH CAROLINA SWEETPOTATO ACT FOR TH	E PROMOTION OF
NORTH CAROLINA SWEETPOTATOES	
<b>SECTION 21.</b> Chapter 106 of the General Statutes is amen	ded by adding a new
Article to read:	
" <u>Article 87.</u>	
" <u>North Carolina Sweetpotato Act.</u>	
' <u>§ 106-1065. Title.</u>	
This Article shall be known and may be cited as the "North Carolin	a Sweetpotato Act of
2019." 18 10 ( 10 ( ) D ( ) : : : : :	
" <u>§ 106-1066. Definitions.</u>	
<u>As used in this Article:</u>	
(1) <u>"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Depa</u>	rtment of Agriculture
and Consumer Services.	10
(2) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and	
(3) <u>"Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation</u>	n, association, or any
other legal entity.	
(4) <u>"North Carolina Sweetpotato Advisory Council" means</u>	s the advisory council
established pursuant to G.S. 106-1070.	
" <u>§ 106-1067. North Carolina sweetpotato brand.</u>	
Only sweetpotatoes that are grown in the State of North Carolina may be	•
packaged, labeled, or otherwise designated for sale inside or outside the S	tate as North Carolina
sweetpotatoes.	
<u>\$ 106-1068. Powers of Commissioner to regulate and promo</u>	ote North Carolina
sweetpotatoes.	
(a) <u>The Commissioner of Agriculture may take all actions necessa</u>	• • • •
create, register, license, promote, and protect a trademark for use on or in	
sale or promotion of North Carolina sweetpotatoes and products conta	-
sweetpotatoes. The Commissioner may impose and collect a reasonable roy	• •
hundredweight of sweetpotatoes for the use of such trademark on produ	
Carolina sweetpotatoes or the packaging containing such sweetp	-
Commissioner shall determine the fee in consultation with representativ	es of the sweetpotato

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1	industry and the	Marketing Division of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
2	The Commission	her shall remit all royalties and license fees received from this Article, less any
3	costs associated	with monitoring the use of the trademark, prohibiting the unlawful or
4	unauthorized use	e of the trademark, and enforcing rights in the trademark, to the North Carolina
5		nmission for the promotion of North Carolina sweetpotatoes.
6	(b) The l	Board of Agriculture may adopt rules that may include, but are not limited to,
7		s, grades, packing, handling, labeling, and marketing practices for the marketing
8		in this State, and such other rules as are necessary to administer this Article.
9	•	Agriculture may also adopt rules establishing a registration, inspection, and
10		ram for the production and marketing of North Carolina sweetpotatoes in this
11	<b>1</b> •	Carolina sweetpotatoes sold shall conform to the prescribed standards and grades
12	and shall be labe	
13		Commissioner and the Commissioner's agents and employees may enter any
14		er property where sweetpotatoes are produced, stored, sold, offered for sale,
15	-	le, transported, or delivered to inspect the sweetpotatoes for the purpose of
16		ovisions of this Article and the rules adopted under this Article.
17		andards for grades.
18		ent standards for grades adopted by the United States Department of Agriculture,
19		rketing Service, United States Standards for Grades of Sweet Potatoes are
20		prence and shall be the standards for grades in this State, except that the
21		ay establish tolerances or allowable percentages of United States standards each
22		recommendation of the North Carolina Sweetpotato Advisory Council.
23		orth Carolina Sweetpotato Advisory Council.
24		sioner shall appoint a North Carolina Sweetpotato Advisory Council, to consist
25		involved in growing, packing, or growing and packing North Carolina
26		t least one sweetpotato processor; at least one sweetpotato retailer; at least one
27		tive extension agent familiar with the production of North Carolina
28		nd any other person or persons selected by the Commissioner, for the purpose
29	-	vice upon his or her request regarding the exercise of the Commissioner's
30		nt to G.S. 106-1068. Members of the North Carolina Sweetpotato Advisory
31		eive no compensation for their service."
32		*
33	SOIL AND WA	TER CONSERVATION JOB APPROVAL AUTHORITY
34	<b>SEC</b>	<b>FION 22.(a)</b> G.S. 89C-25 reads as rewritten:
35	"§ 89C-25. Lim	itations on application of Chapter.
36	This Chapter	shall not prevent the following activities:
37		
38	(6)	Practice by members of the Armed Forces of the United States; employees of
39		the government of the United States while engaged in the practice of
40		engineering or land surveying solely for the government on
41		government-owned works and projects; or practice by those employees of the
42		Natural Resources Conservation Service, county employees, or employees of
43		the Soil and Water Conservation Districts Districts, or employees of the
44		Division of Soil and Water Conservation of the Department of Agriculture
45		and Consumer Services who have federal engineering job approval authority
46		issued by the Natural Resources Conservation Service or the Soil and Water
47		Conservation Commission that involves the planning, designing, or
48		implementation of best management practices on agricultural lands.lands, or
49		for the planning, designing, or implementation of best management practices
50		approved for cost-share funding pursuant to programs identified in
51		G.S. 139-4(d)(9).

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	"	
	<b>SECTION 22.(b)</b> G.S. 139-3 is amended by adding a new subdivision	on to read:
	"(19) "Job approval authority" means the authority granted by the	Commission to
	Soil and Water Conservation District staff or employees of	the Division of
	Soil and Water Conservation of the Department of Agriculture	and Consumer
	Services who have demonstrated the appropriate knowledge, s	<u>kill, and ability</u>
	to plan, design, and certify the installation of best manage	ement practices
	approved for cost-share funding pursuant to programs <u>G.S. 139-4(d)(9).</u> "	identified in
	<b>SECTION 22.(c)</b> G.S. 139-4 reads as rewritten:	
	"§ 139-4. Powers and duties of Soil and Water Conservation Commission ge	enerally.
	(a) through (c) Repealed by Session Laws 1973, c. 1262, s. 38.	
	(d) In addition to the duties and powers hereinafter conferred upon the	Soil and Water
	Conservation Commission, it shall have the following duties and powers:	
	(14) To develop and implement a program for granting job appro	
	Soil and Water Conservation District staff and employees of	
	Soil and Water Conservation of the Department of Agriculture	
	Services to plan, design, and certify the installation of be	•
	practices approved for cost-share funding pursuant to program	ns identified in
	<u>G.S. 139-4(d)(9).</u>	
	PRESENT-USE VALUE DISQUALIFICATION EVENT NOTIFICATION	·
	SECTION 23.(a) G.S. 105-277.4 reads as rewritten:	
	"§ 105-277.4. Agricultural, horticultural and forestland – Application; application and the second statement of the second sta	nraisal at use
	value; <u>notice and appeal</u> ; deferred taxes.	praisar at use
	value, <u>nouce and appear</u> , deferred taxes.	
	(b1) <u>Notice and Appeal. – If the assessor determines that the property los</u>	es its eligibility
ł	for present-use value classification for a reason other than failure to file a time	
	required due to transfer of the land, the assessor shall provide written notice of	
	required by G.S. 105-296(i). The notice shall include the property's tax identifi	
	the specific reason for the disqualification, and the date of the decision. Decisions	
	regarding the qualification or appraisal of property under this section may be	
	county board of equalization and review or, if that board is not in session, to the	board of county
	commissioners. An appeal must be made within 60 days after date of the writte	en notice of the
	decision of the assessor. If an owner submits additional information to the asses	-
	G.S. 105-296(j), the appeal must be made within 60 days after the assessor's de	
	the additional information. Decisions of the county board may be appealed to the	e Property Tax
	Commission.	
	A new appeal to a decision of the assessor regarding the disqualification of pro	
	notice was received is not required to be submitted for subsequent tax years whi	
	that disqualifying event is outstanding. When a property's present-use value of	
	reinstated upon appeal of the disqualifying event, it is reinstated retroactive	to the date the
	classification was revoked, as provided under G.S. 105-296(j).	
	If, while an assessor's decision that a property has lost its eligibility for pr	
	classification is under appeal to the county board or to the Property Tax Commissi	
	determines that the property is no longer eligible for present-use value classifica	
	an additional disqualifying event independent of the one that is the basis of the under appeal, the assesses shall follow the notice and appeal procedure set for their	-
	under appeal, the assessor shall follow the notice and appeal procedure set forth in with regard to the subsequent disqualification.	uns subsection

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" SECT		1
SECI	<b>FION 23.(b)</b> This section is effective when it because	omes law.
CHANGE NAM	IE OF FOOD PROCESSING INNOVATION (	CENTER COMMITTEE
SECT	<b>FION 24.(a)</b> Section 10.24(a) of S.L. 2017-57 rea	nds as rewritten:
	10.24.(a) There is created the Food Processin	
	novation Lab Committee (Committee), which sha	•
-	nt of Agriculture and Consumer Services. The C	ommittee shall consist of 14
members, includi	ing:	
" SEC1	FION 24 (b) Section 10 24(b) of S. L. 2017 57 m	
	<b>FION 24.(b)</b> Section 10.24(h) of S.L. 2017-57 rea <b>10.24.(h)</b> This section expires January 1, 2025.20	
SECTION .	<b>10.24.(II)</b> This section expires January 1, $\frac{2025 \cdot 20}{20}$	20.
SOIL AND WA	TER CONSERVATION CONFIDENTIALITY	Y CHANGE
	<b>FION 25.(a)</b> Article 1 of Chapter 139 of the Ge	
adding a new sec	· · · · · ·	,,
"§ 139-8.2. Cert	tain information confidential.	
	formation that is collected by soil and water con	servation districts from farm
	wners, agricultural producers or owners of agricultural	
	State law shall be held confidential by the soil and	l water conservation districts,
including:		
<u>(1)</u>	Information provided by an agricultural producer	-
	concerning the agricultural operation, farming	-
	the land itself, in order to participate in soil and	
<u>(2)</u>	Geospatial information otherwise maintained by	
	lands or operations for which information description is provided	ibed in subdivision (1) of this
(b) This	subsection is provided. section shall not include applications for cost-sha	are assistance and associated
	nts that require the approval of the soil and wate	
	Conservation Commission."	in conservation district of the
	<b>FION 25.(b)</b> This section becomes effective Octo	ber 1 2019
<b>BLCI</b>		
	MITTING FOR CERTAIN SWINE FARM M	
CLARIFY PER	WITTING FOR CERTAIN SWINE FARM W	ODIFICATIONS
	<b>FION 27.</b> G.S. 143-215.10I reads as rewritten:	ODIFICATIONS
SECT "§ 143-215.10I.	<b>FION 27.</b> G.S. 143-215.10I reads as rewritten: <b>Performance standards for animal waste man</b>	agement systems that serve
SECT \$ 143-215.10I. swine	<b>FION 27.</b> G.S. 143-215.10I reads as rewritten: <b>Performance standards for animal waste man</b> <b>e farms; lagoon and sprayfield systems prohibit</b>	agement systems that serve
SEC7 \$ 143-215.10I. swine (a) As us	<b>FION 27.</b> G.S. 143-215.10I reads as rewritten: <b>Performance standards for animal waste man</b> <b>e farms; lagoon and sprayfield systems prohibit</b> ed in this section:	agement systems that serve ed.
SEC7 \$ 143-215.10I. swine	<b>FION 27.</b> G.S. 143-215.10I reads as rewritten: <b>Performance standards for animal waste man</b> <b>e farms; lagoon and sprayfield systems prohibit</b> ed in this section: "Anaerobic lagoon" means a lagoon that treats	agement systems that serve ed.
SEC7 \$ 143-215.10I. swine (a) As us	<b>FION 27.</b> G.S. 143-215.10I reads as rewritten: <b>Performance standards for animal waste man</b> <b>e farms; lagoon and sprayfield systems prohibit</b> ed in this section: "Anaerobic lagoon" means a lagoon that treats carbon dioxide, methane, ammonia, and other	agement systems that serve ed. s waste by converting it into gaseous compounds; organic
SEC7 "§ 143-215.10I. swine (a) As us (1)	<b>FION 27.</b> G.S. 143-215.10I reads as rewritten: <b>Performance standards for animal waste man</b> <b>e farms; lagoon and sprayfield systems prohibit</b> ed in this section: "Anaerobic lagoon" means a lagoon that treats carbon dioxide, methane, ammonia, and other acids; and cell tissue through an anaerobic proce	agement systems that serve ed. s waste by converting it into gaseous compounds; organic ess.
SEC7 "§ 143-215.10I. swine (a) As us	<b>FION 27.</b> G.S. 143-215.10I reads as rewritten: <b>Performance standards for animal waste man</b> <b>e farms; lagoon and sprayfield systems prohibit</b> ed in this section: "Anaerobic lagoon" means a lagoon that treats carbon dioxide, methane, ammonia, and other acids; and cell tissue through an anaerobic proce "Anaerobic process" means a biological treatme	agement systems that serve ed. s waste by converting it into gaseous compounds; organic ess.
SEC7 "§ 143-215.10I. swine (a) As us (1) (2)	<b>FION 27.</b> G.S. 143-215.10I reads as rewritten: <b>Performance standards for animal waste man</b> <b>e farms; lagoon and sprayfield systems prohibit</b> ed in this section: "Anaerobic lagoon" means a lagoon that treats carbon dioxide, methane, ammonia, and other acids; and cell tissue through an anaerobic proces "Anaerobic process" means a biological treatme absence of dissolved oxygen.	agement systems that serve ed. s waste by converting it into gaseous compounds; organic ess. ent process that occurs in the
SEC7 "§ 143-215.10I. swine (a) As us (1) (2) (3)	FION 27. G.S. 143-215.10I reads as rewritten: Performance standards for animal waste man farms; lagoon and sprayfield systems prohibit ed in this section: "Anaerobic lagoon" means a lagoon that treats carbon dioxide, methane, ammonia, and other acids; and cell tissue through an anaerobic proce "Anaerobic process" means a biological treatment absence of dissolved oxygen. "Lagoon" has the same meaning as in G.S. 106-	agement systems that serve red. s waste by converting it into gaseous compounds; organic ess. ent process that occurs in the 802.
SEC7 "§ 143-215.10I. swine (a) As us (1) (2) (3) (4)	FION 27. G.S. 143-215.10I reads as rewritten: Performance standards for animal waste mane farms; lagoon and sprayfield systems prohibite ed in this section: "Anaerobic lagoon" means a lagoon that treats carbon dioxide, methane, ammonia, and other acids; and cell tissue through an anaerobic proces "Anaerobic process" means a biological treatment absence of dissolved oxygen. "Lagoon" has the same meaning as in G.S. 106-"Swine farm" has the same meaning as in G.S. 1	agement systems that serve red. s waste by converting it into gaseous compounds; organic ess. ent process that occurs in the 802. 106-802.
SECT "§ 143-215.10I. swine (a) As us (1) (2) (3) (4) (b) The C	<ul> <li>FION 27. G.S. 143-215.10I reads as rewritten:</li> <li>Performance standards for animal waste mane farms; lagoon and sprayfield systems prohibite ed in this section:</li> <li>"Anaerobic lagoon" means a lagoon that treats carbon dioxide, methane, ammonia, and other acids; and cell tissue through an anaerobic proces</li> <li>"Anaerobic process" means a biological treatmer absence of dissolved oxygen.</li> <li>"Lagoon" has the same meaning as in G.S. 106-"Swine farm" has the same meaning as in G.S. 1</li> </ul>	agement systems that serve red. s waste by converting it into gaseous compounds; organic ess. ent process that occurs in the 802. 106-802. o authorize the construction,
SEC7 "§ 143-215.10I. swine (a) As us (1) (2) (3) (4) (b) The C operation, or exp	FION 27. G.S. 143-215.10I reads as rewritten: Performance standards for animal waste mane farms; lagoon and sprayfield systems prohibite ed in this section: "Anaerobic lagoon" means a lagoon that treats carbon dioxide, methane, ammonia, and other acids; and cell tissue through an anaerobic proces "Anaerobic process" means a biological treatment absence of dissolved oxygen. "Lagoon" has the same meaning as in G.S. 106-"Swine farm" has the same meaning as in G.S. 106-Dommission shall not issue or modify a permit to part of a name animal waste management system to part of a name animal wast	agement systems that serve red. s waste by converting it into gaseous compounds; organic ess. ent process that occurs in the 802. 106-802. o authorize the construction, that serves a swine farm that
SEC7 "§ 143-215.10I. swine (a) As us (1) (2) (3) (4) (b) The C operation, or exp employs an anae	<ul> <li>FION 27. G.S. 143-215.10I reads as rewritten:</li> <li>Performance standards for animal waste mane farms; lagoon and sprayfield systems prohibite ed in this section:</li> <li>"Anaerobic lagoon" means a lagoon that treats carbon dioxide, methane, ammonia, and other acids; and cell tissue through an anaerobic proces</li> <li>"Anaerobic process" means a biological treatment absence of dissolved oxygen.</li> <li>"Lagoon" has the same meaning as in G.S. 106-"Swine farm" has the same meaning as in G.S. 105-</li> <li>"Swine farm" has the same meaning as in G.S. 105-</li> <li>"Sommission shall not issue or modify a permit to ansion of an animal waste management system of the problem of the primary method of treatment absence of the primary method of treatment absence of the primary method primary metho</li></ul>	agement systems that serve red. s waste by converting it into gaseous compounds; organic ess. ent process that occurs in the 802. 106-802. o authorize the construction, that serves a swine farm that and land application of waste
SECT "§ 143-215.10I. swine (a) As us (1) (2) (3) (4) (b) The C operation, or exp employs an anaec by means of a spin	FION 27. G.S. 143-215.10I reads as rewritten: Performance standards for animal waste mane farms; lagoon and sprayfield systems prohibite ed in this section: "Anaerobic lagoon" means a lagoon that treats carbon dioxide, methane, ammonia, and other acids; and cell tissue through an anaerobic proces "Anaerobic process" means a biological treatment absence of dissolved oxygen. "Lagoon" has the same meaning as in G.S. 106-"Swine farm" has the same meaning as in G.S. 106-Dommission shall not issue or modify a permit to part of a name animal waste management system to part of a name animal wast	agement systems that serve red. s waste by converting it into gaseous compounds; organic ess. ent process that occurs in the 802. 106-802. o authorize the construction, that serves a swine farm that and land application of waste The Commission may issue a

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managem unless:	ent sys	tem wi	ll meet or exceed all of the follo	wing performance standards:disposal
<u>unicos:</u>	(1)	The p	permitting action does not result in	n an increase in the permitted capacity
	<u></u>	-		nnual steady state live weight capacity
			e swine farm; or	
	(2)			nimal waste management system will
			or exceed all of the following per	
		<del>(1)<u>a.</u></del>	groundwater through direct disc	
		<del>(2)<u>b.</u></del>	Substantially eliminate atmosph	neric emission of ammonia.
		<del>(3)<u>c.</u></del>		ssion of odor that is detectable beyond
			the boundaries of the parcel or is located.	tract of land on which the swine farm
		<del>(4)<u>d.</u></del>	Substantially eliminate the release airborne pathogens.	ase of disease-transmitting vectors and
		<del>(5)<u>e.</u></del>	Substantially eliminate nutrient and groundwater."	and heavy metal contamination of soil
PREVEN	T GR	ANT F	UNDING DUPLICATION	
	SEC	ΓION 2	<b>8.(a)</b> G.S. 143-215.71 reads as re	ewritten:
'§ 143-21	<b>5.71.</b> ]	Purpose	es for which grants may be requ	lested.
<u>(a)</u>				nonfederal share of water resources
-	-			nts not to exceed the percentage of the
nonfedera	al costs	indicate	ed:	
	•••			
	(8)	•	-	ntal Quality Incentives Program – one
(1)	NT (		red percent (100%).	
<u>(b)</u>			-	(a) of this section, projects that are part
		-		gible for funding under this Part if they
G.S. 143E			i the Clean water Manage	ment Trust Fund established in
0.5. 1451			<b>8.(b)</b> G.S. 143B-135.238(d) read	s as rewritten.
"(d)				ler this Part for any of the following
ourposes:		ieuon.	The grant shan be awarded and	for this full tor any of the following
<u>p on p ob est</u>	<u>(1)</u>		_satisfy compensatory mitigation = 143-214.11.	requirements under 33 USC § 1344 or
	(2)			authorized by G.S. 143-215.71 for the
	<u></u>		ederal share of a grant under the	ne Environmental Quality Incentives
	SEC			mental Quality and the Department of
Natural ai			· · ·	Joint Legislative Oversight Committee
			<b>U U U</b>	ter than September 30, 2019, regarding
-				ent grant funding and Clean Water
				ty Incentives Program funding for the
				ents to improve administration of State
grants for			-	-
	-			
IMPROV			IANCE MANAGEMENT OF S	TATE GRANT FUNDS
	<b>ODO</b>	TION	<b>20</b> (a) The Department of E	nuinemmental Ouslitus shall develo

49 **SECTION 29.(a)** The Department of Environmental Quality shall develop 50 performance management procedures for projects funded as part of the Western Stream Initiative.

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1	These procedures	s shall include, at a minimum, the collection and reporting of the following
2		projects receiving grant funding:
3	(1)	Time to issue and act upon grant applications.
4	(2)	Time to process requests for payment.
5	(3)	Cost per grant administered.
6	(4)	Number of applicants reviewed, approved, and denied.
7	(5)	Number of grants administered.
8	(6)	Total grant dollars administered.
9	(7)	Total project cost for each project, including all funding sources, broken out
10	$(\prime)$	into the following categories:
11		a. Permitting cost.
12		b. Site assessment, design, and engineering.
13		c. Management and engineering.
14	(8)	Total linear feet of stream restored in each year.
15	(9)	Cost per linear foot of restored stream.
16	(10)	Reduction in sediment loading achieved.
17	, ,	<b>TON 29.(b)</b> The Department of Natural and Cultural Resources shall provide
18		t of Environmental Quality all of the measures set forth in subsection (a) of this
19	-	levant to funding for the Western Stream Initiative provided by the Clean Water
20	Management Tru	• • •
21		<b>TON 29.(c)</b> G.S. 143-215.72(d) is amended by adding a new subdivision to
22	read:	
23	" <u>(3)</u>	The Department shall annually report no later than November 1 to the Joint
24		Legislative Oversight Committee on Agriculture and Natural and Economic
25		Resources and the Fiscal Research Division regarding grants for projects
26		funded through the Western Stream Initiative. The report shall include
27		measures of grant administration and grant implementation efficiency and
28		effectiveness. For purposes of this subdivision, the "Western Stream
29		Initiative" refers to the portion of federal Environmental Quality Incentives
30		Program funding provided to the Western North Carolina Stream Initiative for
31		the counties of Alexander, Alleghany, Ashe, Avery, Buncombe, Burke,
32		Caldwell, Catawba, Cherokee, Clay, Cleveland, Graham, Haywood,
33		Henderson, Iredell, Jackson, Lincoln, Macon, Madison, McDowell, Mitchell,
34		Polk, Rutherford, Stokes, Surry, Swain, Transylvania, Watauga, Wilkes,
35		Yadkin, and Yancey."
36		
37		E AND FORESTRY AWARENESS DAIRY STUDY
38		<b>TON 30.</b> The Agriculture and Forestry Awareness Study Commission shall
39		ons available to support the dairy industry in North Carolina, including, but not
40		establishment of the North Carolina Milk Commission, the creation of a tax
41	1	oducers, the creation of a fund to make grants or loans to dairy operations for
42	-	provements, and the creation of a dairy promotion board or other marketing
43		a Carolina dairies within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
44	-	of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall assist the Commission in the
45		idy as requested by the Commission. The Commission shall report its findings
46		tions, including any legislative proposals, to the General Assembly by May 1,
47	2020.	
48		
49		Y CLAUSE AND EFFECTIVE DATE
50		<b>ION 31.(a)</b> If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person
51	or circumstances	is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications

## **General Assembly Of North Carolina**

- 1 of this act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and, to this end,
- 2 3 the provisions of this act are declared to be severable.
- **SECTION 31.(b)** Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes
- 4 law.